

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. ONE COPY ONE YEAR \$1.50 ONE COPY SIX MONTHS .80 cts ONE COPY THREE MONTHS 50 cts.

These Terms are strictly in advance, otherwise an additional 50 cents per year will be charged.

Entered at the post office at Marlinton, W. Va., as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Table with 4 columns: Line length (1 in., 3 in., 6 in., 1 yr.), and corresponding rates for one inch, three in., six in., and one year.

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

Marlinton, W. Va.

It is painful to hear that Davis City, Tucker county, was virtually swept away by fire, on Friday, the 12th inst. Seven large stores, two dwellings and an immense stock of lumber were consumed.

It seems now to be generally understood that there will be no change in government in Hawaii, unless President Dole voluntarily steps down and out, which is not at all probable from present appearances.

Mr. J. D. Mitchell, a hardware merchant of Bristol, Va., was fined one thousand dollars for carrying measles into Grayson county. He was not aware of having any chance of taking the disease.

It looks as if prospects for business and labor are improving. The reports of commercial agencies the past two weeks furnish intelligence of a hopeful character.

The Highland Recorder is deep in exercised over the defeat of Hon William McLaughlin in the recent election of Judges of the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia.

There is but one paper published within the Arctic Circle. It is the Eskimo Bulletin. The office is at Cape Prince of Wales, Alaska, 54° 40' Lat. It is issued once a year as there is practically but one mail during the year.

Mr. Populston, M. C. from Texas, is moving in the free cottage cause by introducing a free cottage

bill making the average price of gold and silver, for sixty days from Nov. 1, 1894, the legal ratio between the two metals, on and after Jan. 1, 1895.

The Senate it is believed will pass the Bill for the repeal of the Federal Election Laws, in two or three weeks.

DR. H. LEE, Veterinary Surgeon, Marlinton, W. Va. Treats all diseases of horses.

GREEN BANK.

News is scarce, and plenty. Mr. C. P. Kerr entered the G. B. M. & F. A. last week.

Mr. John McGlaughlin, of near Huntersville, passed through our village last Saturday, also Mr. Q. Poage, of Edray.

Dr. Little, of Huttonsville, has located in our village, boarding with Mr. J. H. Ralston.

Mr. J. A. Taylor, of Dunmore, was in our village Saturday enroute for Beverly.

Mr. Willis Burner, of Travelers Rest, was in this place Saturday. Mr. Ezra Waddell is having a house built.

FOR RENT.

My Tanyard with tools, etc., ready for work, for three years free of charge except repairing. Fine Location. Call on or address me at Green Bank, W. Va.

Respt., J. H. CURRY, JR.

ELK.

Mr Sherman Hill who has been visiting on Elk has returned to his home at Falling Spring.

Mr. Wash-Hill of Academy passed through Elk on his way to visit his son Forest who is teaching an interesting school on Dry Branch.

Mr Frank Robertson of Bath is on Elk.

Miss Allie McLaughlin has returned from a trip to Hillsboro.

Miss Lou Moore of Brown's Creek has enrolled as a pupil of the Slaty Fork school.

Those on the sick list are - Messrs. Sam Hannah, Clark Rider, Billy Jordan.

Rev. C. M. Sarver preached an interesting sermon here last Sun at 11 a. m.

Mr Sherman Gibson was over on business last week.

Mr. William Gibson is better at this writing.

The Gibson School, taught by Miss Verdie Clark, closed Friday with the usual exercises. Miss Clark has taught this school four terms in succession with much success. She is one of the best teachers in the county, and a faithful and earnest worker in the school room.

BUCKEYE.

Rev. W. T. Price preached a very interesting sermon Sunday.

A number of the people of this part attended the football game at Marlinton. Some of the boys became hilarious on the return.

The school at Rock Point taught by Miss Joanna Silva, closed Friday. Miss Silva returned to her home near Mill Point Saturday.

Misses Belle and Adda Armstrong were visiting near Lobelia last week.

Mr. William C. McNeill is suffering from a severe cold and cough.

At a Birthday Party last Thursday night given by Mrs. Melissa Lemming for the benefit of her adopted daughter, there were present seventeen boys and not a girl, so the boys amused themselves for a spell and went home.

ANONYMOUS.

FAT FOLKS Reduced 10 to 25 pounds per month. By using our... Fat Folks... 22 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

CLUBBING RATES. THE REGISTER AND THE TIMES \$2 for both papers.

We will offer to those paying up back subscription to the TIMES and a year in advance or any subscriber who advances his subscription one year from this or later date, both the above papers one year for \$2.00.

The Register contains 12 pages per week of carefully selected reading matter.

REWARD.

The County Court of Pocahontas county, W. Va., by its order entered of record, offers a reward of \$100.00 for the apprehension and conviction of each person who robbed Andrew Dilley in the month of October, 1893. Also a like sum for apprehension and conviction of each person who robbed Capt. A. M. Edgar in this month.

NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to us by bond or a/c are respectfully invited to call at our place of business and settle up. We must have money.

Respectfully, Jan. 1, 1894. MOORE & HANNAH.

NOTICE.

I have sold out my entire stock of goods to Mr. A. L. Dilley, of Dilley's Mill. All parties knowing themselves to be indebted to me by store account, will please come forward and settle with him at once as he was my salesman.

Respt. W. H. Dilley.

HOTEL BYRD.

The hotel Marlinton by A. Yeager has recently changed hands and is now under new management.

RATES.

Meals 25c Per day \$1.00 & 1.25 Per month \$15.00 Table board \$12.00

Special arrangements can be made with visiting lawyers for rooms as offices during the courts.

THE STABLE

has been thoroughly cleaned and fixed up, and is in charge of a competent man. Special arrangements can be made for keeping horses.

Marlinton. A. M. Byrd, Prop.

MARLINTON HOUSE.

Located near Court House.

Terms.

per day 1.00 per meal 25 lodging 25

Good accommodations for horses at 25 cents per feed.

Special rates made by the week or month

C. A. YEAGER, PROP



HE MISSE THE OPPORTUNITY! DON'T MISS IT!... PILES... 22 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Price & Smith Prescription Druggists, Marlinton, West Virginia. DEALERS IN

Pure Drugs, Medicines, Patent medicines, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, ETC., ETC

prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day and night. A competent Pharmacist will have charge of the Prescription Department.

We invite every body and promise close prices and polite attention.

E. A. Smith & Son's Old Stand.

WEST VA. UNIVERSITY. The Chief Educational Institution OF THE STATE. Sixteen Professors and Teachers. A Preparatory Department, a Classical Course, a Scientific Course, an Agricultural Course, Courses in Civil and Mining Engineering, and Mechanical Engineering, a Military Department, a Law Department, and a Gymnasium.

FOR FALL AND WINTER OF 1893:

NOTICE. To my patrons: I have just arrived from the Eastern markets with a full line of goods. Every thing complete for fall and winter season.

CALL AND EXAMINE my all wool heavy Kerseys 29 in. wide at 50c. Also a complete line OF FINE DRESS GOODS Henrietts, Cashmeres, Flannels, Storm Serges, and Bedford Cord's at 18c to \$1.25 per yard.

\$700 00 CLOTHING \$700 00

\$700 worth of clothing at panic prices.

Rubber goods bought outside the combination. Gentlemen's Underwear, large assortment, all prices: 4 doz. pr. each all wool scarlet Shirts and Drawers at below cost of manufacture - 72c per pair.

Many thanks for past patronage.

P. Goldin, Edray, W. Va

INSURE NOW.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co. MILWAUKIE, WISCONSIN,

Offers the cheapest and best insurance of any of the Old Line Companies.

Assets January 1 1893 \$56,236,089 12 Surplus January 1 1893 \$ 9,467,384 54

A PURELY U.S. COMPANY

Transacting a larger business than any other purely American company.

Its dividends the largest of any life company in the World.

Proved by hundreds of comparisons with other leading companies.

Rates at the Times Office.

The Old Reliable DEWARD 120 N 9th ST ST. LOUIS, MO. ESTABLISHED 18 years. Treats male or female, married or single, in cases of exposure, abuse, excess or impropriety. GUARANTEED. Board and apartments furnished when desired. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS Purely Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicists recommend it. All dealers sell it. Gentle laxative made and brewed in red lines on wrapper. FOR DYSPEPSIA Use Brown's Iron Bitters. Physicians recommend it. All dealers keep it. 25c per bottle. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. FREE TRIAL. A package of our treatment... CANCER AND OTHER

The seven latest arrivals in Marlinton are boys.

The funeral of Mr Samuel Aubridge will be preached at the Maria Church on the 11th of Feb. by Rev. C. Sydenstricker.

Two bills looking to railway connection between the two Virginias have been introduced in the Virginia Legislature; one by Senator C. P. Jones, the other by Senator Harnsbarger, of Rockingham.

Mr. J. W. Bever, the fine photographer, has returned from Philadelphia, where he has been to observe the latest fads of his profession. He will be at Academy for some weeks.

Mr. J. B. Piles of Beaver Creek was robbed of ten dollars last week. Some burglars entered his house and went through his pocket-book. They failed to discover another ten dollar bill in the same pocket-book. His little daughter heard them but was too frightened to give the alarm.

Constable J. H. Buzzard of the Huntersville District came home last week with about \$300 which he had collected. That night his two dogs stood two men off for two hours. Mr. Buzzard dropped his pocketbook out of the window in a rosebush. The dogs were fierce, and the men left without making an entrance.

Six new cases of smallpox are reported in Lewisburg, some among the negroes. Guards should be placed on all roads from Greenbrier county in this direction, and a quarantine be strictly established. Some Pocahontas negroes are known to be in Lewisburg. These should be warned that they will be jailed if they come back without the permission of the guards. Maj. J. C. Arbogast, Dr. Lockridge and George W. Callison, together with the County Court and States Attorney, compose the the County Board of Health.

Mr. Clark Wooddell was seriously injured in a wreck on the Price Hill, coming into this place on Tuesday. In a sharp turn the horses became detached from the wagon, and the wagon running on the bank on the other side of the road, upset, and in falling caught Mr. Wooddell underneath. His daughter, Miss Ida, was in the wagon with him and fell on him also. She is suffering from the shock. His hip is fractured and dislocated. He is lying at Jas. H. Price's place.

Governor McCorkle has received a letter from John A. McNeel, of Rockbridge county, Va., asking him to offer a reward for the apprehension of desperadoes who have been terrorizing portions of Pocahontas and Greenbrier counties, by various deeds of lawlessness, chiefly housebreaking. It seems that it is known that two men are the authors of the crimes, though their identity is a mystery. The Governor will not offer the reward.—Kanawha Gazette.

Last Sunday a small species of grasshopper was seen hopping about. The little fellow was green in color, and if what the fable says of grasshoppers be true, his must have been a green old age. This is a remarkable winter with butterflies at Christmas and grasshoppers in January. A good many days have been so warm that people have sat out doors in the afternoon. Handkerchiefs have been blowing, and the rose bushes are venturing a trifle in putting out leaves. They may burst in the venture. A noddy young man a hour town is wearing socks.

Huntersville, and tack eleven miles to the Lewisburg route and six to that from the Warm Springs. It is as like the circumlocution department to have mail come four miles the first day from Rouseverte to Lewisburg, thirty to Hillsboro the next, eleven to Marlinton next, four to Edray next, eight to Clover Lick the fifth day after leaving the railroad. Kingdoms as well as letters have been lost in less time than that.

Last week some parties called at a certain house in town about 2 a. m., and the proprietor was very much alarmed as he thought of the recent robberies and was sometime in deciding whether he should risk his safety by answering the call. On coming out though he found that they only wished to inquire the way to the County Clerk's residence. Following his direction they aroused that official, who showed much courage in answering the summons. He was informed that a marriage license was required at once, which was issued forthwith. The parties had come some twenty five miles to obtain the "papers."

PERSONAL.

Messrs. Levi G. y, L. M. McClintock and Albert Gnuther are attending the Beverly court.

Mr. Purry, who has the brick contract of the new court house, will begin work with a large force early in the spring.

Miss Maud Yeager and Miss Liza Arbogast were down from Green Bank this week.

Mr. Arthur Lawson was one of the football players from Mingo last week. He has purchased of Mr. Charles Bruce the place "Dunhu," one of the finest farms in Randolph county. He is a son of Sir Wilfred Lawson, known the world over as an advocate of the cause of temperance. Mr. Lawson, himself, it is said, partakes of his father's principles.

Mr. Charles Byrd has been stopping at his brother's hotel.

Mr. Hazelrigg, one of Mingo forwards, was a notable player in the football match, and being a stranger, was referred to by the crowd as "Sullivan," to the perfect understanding of all.

The Englishmen left our village as they found it, with this exception that among our people there is, if possible, a kinder feeling towards the courteous gentlemen who have come so far to make their homes among West Virginian hills about Mingo.

JOHN W. WA WICK, ESQ.

It becomes our mournful duty to announce the decease of John W. Warwick, Esq., of Edray, for a half century a public spirited and useful citizen of our county.

He died of hemorrhage on the evening of the 18th inst at the home of Mr. E. N. Moore, near Dunmore, aged about 76 years. Mr. Warwick's influence has been on the side of morality, intelligence and public improvement as long as he lived.

He was a member of the court under the old regime, assessor of lands under the new, commissioner of school lands, and served at various times on important duties assigned by the courts.

Some years since he avowed his faith in Christ, and some months ago, he was ordained ruling elder in the Marlinton Presbyterian Church.

He bore the recent death of son George, with a degree of Christian resignation that was very comforting to his friends.

His health has been declining for the past two or three years, and therefore his death was not the surprise it might otherwise have been.

With his family and many friends his name will be cherished with all their hearts can give—their praises and their tears.

4:0

MINGO WINS IN THE Great Foot Ball Match.

Almost International

A British Team Has, at last, Played against an American Team.

The foot ball game of last Saturday between the Mingo Foot Ball Club and the Marlinton Club resulted in a victory for the former, with the score of four goals to none.

All the country side came to witness the game in which the chivalry of England met, let us hope, the flower of America.

The game was called at 1.30 p. m. and Mingo, winning the toss, chose the northern goal. Then followed a reign of confusion for Marlinton.

In casting about to find that to which our defeat may be ascribed, we have decided to say, that in spite of the stout-hearted assertions of many friends that it would be but an easy task to win, our men were somewhat overawed by the strangers, and in the first half-hour four goals were kicked by Mingo in sickening succession.

Marlinton's faces wore the just as-I expected expression, that showed that the incitations to victory had been futile.

At this time, as we recollect it, Capt. Montgomery, of Mingo, after having rushed through a knot of Marlinton players scattering them as chaff, etc., fell in the mud, which was very deep. It was then that the Marlintons, seeing one of the hitherto invincibles down, set their mouths hard and no more scoring was done in that half.

At the end of the three-quarters the Marlinton got the goal from which the wind was blowing a stiff breeze, and during that half no scoring was done.

At the end of the game Marlinton was elated that the goals were not counted by dozens as they had reason to believe they would by the disastrous beginning.

The game was made interesting by individual playing.

Of the visiting team Mr. Montgomery's head-work was very great.

Messrs. Hebden and Marshall, the fullbacks, kicking, was "clear out of sight."

Mr. Hazelrigg, the largest man on the ground, made the longest run with the ball, and at all times pressed hard on the field.

Goal keeper Fennell waited in vain for his goal to need defending, with almost a look of discontent on his noble visage.

Hon. William Langworthy used his feet with delicacy and precision. Mr. Larkins performed the juggling trick of a try at goal over his own head with wonderful success.

With the home team, with the exception of two or three, all may be classed as defenders, as their playing was to repel the terrific charges that fell to their lot.

Mr. J. H. G. Wilson, the great Oxford player, found it impossible to score from any of his remarkable plays, battling as he was with the mud and not being well supported by other forwards.

The writer received a hard heavy ball on the head which left him in a dazed condition, having only received starlight on the subject.

Norman Price butted the ball like a true descendant of a hard-headed race.

Pat Simmons performed the somewhat difficult feat of falling with both ends up.

The mud was too deep for our two hundred and thirty pounder, and so he was not played.

The game was played under the Association Rules of 1894. Mr. Jack Langworthy made an alert and capable umpire. The players were:

Table with 4 columns: Names, Weights, Names, Weights. Lists players for Mingo F. T. and Marlinton F. T. including W. Montgomery, A. Price, A. Hazlerigg, etc.

The return match will be played at Mingo Flats on February 10.

Just received at E. L. Beard & Co a carload of salt at \$2.25, cash, per sack.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE. Office of Commissioner W. H. Grose, Huntersville, W. Va.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that in pursuance to an order of reference entered in the chancery cause of S. P. Patterson et als.

J. W. Dilley et als. made at the October term of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, on the 19th day of October 1893,

I will at my office in the town of Huntersville, W. Va., on the 5th day of February, 1894

proceed to take, state and report the following matters of account: 1st.—An account showing the amounts and priorities of the plaintiffs debts against the defendant J. W. Dilley.

2d.—A statement showing whether the rents and profits of the 138 acres of the land in the bill mentioned will satisfy the plaintiffs debts in five years.

3d.—Any other matter deemed pertinent by the Commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated.

At which time and place you may attend. W. H. GROSE, Commissioner.

You will never go to the World's Fair now, in a literal sense, but you may figuratively by getting Bancroft's book of the Fair published in twenty-five parts at a dollar a part. Any part makes the finest book in the world.

BANCROFT COMPANY, A Station Building, Chicago, Ill.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE of taking Account. Office of Commissioner W. H. Grose, Huntersville, W. Va.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that in pursuance of an order of reference to the undersigned commissioner in the Chancery cause of M. J. McNeel

vs. Lanty W. Herold made at the October term of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county on the 18th day of October 1893, I will at my office in the town of Huntersville, West Va., on the 13th day of February, 1894, proceed to take, state, and report the following matter of account.

1st. All the liens or other incumbrances upon the lands of the defendant Lanty W. Herold, with the amounts and priorities thereof, and to whom due.

2nd. An account showing whether or not the rents and profits of the real estate subject to the liens and incumbrances will satisfy them in five years.

3rd. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated. At which time and place you can attend.

W. H. GROSE, Commissioner. January 11 '94-4 75.5

Notice to Lien Holders.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise on the real estate or any part thereof of Lanty W. Herold. In pursuance to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the real estate of the said Lanty W. Herold to the satisfaction of the liens thereon you are required to present all claims held by you and each of you against the said Lanty W. Herold, which are liens on his real estate, or any part of it, for adjudication to me at my office in the town of Huntersville, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on or before the 12th day of February, 1894.

Given under my hand this 16th day of January, 1894. W. H. GROSE, Commissioner.

Many Persons are broken down from overwork or household care. Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes causes of bile, and cures indigestion, flatulence, and the nervous system.

PREACHING APPOINTMENTS AT THE MARLINTON CHURCH. 1st. and 3rd. Sundays at 11 a. m. Rev. W. T. Price. 2nd. Sunday at 11 a. m., Rev. W. H. Hart. 3rd. Sunday 7 p. m., and 4th Sunday at 11 a. m. by Rev. C. M. Sarver. 2d. Sunday at 3 p. m. by Rev. C. S. Morgan.

Prayer-meeting Wednesday night at 7 o'clock. Choir practice, Friday night at 8 p. m. C. Z. HEVNER'S, BLACKSMITHING AND WAGON REPAIRING establishment. MARLINTON, W. VA.

Shops situated at the Junction of Main Street and Dusty Avenue, opposite the POST OFFICE. WM. A. FRAZIER M D Practice limited to the EYE, EAR, NOSE & THROAT.

Formerly Consulting Oculist and Aurist to the St. Louis City Hospital and Surgeon-in-charge of the Missouri Eye and Ear Infirmary, St. Louis. OFFICE:—Over Augusta National Bank Staunton, Va. June-1 yr.

PLASTERING BOYD B. BARTLETT, MARLINTON, W. VA.

Will undertake plastering in any part of the County. Contracts by the sq. yd. To furnish material, or otherwise.

Satisfaction GUARANTEED.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

FEED, LIVERY & SALE STABLE.

First rate teams and Saddle Horses provided.

HORSES FOR SALE AND HIRE.

Special accommodation for Stallions

A Limited Number of Horses Boarded.

All persons having horses to trade, are invited to call.

Young horses broken to ride & work. J. H. G. WILSON, MARLINTON, W. VA.

Hillsboro Male and Female Academy.

This school will open its 7th session MONDAY OCTOBER 2, 1893

under the management of Miss Anna Wallace and Mr. Davis Barlow.

with competent assistants. Miss Mary McNeel, an accomplished teacher will have charge of the Music Department.

Charges this year very reasonable. For particulars write to MISS ANNA WALLACE, Mill Point, W. Va.

WANTED. 15 A WEEK. ANY BODY, wanted as a week-end...

DR. DODD'S Cure for COLIC IN HORSES. GUARANTEED. Every owner of a horse should keep it on hand. It will save the life of a valuable animal. One package will cure right to the case. Price \$1.00. Sent by mail, or express. Our Account Book will be sent free to all who send for this medicine. DR. DODD'S COLIC CURE. 15 A WEEK.

January 25, 1894.

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Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

Marlinton, W. Va.

From the County Superintendent.

To the teachers of Pocahontas county

You are aware that the State Superintendent of free schools is required by law to, "prescribe a manual and graded course of primary instruction to be followed in the county and village schools of the State, arranging the order in which the several branches shall be taken up and studied, and the time to be devoted to them, respectively, with provisions for advancement from class to class, also for the examination and graduation of all pupils who satisfactorily complete the prescribed course."

In compliance with this law, State Superintendent, Virgil A. Lewis, has prepared such a course of study, and with the annual grade sheet to be used in connection therewith. I am delighted with the Course of Study, and can say with all sincerity that it is a practical and useful volume. It is just what we want in the public schools, and I hope that each and every teacher will organize and grade their schools according to this Course of study. When the Course of Study has been completely introduced into our schools it will certainly bring about a great reform in the educational work.

The public school system is a great business enterprise and it should be managed on business principles. No satisfactory results can be obtained from our schools without a systematic management, and I am of the opinion that no better plan can be adopted at this time than this graded course of study. It will be a benefit to both teacher and pupil.

Shall this Course of Study be successful? It will, and its success will be due to the active work of the teachers, and nobly will they do their part.

You will find the Manual and Graded Course of study in the hands of the District Secretaries, and I hope you will obtain the same as soon as possible.

With best wishes for the educational interests of Pocahontas county, and for your success as teachers I am, yours most obediently, Academy, W. Va. D. L. BARLOW. January 8, 1894.

For 100 cents or 4/4 quarters of a dollar, Capt. C. B. Swerker, the Silver Tongued Auctioneer, will send you a receipt for making the Homajous Ragical Tragical incomprehensible non-explosible compound extract of double distilled nitrate toilet soap.

Talk about your astronomical calculation and scientific investigation, but the man who invented this soap studied for four hundred years, as he dove into the deep, dark mysteries of chemical analysis he solved the problem that no man or woman born could be an honest

A small... it is illuminated with the balm of a thousand flowers, one drop will make you smell good from now till after Christmas. Ill guarantee it to remove tar, pitch, paint, oil, varnish, axlegrease from your clothing, stains from your conscience, pimples from your face, dandruff from your head, tobacco from your shirt front.

It will enamel your teeth, strengthen your nerves, make your breath smell sweet, purify your blood, curl your bangs, (or hair), relax your muscles, and put a smile on your face as long as down East cow track. Time will never wear it away, its a sure cure for bald heads, scald heads, bloody noses, chapped hands and dirty feet. All for ten dimes or twenty nickels.

Address, THE GAS WORKS, Dunmore, W. Va.

LADIES Seeding a tonic, or children that want building up, should take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, and Biliousness. All dealers keep it.

WEEKLY REGISTER.

PUBLISHED AT WHEELING, W. VA.

The Farmer's Friend. A Home Companion. The Best Story Paper.

Has already the Largest Circulation of any Newspaper in the Two Virginia, Ohio, or Western-Pennsylvania The Great Twelve-Page Weekly.

Its woman's and Children's columns are of unusual domestic interest.

Its Special Features cost more money than is paid by ANY TEN other papers in the same territory.

Its news columns cover the world Bill Nye writes for it: Dr. Talmage preaches for it: Wallace Reed and Rudyard Kipling, Richard Malcom Johnson, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, Julian Hawthorn, K. R. Wilson, Rider Haggard, Olive Harper, Nym Crinkle, and the best literary genius of the world contribute to its columns. It is a magazine! And every issue an educator.

Only \$1.00 A Year! Agents wanted in every locality. Money for agents in working for it. Send for sample copies. Send six names giving the addresses of yourself and five neighbors who want free copies. Write for agents terms. Clubs of six for Five Dollars. Address, THE REGISTER, WHEELING, W. VA.

For Sale!

The U. S. McNeill build- at Marlinton, W. Va.

Consisting of large and commodious store room, ware room, and four living rooms upstairs; and a stable.

Also the old store house now occupied by A. S. McNeill—3 rooms and a kitchen.

About two years future ground-rent contracted for; buildings are owned as personal property with privilege to remove.

Interested parties are requested to call early on the undersigned.

D. T. & J. B. McNeill, Jany. 16, 1894. Assignees.

LOST.

Between Mr. Abel Hoovers on Back Mountain, and Traveller's Bepose, on Jan. 10th, a set of teeth, ten in number, inserted on a vulcanic rubber plate. If the finder will address "Subscriber," care Times Office, he will be liberally rewarded. "SUBSCRIBER."

NOTICE.

The firm of E. A. Smith & Son having dissolved partnership, and Dr. J. W. Price entering the new firm, Price and Smith, we take this means of thanking you for their kindness, and recommend to them, our successors.

The business will be carried on on the same principle as before; that is—"Cheap & Sure."

Being the first of the year, all the accounts of the firm will be settled at once, and the accounts can be found in the hands of E. L. Day at the store of Price & Smith.

I have on my place a small yearling heifer, red, with small white spot on either side behind the shoulder. No ear mark or other brand. Has been there about two months. The owner may have the above described property by paying the cost of keeping and advertising.

W. McCLINTIC.

M. F. GIESEY

Hobbitot and Suprintndnt. Room, 19, Reilly Block, Wheeling, W. Va.

DAY'S

HORSE AND GATTLE POWDERS.

Good for all Diseases of HORSES, CATTLE, CHICKENS, TURKEYS, HOGS, SHEEP etc.

FOR SALE BY E. A. SMITH & SON.

Fire! Fire! Fire!

Insured against loss in the

Peabody Insurance Company.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Incorporated March, 1869.

Cash Capital \$100,000.00.

N. C. McNEIL, MARLINTON W. VA.

Ag't for Pocahontas County.

NOTICE.

Having enlarged my shop and employed the celebrated workman James Elhin Gam of Highland Co., I am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing on short order and to the most workmanlike manner. In making repairs on machinery, tonnage and hoping for a continuance of the same, I remain,

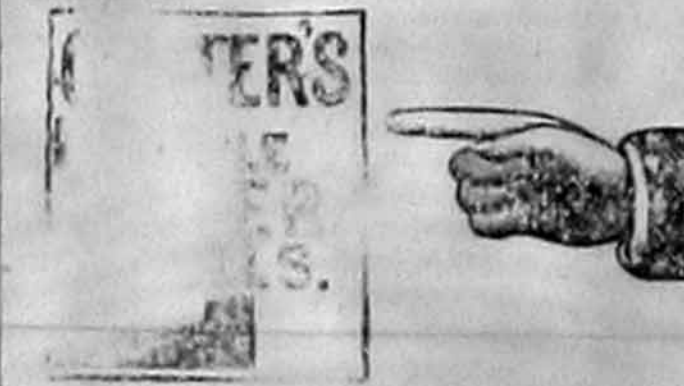
Yours Respt., HUNTERVILLE, W. VA. W. GINGER.

Dr. Rush's Belts & Appliances

An electro-galvanic battery embedded into medicated Belts, Suspensories, Spinal Appliances, Abdominal Supporters, Vests, Drawers, Office Caps, Isoisols, etc.

Cures Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Errors of Youth, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Sexual Weakness, and all Troubles in Male or Female. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write.

Volta-Medica Appliance Co., 322 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.



CURE

Rich Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Constipation, Distress after eating, Pain in the bowels. While their most remarkable effects are shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet... Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in curing and preventing this and other ailments, while they also correct the liver and stimulate the liver and cure if they only cured

Advertisement for Little Liver Pills, mentioning relief from various ailments.



Advertisement for SYPHILIS treatment, mentioning '33000' and 'THE GREAT HUMANITY'.

SELLERS' Liver Pill.

It is simply marvellous how quickly constipation, biliousness, and sickheadache are cured by "Sellers Liver Pills."

14,000 BOXES SOLD BY ONE DRUGGIST

THE KEELY CURE.

FOR DRUNKENNESS OPIUM CHLORAL COCAINE NERVOUS PROSTRATION TOBACCO AND CIGARETTE HABITS.

The Keely Institute at Charleston, West Virginia, gives the GENUINE KEELY EMBODIES and they are administered by physicians who are not only skillful in their professions but who have had a thorough course of instruction at the parent Institute at Dwight.

For full information, regarding Sanitarium treatment and Home Treatment, send to

THE KEELY INSTITUTE,

Charleston, W. Va., or Wheeling, W. Va.

JUDGE W. H. DODGE, President C. A. BARNES, Vice-President and Treas. LEGAGE CRATT, Secretary and General Manager. M. B. BOONE, M. D., Chief Medical Director.

Officers of THE KEELY INSTITUTE COMPANY of West Virginia, controlling all Keely Institutes in the State.

RUPTURES CURED!

25 Years' Experience in treating all varieties of Rupture enables us to guarantee a positive cure. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write.

VOLTA-MEDICA APPLIANCE CO., 322 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

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Reduced 15 to 25 pounds per month. No starving, no inconvenience, no bad results, no nauseous drugs. Treatment perfectly harmless and strictly confidential. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. DR. H. B. BUTTS, 322 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE OLD DOCTOR'S Cotton Root Pills

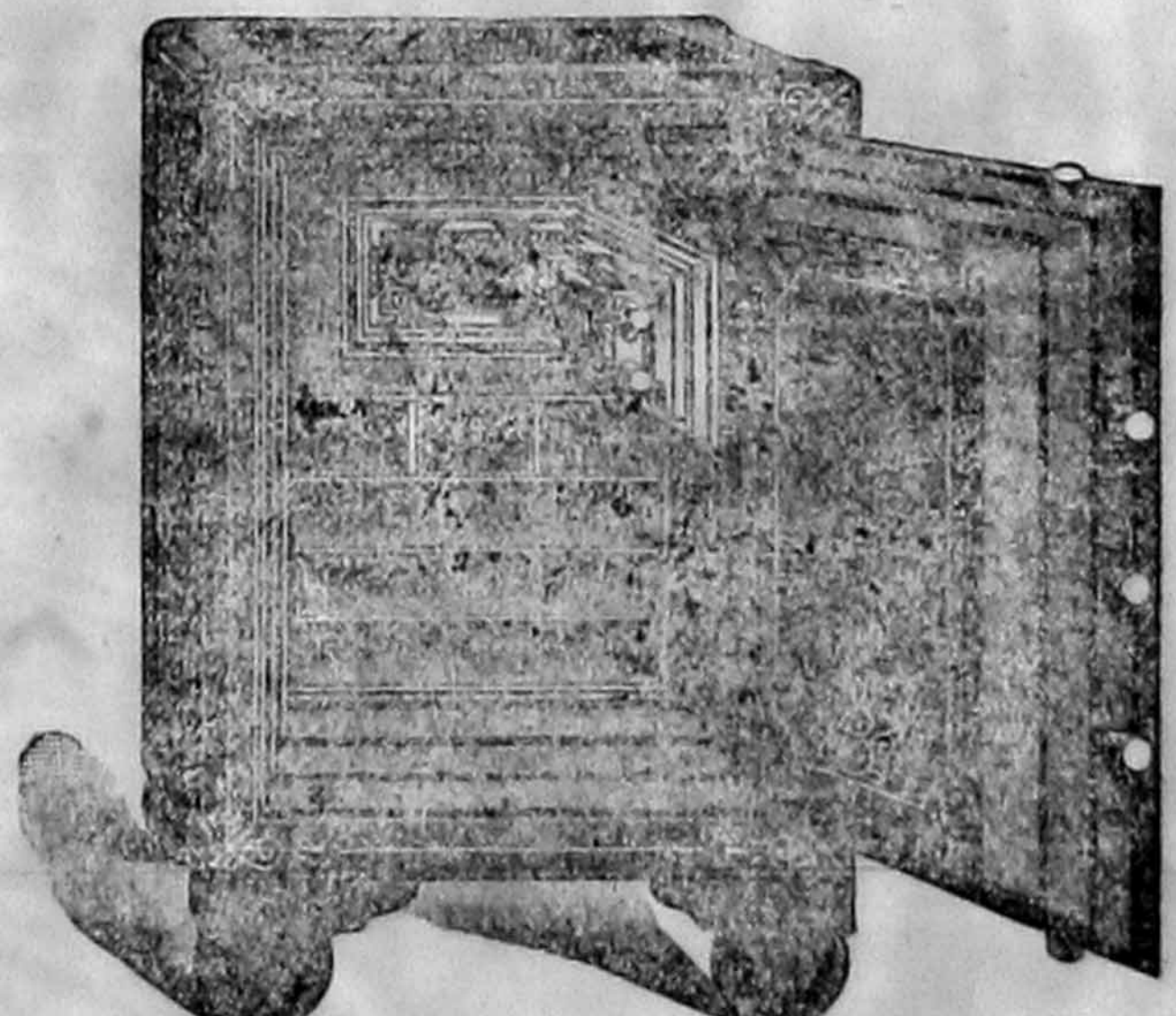
LADIES' FAVORITE. The most delicate and perfectly safe. The pills used by thousands of women all over the world. In the OLD DOCTOR'S private mail boxes, for all parts, and not a single bad result. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. DR. H. B. BUTTS, 322 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

CANCER

AND OTHER MALIGNANT DISEASES CURED without the use of knife. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. DR. H. B. BUTTS, 322 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Herring-Hall-Marvin Co.

STANDARD SAFES.



HERRING-HALL-MARVIN CO'S SAFES ARE THE BEST.

Repairing and Putting on Combination Locks, ALSO

A Large Line of SECOND HAND SAFES in First Class Order.

SAFES SOLD ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.

FACTORIES: Cincinnati, New York, Philadelphia. Principal Office, Cincinnati, Ohio.

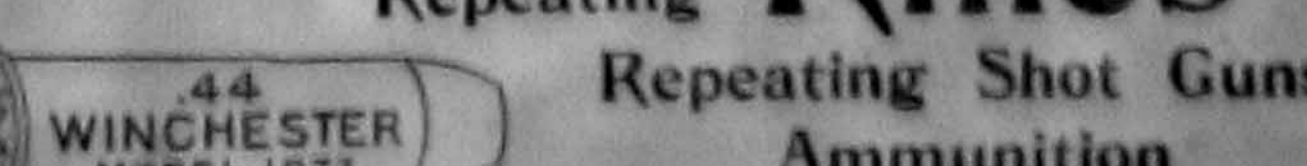
SALESROOMS: New York City; Portland, Me.; Boston; Philadelphia; Cleveland; Chicago; Louisville; St. Louis; Kansas City; Omaha; Minneapolis; St. Paul; New Orleans; San Francisco; Los Angeles; San Diego; Portland, Oreg.; Nashville, Tenn.; Richmond, Va.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Evansville, Ind.; Atlanta, Ga.

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44 WINCHESTER MODEL 1873

History of Pocahontas County

Geart, A. N. Campbell, Ormer, L. M. McClintic, J. C. Arbogast, Robt. K. Barna, S. L. Brown, J. H. Patterson, C. O. Arbogast, C. E. Beard, G. M. Kee, Amos Barlow, Geo. Baxter, Geo. P. Moore.

COURTS.

convenes on the first H. Wed Tuesday in June in October. convenes on the 1st January, March, October Friday in July July is

ATTORNEY AT-LAW.

Marlinton, West Va. in the Courts of Pocahontas Counties, and in Appeals of the State of

NOTIC.

Attorney-at-Law, Huntersville, W. Va. in the courts of Pocahontas counties and in Appeals.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Huntersville, W. Va. in the courts of Pocahontas and in the Supreme court

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WHO ARE THE HERETICS?

A Question Which the Business Men of the Country Will Decide. Washington Post.

In the debate on the coal schedule of the Wilson Bill on Tuesday Mr Alderson of West Virginia showed in a forcible way the absurdity of the position that it is Democratic heresy to oppose any of the features of the measure under consideration. In fact he made pretty clear that a duty on coal, which he was at the time advocating, far from being heresy, was in strict accordance with Democratic precedence and tradition, and among the sixty or more Democratic members who directly afterward voted for an amendment placing a duty on coal are the names of many gentlemen whose Democracy it is veritable impertinence to question or impugn. He quoted from Senator Gorman's speech, delivered in 1889, in which the distinguished Democrat declared that "there never was a Democratic statesman and never had been a president elected by the Democratic party, or Democratic Secretary of the Treasury, or a committee of either branch of Congress, that was controlled by Democrats, knowing that revenue must be raised from the tariff, who ever dreamed of putting coal upon the free list."

Mr. Alderson went on to show that no Democratic Senator or Representative from West Virginia had ever favored free coal; that five of the members of the present Ways and Means Committee were members of the committee which reported the Wilson bill retaining a duty of 75 cents per ton on coal. He read two paragraphs from Mr. Wilson's own speech, in which that gentleman proposed to present "such facts and figures as," in his opinion at that time, "would correct the inequality and discrimination of free coal."

The correctness of this assertion of Mr. Alderson that "the Democrats of this house who now favor a revenue duty upon coal have very good Democratic precedent and very good Democratic company in the position they now take," was emphasized by sixty-one Democrats who immediately voted for an amendment placing a duty on coal; and had the Republicans been as patriotic as they claimed to be consistent, that amendment would have prevailed. Mr. Alderson showed how any forced reduction in the price of coal for New England would affect not only the railroads, but through recoupment, the operators, and in turn the miners and that there would follow a reduction of the wages of railroad employees, and the inevitable increase in local freight rates, and so all the people would suffer by such folly.

He showed the absurdity of the claim of the Committee that coal is a raw material, asserting that when coal is laid down in the market more than 90 per cent of it is made up of labor, including trans-shipment, and that there is scarcely a finished product, in which such percentage of its value is made up of labor and transportation. If it was a heresy in the five members

every Democrat that has come to Congress from West Virginia from its admission into the Union until now—except Mr. Wilson, who alone has changed front. Mr. Alderson in further support of his position had a duty on coal was in strict conformity with Democratic precedent and tradition—quoted at length from a speech on this subject delivered by Senator Faulkner in 1889, Senator Faulkner's concluding words being the following:

I think it is a recognized fact by all those dealing with this subject, that 90 per cent of the cost of coal is labor. I claim therefore under the principles of the party to which I have the honor to belong, that in the reduction of the tariff duties in accordance with the views of that party, we should treat all the interests with fairness, and that as the duty on this industry has been reduced to an amount far greater than any other protected interest, since the inauguration of these high tariffs, it is unjust and unfair to ask us now, when it could result in increasing the profits of a few highly protected industries on the seacoast, that coal should be placed on the free list.

Senator Kenna, he declared had always entertained the same views. Referring to the claim that coal was a raw material, he pointed out the inconsistency of the Wilson bill in giving a duty of 40 cents to the cubic foot of rough marble, and 20 per cent ad valorem to freestone, granite, sandstone, limestone and other building or monumental stone. "If coal be a raw material what is limestone and building stone? He quoted from the prospectus of the "Dominion Coal Company, limited," to show how its theory of business contemplated the removal of duty on coal and the absorption of the New England market to the exclusion of the coal of West Virginia; quoting as follows:

It is estimated that if (the Dominion Coal Company) could coal free on board vessels at Louisburg Nova Scotia, for about \$1 a ton, probably cheaper than coal is shipped at any port in the world."

When coal is on board vessels at Louisburg, he explained it is as close to New England as West Virginia coal is after it has been hauled 400 miles by rail to the seacoast, and the ocean freight charges are as high from Newport News or Lambert's Point to Boston, or higher than from Louisburg to Boston. "Does any one suppose for an instant" he asked "that coal can be mined and transported 400 miles by rail for \$1 or even one \$1.50 per ton? As a matter of fact West Virginia coal actually costs, at the seaboard about \$2.20 a ton, leaving out profits to the operator and even interest on the money invested."

In conclusion he claimed that West Virginia is as much entitled to the New England market for her coal, as New England is entitled to the West Virginia market for its products protected under this bill by a duty of from 35 to 45 per cent; and some of the Democrats who are crying heresy most loudly now will find out when the business men of the country come to sit in judgment that some of the "heresies of today will be adjudged profoundly orthodox.

Pausanias, the old Greek writer of the Second Century, speaks of a plant which made those who swallowed its root laugh.

It has only recently been determined to what plant Pausanias alluded.

MARLINTON IN 1944.

Early in the spring of 1944 a tall and stylishly clad man drove through the streets of Marlinton and pausing at the door of the principal hotel of that famous town, shouted into the funnel-shaped transmitter to summon the hostler to relieve him of the supervision of a somewhat rusty electric motor, on which he had evidently traveled for some days.

"My good man," he said to the waiter, "conduct this locomotive to some sheltered place; remove, as far as possible, all signs of the rough usage received on these muddy roads, have that broken bolt replaced, and about noon wind up the mainspring well."

On entering the hotel the stranger deposited his baggage on the floor and wondered what would be the chance to get a drink in this town. At that moment a female figure passing caused him to walk to the window where he stood contemplating the scene. The damsel turned her face showing a complexion that vied in blackness with a keg of printers ink. The young man, with a disenchanted sigh, turned away, and his thoughts returned to their old channel. His distinguished mien and shining apparel proclaimed him to be a drummer.

"Ten miles to day" he soliloquized, "I wish I could leave that infernal machine and walk out of here. A man had better climb a tree.— He could make more time. This is a nice sort of town, too. Needs paint a little. This hotel can't have been painted in fifty years. If the town was concentrated a little more the houses would make a better show. Here comes a girl, by gum! No, old enough to be my mamma. Throws mud nobly though. I wonder what the deuce they are going to do with all these lots. They say that when they were first laid off they were marked with wooden stakes, but they rotted and had to be replaced by stones. Good job on those stones. Heard a name named Gunther of Wheeling got the job and he put them in to stay. Have to white-washed every spring, they want them to look white. I wonder what sort of sales I shall make here.— There's the dinner bell; dinner won't be more than two hours yet; never knew one of these bells to ring at a longer time than that before meals—"

The landlord appearing, and nothing exciting interest passing on the outside, the young traveller walked back to the electric heater. The landlord apologized for the coldness of the room saying that the last electricity he had ordered had proven very poor though marked at 150 test. He thought some one might have changed grades with him.

After dinner the drummer carefully adjusted a pair of rubber stilts to his feet, having provided himself with those useful articles, being an old traveller. Crossing the road was difficult but it was managed.

"Muddy enough for you?" asked an idiot who had strayed into the town and who had watched the pedestrian picking his way across

to leave the store. The merchant as soon as he was released by the hypnotizing eye of the drummer, realized that he had helplessly involved himself by allowing the drummer to influence him to order too largely. He took a tablespoonful of a remedy marked —

SURE CURE FOR UNDUPLICATE INFLUENCE Especially recommended for those who suffer from attacks of bookagents and like nuisances

And running after the drummer, rescinded the order.

This was enough to irritate the traveling salesman who was well nigh stuck in the mud and who had depended on this order to help him materially. He cannot be wholly blamed then though the revenge he took was flimsy. In entering the rescinding of the order in his notebook, he came near the merchant and taking him violently by the buttonhole, hissed in his ear, "Do you think Marlinton will ever get a railroad?"

The suffering that this question causes a citizen of the town can only be conjectured. It brings up all the hopes and pains in an instant, that have accumulated in years. It has to be answered. The cold sweat broke on the merchant's brow, as he said, "I can't be very long until we will have a road; there is too much invested here and has been for the past fifty odd years not to be developed. Why, it took thousands of dollars to mark these lots with corner stones, instead of the stakes that used to be there, alone, much less the money invested in the town site. I think we can say to a certainty that we will have a railroad within five years at the farthest."— And much more to the same point.

The villain at his buttonhole asked then, "Which railroad do you think it will be?" Whereupon, the merchant drawing forth the carving knife which was concealed in the tail pockets of his frock coat, stabbed the recreant to the heart.

Of course there was a coroner's jury, whose verdict was that the drummer "had come to his death at the hands of parties unknown, who acted in self defense." Also endorsed "justifiable homicide," by the Prosecuting Attorney, who lived in town.

Before the meeting, caused by the inquest, broke up, steps were taken by the body assembled to ascertain the probable cost of a telephone line to Lewisburg, as prizefight had become so frequent that the inability to hear how the rounds went was fast depopulating the county.

The other day a man was knocked down by the buffer of an engine near Bray station, Ireland, while some wagons were being shunted. He was stunned for a moment, but very slightly hurt. The porters ran to his assistance. One of them said, "Bring him to the station at once." He thought they meant the police station. "What do you want to take me to the station for?" said he. "You know who I am; and if I've done any damage to your confounded machine, sure I'm able to pay for it."—Exchange.

Official Directory of Pocahontas County

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
 Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
 Sheriff, J. C. Arbogast.
 Deputy Sheriff, Robt. K. Burns.
 2d & Co. Court, S. L. Brown.
 1st Cr. Court, J. H. Patterson.
 Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
 Com'r of Co. Cl. (C. E. Beard).
 G. M. Kee.
 Amos Barlow.
 Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.
 Coroner, Geo. P. Moore.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Tuesday in April, second Tuesday in June and first Tuesday in October.
 County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July July is levy term.

N. C. McNEIL,
 ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
 Marlinton, West Va.
 Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and adjoining Counties, and in the Court of Appeals of the State of West Virginia.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
 Attorney-at-Law,
 Huntersville, W. Va.
 Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

H. S. RUCKER,
 Atty.-at-Law & Notary Public,
 Huntersville, W. Va.
 Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
 Attorney-at-Law,
 Lewisburg, W. Va.
 Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
 Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. A. BRATTON,
 ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
 McLintock, W. Va.
 Prompt and careful attention given to all legal business.

ANDREW PRIEST,
 Attorney-at-Law,
 MARLINTON, W. VA.
 Will be found at my Office.

DR. O. J. CAMPBELL,
 DENTIST,
 Monterey, Va.
 Will visit Pocahontas County, at least, twice a year.
 The exact date of his visits will appear in this paper.

DR. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
 RESIDENT DENTIST,
 Beverly, W. Va.
 Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM, M. D.,
 PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
 Office next door to H. A. Yeager's Hotel. Residence opposite Hotel.
 All calls promptly answered.

J. BLAUNT,
 BUILDER.
 Mill-wright & Carpenter.
 Drafts and specifications furnished on application.
 GREEN BANK, W. VA.

J. B. McNEIL,
 AUCTIONEER,
 SUDBURY, W. VA.
 Four miles below Marlinton. Real-estate of this kind attended to anywhere in this State. Good references.

C. B. SWANER,
 Gen'l. Auctioneer and Real-estate Agent.
 1st & 2nd National and Timberland Farms and To a job especially in real-estate in the business. Correspondence.

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A Question Which the Business Men of the Country Will Decide.
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Pausanias, the old Greek writer of the Second Century, speaks of a plant which made those who swallow its root laugh.

It has only recently been determined to what plant Pausanias alludes. It is now settled that he refers to the *Konunculus Bulbosus* of Linnaeus—the common buttercup. The root of this plant is, in fact, extremely poisonous, but it can be used in such a way that those who have eaten it live an apparition as though they were laughing.

MARLINTON IN 1944.

Early in the spring of 1944 a tall and stylishly clad man drove through the streets of Marlinton and pausing at the door of the principal hotel of that famous town, shouted into the funnel shaped transmitter to summon the hostler to relieve him of the supervision of a somewhat rusty electric motor, on which he had evidently traveled for some days.

"My good man," he said to the waiter, "conduct this locomotive to some sheltered place; remove, as far as possible, all signs of the rough usage received on these muddy roads, have that broken bolt replaced, and about it on wind up the mainspring well."

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After dinner the drummer carefully adjusted a pair of rubber slits to his feet, having provided himself with those useful articles, being an old traveller. Crossing the road was difficult but it was managed.

"Muddy enough for you?" asked an idiot who had strayed into the town and who had watched the pedestrian picking his way across the street. The drummer, being a mild mannered man, did not throw anything at him. He only groaned in his great helplessness.

By a few steps he had reached a store and finding the merchant in, he was in a few minutes busily engaged.

to leave the store. The merchant as soon as he was released by the hypnotizing eye of the drummer, realized that he had helplessly involved himself by allowing the drummer to influence him to order too largely. He took a tablespoonful of a remedy marked—

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 Especially recommended for those who suffer from attacks of bookagents and like nuisances
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Before the meeting, caused by the inquest, broke up, steps were taken by the body assembled to ascertain the probable cost of a telephone line to Lewisburg, as prizefight had become so frequent that the inability to hear how the rounds went was fast depopulating the county.

The other day a man was knocked down by the buffer of an engine near Bray station, Ireland, while some wagons were being shunted. He was stunned for a moment, but very slightly hurt. The porters ran to his assistance. One of them said, "Bring him to the station at once." He thought they meant the police station. "What do you want to take me to the station for?" said he. "You know who I am; and if I've done any damage to your confounded machine, sure I'm able to pay for it."—Exchange.

A widower, aged 84, married a girl of 19. The local paper reported the wedding as follows: "When Mr. X, lost his wife a year ago, it was feared that he would become

Pocahontas Times.

ANDREW PRICE, EDITOR

The income tax is the result of a policy that enabled some men to have enormous incomes. In this the government gave and the government taketh away.

The Wilson Bill passed the house by majority of 64; the vote was 204 to 140; seventeen Democrats voted against the bill. The bill contained the amendment providing for the income tax.

Hon. Wm L. Wilson's illness made his friends quite anxious.— Now the vote has been taken he and Mr. Tarsney, a member of the committee, are planning an excursion to England, and thus have two weeks of complete rest on the briny, health restoring waves.

She, pointing to the fact that that lady wrote should not have been THAT but WHICH.—EX.

A newly appointed fourth class postmaster of our acquaintance was puzzled by finding an unstamped letter mailed at his office. Knowing that this great government punishes the villain for forty years for a 2-cent postage stamp, just the same as if the loss were thousands of dollars, he was much troubled, fearing to hold the letter or send it. After a sleepless night he was struck with the happy thought of buying a two cent stamp and mailing it. He says he never got out of a scrape so cheaply.

Some one makes sprightly remark the Creator, while he has ceased to make more land, never theless permits the increase of those who need the sustenance that land gives forth. It is moreover stated that mountains, deserts, and swamps, render three fourths of the land practically useless for cultivation, hence dense populations are to be looked for when wars, famines and pestilences shall have been mitigated by civilizing agencies now at work. Facts of this kind will demand a governmental policy, that will prompt people to desire no more of the land than can be profitably utilized. Hence little lands well tilled, little homes well filled, will be the happy rule of the future.

The perniciousness of little amendments in Congress has been fully demonstrated. The Congress men need to hang together or meet the same fate that the bundle of sticks did when the old man broke them to show his sons the strength of the united. That old case is, that a father offered a sum of money, to the son who would break the bundle of sticks. They were each unable to do it and by untying the bundle broke them one by one.— The boys carried it to the courts and showed that they had each expended more than enough to complete the task, if he when contracting, had not kept back what was evidently in his mind, thus intentionally hindering and defrauding them. It worried through the courts until the Supreme Court decided, after due deliberation, that a fish generally belongs to the man that catches it, a safe and imbecile conclusion, and made the plaintiffs pay the costs.

HILLSBORO.

Mr. William Overholt, of Frankford, was in town Saturday.
Mr. Henry Barlow, of Edray, spent a few days in the city last week.
Miss Lucie Henick is visiting relatives and friends at Falling Springs.
Miss Mabel Edgum has enrolled as a pupil of the M. & F. Academy.
Miss Della Payne, who has been

teaching school at Edray, returned home Saturday.

Miss Rella Clark is teaching her second term of school at Frost.

Mrs. Julia Kinnison and son, Co bart, are quite ill at this time with fever.

The temperance lodge is flourishing.

Mr. and Mrs. Pollock left for Peery, Mo., Tuesday, where they expect to make their future home. Their many friends were sorry to see them go. We wish them prosperity.

Mr. A. S. Overholt spent Saturday in town, looking after his interest.

Photographer J. W. Bever is in our city, he will remain about a month. All those wishing first class work done, had better call on him.

A new walk has been laid on Pocahontas avenue which adds much to that street.

The boys and girls had quite a merry time sled riding Tuesday night. JIM.

Order of Publication.

State of West Virginia,
Pocahontas County, to-wit:
At rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County on Monday February 5th 1894
L M Waugh

vs.
Ella I Waugh
The object of this suit is to obtain a decree in favor of the plaintiff L M Waugh against the defendant Ella I Waugh, for an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and it appearing by affidavit filed, that the defendant Ella I Waugh is a non-resident of the State, it is ordered that she do appear here within one month after the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect her interest in this suit.

Witness: J. H. Patterson, Clerk of said court, this 5th day of February, 1894.
J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.
Andrew Price, p. q. 5.95

DR. H. LEE,
Veterinary Surgeon,
Marlinton, W. Va.

Treats all diseases of horses.

GREAT BARGAIN SALE!!

Of Clothing, Boots Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods AT

Golden's
EDRAY, W. Va.

In order to cut down my stock and make room for Spring and Summer goods which will be coming in by March 1st, I will for the next 30 days offer my stock of Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Blankets and heavy shirts at greatly reduced prices and a great many at cost and less than cost

- \$12 Overcoats for \$9.00
- \$5 Over suits for \$3.95
- \$15 Suits for \$12
- \$3.25 Whole stock Boot \$2.25
- All Wool Jersey Overshirts at \$1.37 1/2 per pair.
- Good Heavy Blankets \$1.25 per pair.

And many others which we cannot mention here.

CALL EARLY

In order not to be disappointed as these goods Will Not Stay Long at these extremely **LOW PRICES**

Thanking my patrons for their patronage the past season, and trusting I may be favored with the continuance of the same, I remain yours anxious to please.
P. GOLDEN.

FURNITURE
Fine Hardwood Furniture
Stock always on hand
ORDERS TAKEN

All Handmade WAGON
MAKING AND REPAIRING

SAW FILING
GUN & LOCKSMITH WORK.

Prices Reasonable
A. G. BURROWS.

Marlinton, W. Va
FOR RENT.

My Tenyard with tools, etc., ready for work, for three years free of charge except repairing. Fine Location. Call on or address me at Green Bank, W. Va.

Respt., **J. H. CERRY, JR.**

CLUBBING RATES.
THE REGISTER

AND
THE TIMES
\$2 for both papers.

We will offer to those paying up back subscription to the TIMES and a year in advance or any subscriber who advances his subscription one year from this or later date, both the above papers one year for \$2.00.

The Register contains 12 pages per week of carefully selected reading matter.

REWARD.

—The County Court of Pocahontas county, W. Va., by its order entered of record, offers a reward of \$100.00 for the apprehension and conviction of each person who robbed Andrew Dilley in the month of October, 1893. Also a like sum for apprehension and conviction of each person who robbed Capt. A. M. Edgar in this month.

NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to us by bond or ope are respectfully invited to call at our place of business and settle up. We must have money.

Respectfully,
JAN. 1. 1894. MOORE & HANNAH.

HOTEL BYRD.

The Hotel Marlinton by A. Yeager has recently changed hands and is now under new management

RATES.
Meals 25c
Per day \$1.00 & 1.25
Per month \$15.00
Table board \$12.00

Special arrangements can be made with visiting army for rooms and fees during the season.

The Hotel has been thoroughly cleaned and fixed up, and is now open for the present season. Special arrangements can be made for keeping horses at Marlinton. **A. M. Byrd, Prop.**

MARLINTON HOUSE

Located near Court House.

Terms.
per day . . . 1.00
per meal . . . 25
lodging . . . 25

Good accommodations for horses at 25 cents per feed.

Special rates made by the week or month.
C. A. YEAGER, PROP.

Attention Farmers!
THE FAMOUS WORLD BEATER
McCormick Binders, and Reapers,
and Mowers,
and Binder Twines are Sold By
T. A. SYDENSTRICKER, ACADEMY, W. VA.
A full line of repairs constantly on hand. When in need of first class machinery, it will pay you to see him.

Price & Smith
Prescription Druggists,
Marlinton, West Virginia.
DEALERS IN

Pure Drugs,
Medicines, Patent medicines,
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,
Etc., Etc
prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day and night. A competent Pharmacist will have charge of the Prescription Department.
We invite every body and promise close prices and polite attention.
E. A. Smith & Son's Old Stand.

WEST VA. UNIVERSITY.
The Chief Educational Institution
OF THE STATE
Sixteen Professors and Teachers. A Preparatory Department, a Classical Course, a Scientific Course, an Agricultural Course, Courses in civil and Mining Engineering, and Mechanical Engineering, a Military Department, a Law Department, and a Gymnasium. Each Scientific Department is splendidly equipped with apparatus and machinery. The collegiate departments open to both sexes. Tuition free to West Virginia students in all departments except the Preparatory Department and free in this Department for students to the number of one for every 500 population. Eight Cadets are appointed by the agents from each Senatorial District who are furnished with books and stationary free. The average total expenses per year are from \$140 to \$200 exclusive of clothing and travel. Send for catalogue to
Dr. P. B. Reynolds, Vice-President.
Morgantown, W. Va.

INSURE NOW.
The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co.
MILWAUKIE, WISCONSIN,
Offers the cheapest and best insurance of any of the Old Line Companies.

Assets January 1 1893 \$56,236,089 12
Surplus January 1 1893 \$ 9,467,384 54
A PURELY U. S. COMPANY
Transacting a larger business than any other purely American company. Its dividends the largest of any life company in the World. Proved by hundreds of comparisons with other leading companies. Rates at the Times Office.

The Best Shoes for the Least Money.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE GENUINE WELT.
Guaranteed, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price.
\$5, \$4 and \$3.50 Dress Shoe. Equal custom work, costing from \$6 to \$8.
\$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking shoe ever made.
\$2.50, and \$2 Shoes, Unparalleled at the price.
Boys \$2 & \$1.75 School Shoes Are the best for service.
LADIES'
\$3, \$2.50 \$2, \$1.75 Best Douglas, stylish, Perfect fitting and wearable. Best in the world. All styles. Metal upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton, Mass.

THIS IS THE BEST \$3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.
ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a low profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

THE PRESIDENT'S WIFE IS A CLEVER NEEDLEWOMAN.

How She Makes the White House Home-like With Soft Cushions, Pretty Lampshades and Embroidery.

MRS. CLEVELAND is one of those women who like always to be busy with something which is to contribute in some way to the comfort or beauty of her home.

Whether she is at her official residence at Washington, or at Woodley, the pretty little summer home where the President lives when it is too warm to pass the days and nights in the city, or at Gray Gables, "the home by the sea," there are always scattered about where they can be easily picked up artistic bits of fancy work upon which the wife of the President busies herself at odd moments when she must entertain her husband's callers or wait for him to take a drive or go for the walk which is so necessary to the well-being of one laden with official cares.

Mrs. Cleveland's fancy work is never anything very fine. It does not partake of the costly elegance of the tapestry which was recently designed for the needle of a Fifth avenue belle and which, when completed, will cost

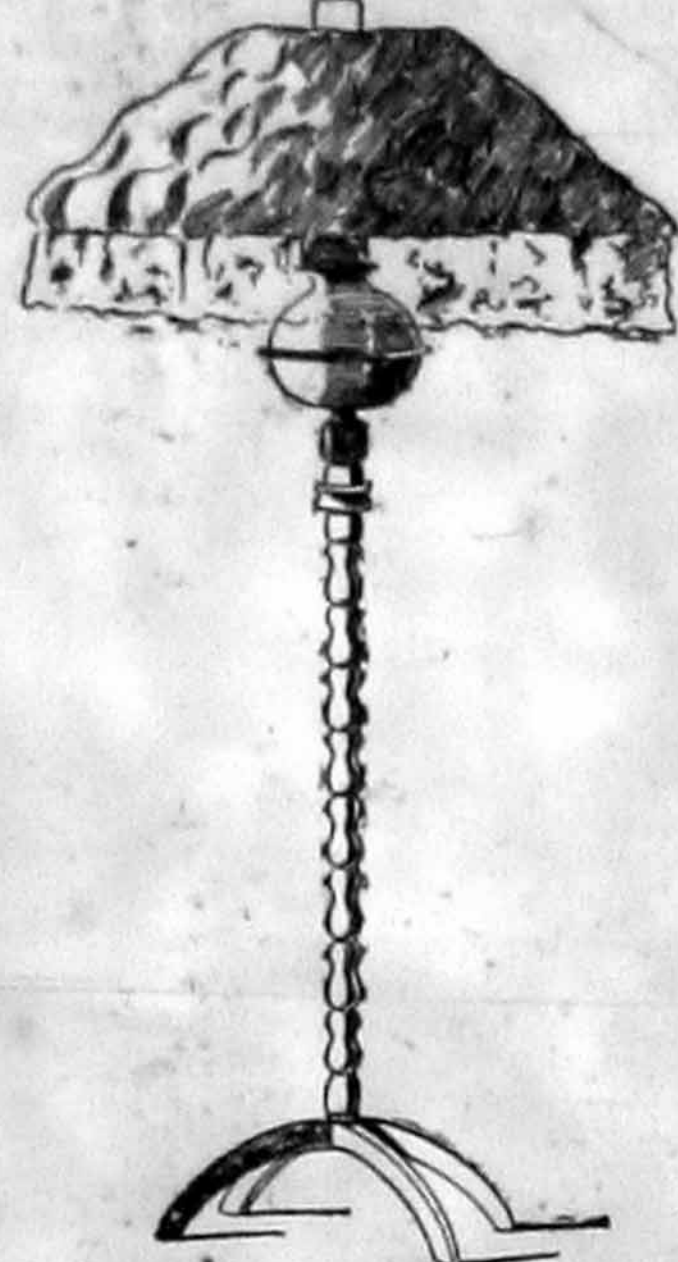
One set of these little round mats just completed is called a violet set. Mrs. Cleveland made it while she was at Woodley. There are only three mats in the set and these are perfectly round—as round as a sugar box—and about eight inches across. All around the edges of the mats there are violets embroidered and outside of the violets there is a little fringe of the linen. The design is an old-fashioned one, as if a string of violets had chased each other round the edge of the cloth. There is no attempt at grouping.

These little mats were all ironed on the wrong side and were made washable by being shrunk before the work was done.

Like the late Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Cleveland works a little in oils, but like the Princess May, she is backward about showing her handiwork, and most of the products of her brush are kept hidden in the boudoir into which few people are invited to penetrate. A pretty little bit of her painting was shown to a friend just before she went to Gray Gables. It consisted of a glass top for a dresser, upon which there were sketched pansies, Mr. Cleveland's favorite flower, and a vine of morning glories.

Another cushion has tiny four-leaf clovers upon it, which she has outlined to bring them into prominence, and which seem to say "Good Luck"

the figures in the silk which they look like richest brocades.



MRS. CLEVELAND'S LAMP.

One of her cushions recently completed she calls her "Irish cushion." It is of rich green silk with yellow harps, thin outlines wrought in red silk. Around the edge there is a broad puffing of light green velvet. The Irish cushion is admired by everybody and is Mrs. Cleveland's favorite as it lies tossed into roundness in one of the sunniest windows of the White House.

Another cushion is all bright red. Mrs. Cleveland's part in making it consisted merely in sewing the red cover upon the cushion and in placing it where it would show to the best possible advantage with a background of overhanging palms and ferns.

FANCY WORK FOR CHARITY.

It is said that Mrs. Cleveland does a great deal of work for charity fairs. But she is sly to an almost painful degree about letting her deed be known, even though the managers of fairs have often pointed out to her the very great benefit which would result if she would let the work be sold as her own. But this Mrs. Cleveland will not do.

Last winter for a fair which was held at Sherry's, New York, and which was for the benefit of the poor children, many lovely little tidies and embroidered table scarfs and fine sofa cushions were privately sold as Mrs. Cleveland's work and brought large sums, because they came from her needle.

The wife of the President of the United States has less time for fancy work, or diversion of any kind, than does the wife of the ruler of any other country. American independence demands that the President's wife shall be included in the President's public life and shall fulfill many public duties.

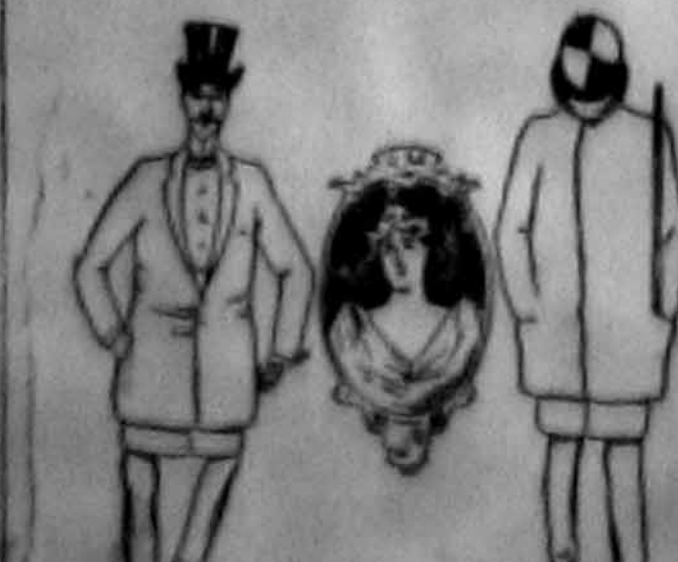
There are receptions, "days," dinners and diplomatic entertainments without number, to all of which the President's wife must go or give a satisfactory reason for her non-attendance. But it is pleasant to know that, in the midst of so much gayety and with so many calls upon her time, the President's wife still retains enough of that which is domestic and homelike to snatch a few minutes from each day for the use of so homely a little household implement as the needle.—Augusta Prescott in Chicago Record.

Bread Made With Soap.

From a communication read to the Association of Belgian Chemists, it seems that Continental bakers are in the habit of mixing soap with their dough to make their bread and pastry nice and light. The quantity of soap used varies greatly. In fancy articles, like waffles and fritters, it is much larger than in bread. The soap is dissolved in a little water; to this is added some oil, and the mixture, after being well whipped, is added to the flour. The crumb of the bread manufactured by this process is said to be lighter and more spongy than that made in the ordinary way.—New York Dispatch.

In ancient armies the archers were placed in advance as skirmishers, and when the conflict grew warm they retired to the rear of the heavy armed troops.

Proposing to Penelope.



SMUGGLERS TO EVADE CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The Chinese Lead All in Artfulness—Their Marvelous Ingenuity in Importing Contraband Opium.

SAN FRANCISCO is the second importing city in the United States and is naturally the theatre of many smuggling operations. The character of many of the imports is such, too, as to stimulate efforts to evade the revenue laws. Articles of small bulk and great value, on which the duty is heavy, are incentives to smuggling. At the Port of New York precious stones, velvets, and laces are the articles usually found endeavoring to get into the country in a contraband way. In San Francisco opium, silks and cigars are the favorite articles of the smuggler. The reason for this is that our ocean commerce is largely with ports which send abroad these articles, while laces, velvets and precious stones come here by rail across the continent. There is some effort to smuggle such things from British Columbia, but on a small scale, while the importers of contraband liquors endeavor to get their goods landed at some of the Puget Sound ports.



SEARCHING A COOLIE'S CLOTHING.

The customs officers of San Francisco have to deal with some of the most artful smugglers in the world. The Chinese are a race of smugglers, and there is not a people on earth more fertile in expedients to evade the revenue laws. Their stolid, impassive demeanor serves them admirably in their contraband operations, for their actions seldom afford, as is the case frequently with white people, any ground to suspect that they are trying to practice a fraud. They have taught the sailor men of the white race the shrewdest tricks practiced on Uncle Sam's tax gatherers, and are never caught in one device without being ready with another equally as hard to detect.

Before the influx of Chinese laborers was stopped it would sometimes occur that a Mongol looking as if all his years were acquainted with only poverty and toil, would innocently try to sneak ashore with a dirty old

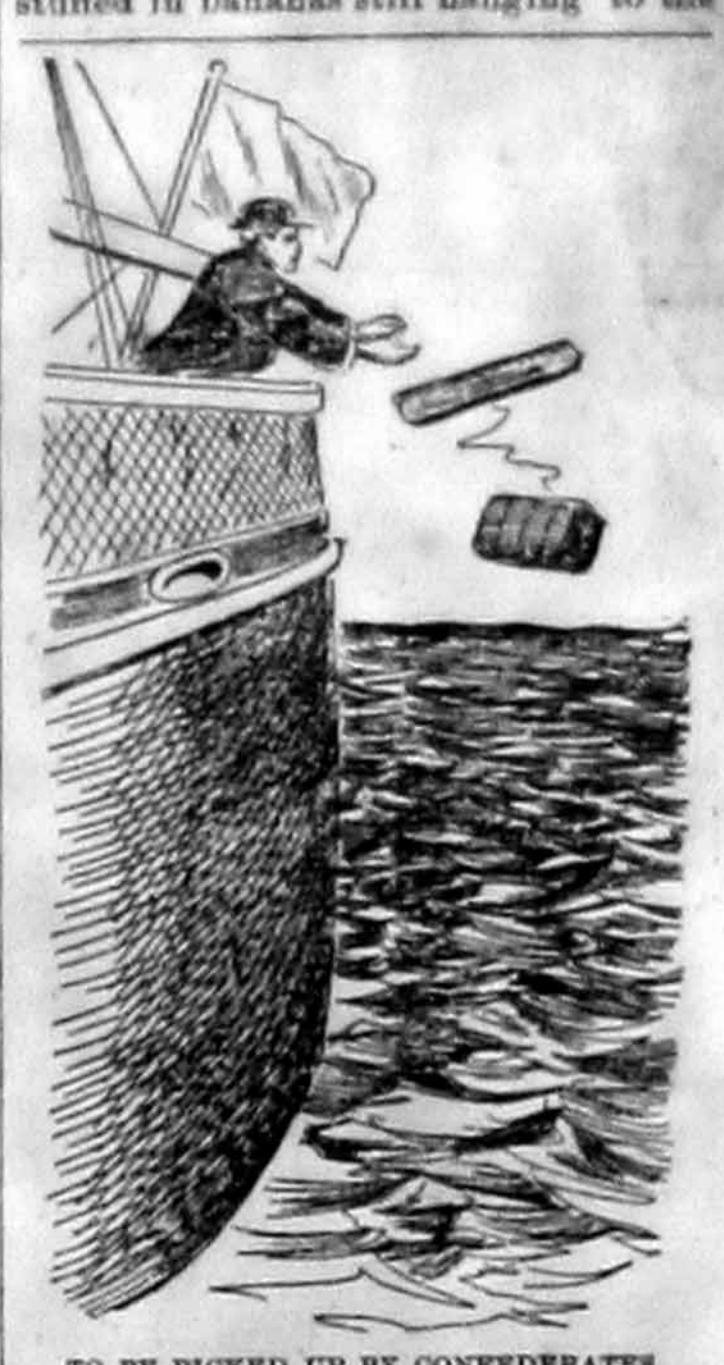


EXAMINING THE SOLE OF A SHOE.

blouse stuffed full of fine silk handkerchiefs, scarfs or Indian neck shawls. The Chinese garment for cold weather is a quilted blouse or tunic, with a heavy filling of cotton. Silk handkerchiefs being light and fine, a single blouse would sometimes contain a valuable invoice.

A demure Chinese maiden would sometimes step ashore with the thick soles of her shoes stuffed with silk. A whole covey arrived here some years ago with their shoes stuffed in this fashion. An inquisitive inspector had his attention attracted to the extraordinary thickness of the soles, and made an investigation which resulted in a valuable seizure.

To a man the Chinese crews on the steamers bring down the coast and



TO BE PICKED UP BY CONFEDERATES.

stalk and in oranges. One day, about six years ago, a Chinese dressed as a cook walked leisurely down the gang-plank of a Pacific Mail steamer with a basket on his arm containing several loaves of bread. He shuffled right by a Custom House officer, and would have got away all right, but on the wharf came into collision with a drunken sailor. The sailor, who was to blame, gave the Chinese a violent shove, sending him sprawling and scattering his bread loaves. A policeman interfered and noticed that one of the loaves had broken open. He started to examine and the Chinese started to run. Every loaf was filled with opium.

Chinese have been detected with boxes of the drug deftly bound up in their queues or tied under their arms. Every bit of baggage and every article they take ashore is a hiding place.

Beams on ship and table legs have been hollowed out as receptacles for contraband opium. False bottoms are put in cubby holes and pantry drawers. Hiding places are sought in coal bunkers and under the engines and boilers. The methods of secretion are so varied and ingenious that frequently the officers are unable to find smuggled opium, even after they have definite information that it is aboard a vessel. Only recently the officers failed to find a lot, although they knew positively that it was on board. However, keeping the closest watch on everything that left the ship, they finally intercepted the opium as it was being taken ashore.

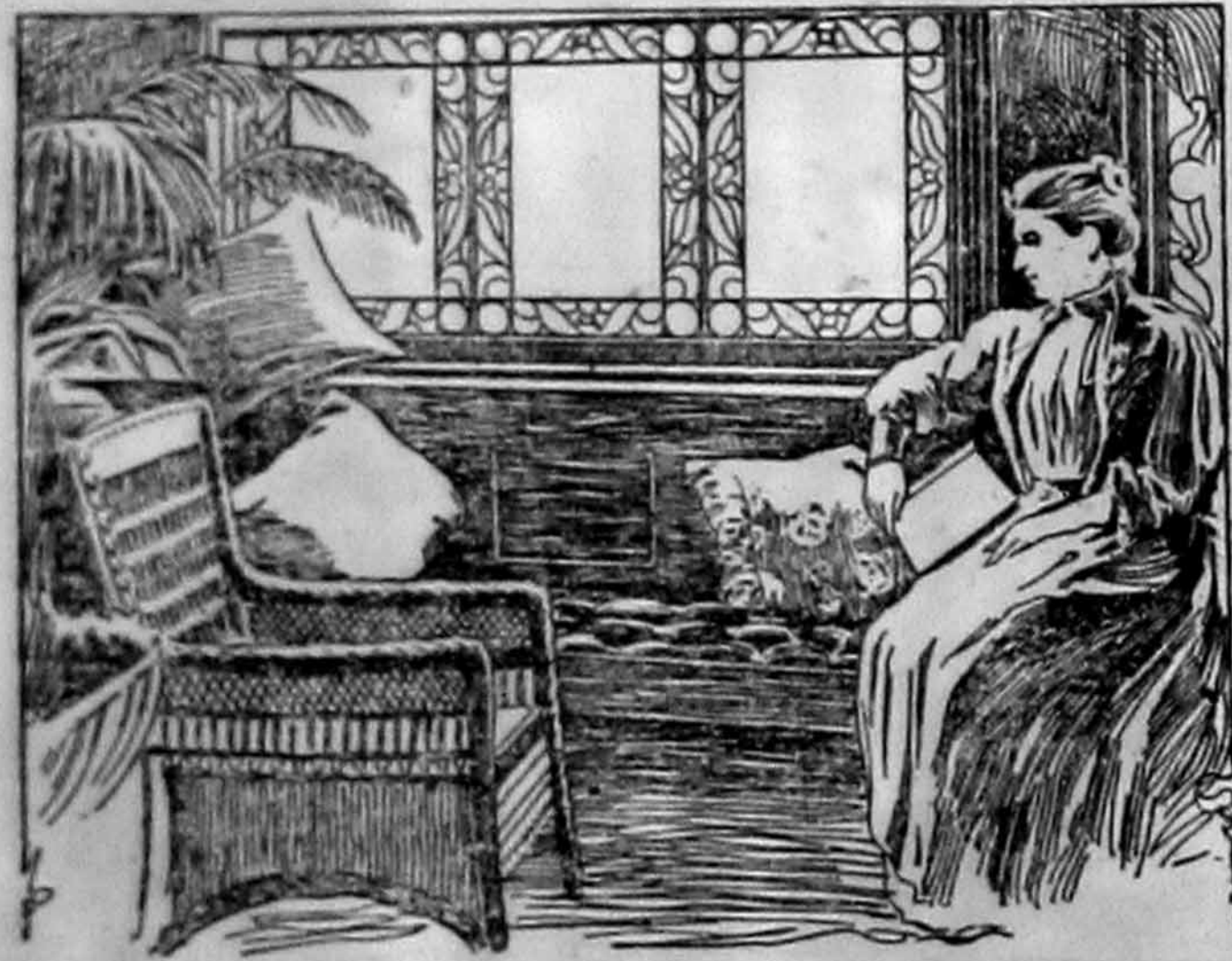
Several years ago the officials were informed that a hole had been hollowed out under the stern of one of the China steamers as a receptacle for smuggled opium. When the steamer arrived they made a search and found a hole large enough to contain between \$3000 and \$4000 worth of the drug, but it was empty. It had been dumped out into the bay off Fort Point with rats attached. A considerable portion of it was picked up. A regular business was for a while maintained by throwing the opium overboard with floats attached to long lines for confederates to pick up and take ashore in boats, but the officers became cognizant of it and broke it up.

Once a box containing the bones of dead Chinese was placed on a steamer at Victoria to be brought here for shipment to China. An accident caused it to be closely examined, when a large quantity of opium was found concealed under the bones. Large quantities of opium have been smuggled in barrels of salt fish and in lumber.

Cigars come here from Mexico or Manila in cases of sea biscuit or sacks of sugar. They creep past the customs inspectors in many innocent disguises, but cigar smuggling is more dangerous and difficult than opium smuggling, and is less lucrative. These devices have no relation to collusion between customs officials and importers to undervalue goods or to admit them as of non-dutiable character when they are something else. It is only recently that gigantic frauds were practiced in this way. Nevertheless, the aggregate amount of smuggling in small lots at this port is very large every year, notwithstanding the vigilance of the officers. Almost every day some one is caught smuggling, but the number of escapes exceeds the number of captures right along.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Blown Through a Telegraph Pole.

There is a section of a telegraph pole in the museum of the Georgia State University. This pole, says Colonel R. M. Johnston, has a light cypress shingle sticking through it, about half of it projecting from each side. That shingle was picked up in a storm and blown clear through the telegraph pole and left sticking there.



MRS. CLEVELAND IN HER WINDOW SEAT.

something like \$5000. Nor is it a mad expenditure of time or labor, like the pieced coverlets with 20,000 different "blocks" in them, nor the crocheted things of terrific color and endless labor.

Mrs. Cleveland's pick-up work is always something simple and very often it is for direct and practical use, like the fitting out of the little luncheon table in the nursery, or trimming of the big chairs, which the President fancies and into which he loves to sink when there is time for a few minutes rest at home.

AN ARTISTIC CHAIR-BACK.

One of the prettiest pieces of work which Mrs. Cleveland has done since her return to Washington last March is a chair-back for one of the old-time sleepy-hollow chairs in which the White House abounds. The chair itself was an old gray color which might



ONE OF MRS. CLEVELAND'S PATTERNS.

have once been red, but which had faded and grown worn. But the President found it comfortable, so Mrs. Cleveland set to work to make it pretty.

The first thing she did was to commission a friend to get her a large square of the stuff known as "shaded denim," which comes in pretty tones of blue, yellow and rose. The friend selected rose, and then had it marked with a simple pattern of pink flowers. This, with many shades of red silk, was sent to Washington to grow into beauty under the deft fingers of the pretty mistress of the White House. When the pattern was all done the square was lined with silk to give it firmness, and was finished with a cord of pink silk.

A cover like this did wonders for a faded chair and reduced all to a harmony of tint which easily passed for studied color.

The New York craze for the linen, stretched or drawn or embroidered, has spread to Washington and is shared by

to the Mistress of the White House when her eyes fall upon them in moments of leisure.

EFFECTIVE HYDRANGEAS.

A rather elaborate lamp shade is also among Mrs. Cleveland's showpieces of work. It consists of pink and green and white hydrangeas, firmly fastened upon a frame of wire covered with pink silk. Around the edge there hangs a deep fringe of lace of a very fine pattern. The hydrangeas are of paper, but they are very delicately put together and more than effective in the showy corner, which has been selected for a standing place for the lamp.

It is said that Mrs. Cleveland used to do a great deal of embroidery upon her own gowns, and that she even worked the wreath of orange blossoms and leaves that bordered the train of her wedding gown. However this may be, it is certain that she can do very fine embroidery, although she seldom now has the time for anything so elaborate as this.

One of the prettiest things she has done of late in the embroidery line is the outlining of a few large flowers upon the lapels of a morning gown. The gown is of light blue silk and the lapels are of rich carnal velvet. The flowers are a variety of the white lotus, done in rather bold fashion.

Many of Miss Ruth's dresses are stitched around the hem of the skirt in bright and pretty wash colors. And the stitching is almost always done by Mrs. Cleveland herself, while the cloaks which Miss Ruth wears and which have so often enticed the pen of paragraphers, are outlined in white silk down each side of the front, in big, careless flowers, which are not only the work but the design of her pretty mamma.

A panel for a lamp-shade, a small landscape scene for a chair back and several tiles for the dressing-table, are among the pretty little things which have been done since her marriage. But of late Mrs. Cleveland has found the growing cares of her little family too absorbing to permit of much work so particular as brush work, and so she has worked with the needle when the demands upon her made pick-up fancy work possible.

HER SOFA CUSHIONS.

There is one variety of fancy work of which Mrs. Cleveland's friends say she is particularly fond. And that is the embroidering of sofa cushions.

In the White House there are many large windows, with deep window seats, and these Mrs. Cleveland has dressed into luxury by piling soft cushions upon them and cushioning

ANDREW PRICE, EDITOR

Believers in Cleveland are hoping against hope that he will come out all right.

Prof. Wilson will be spared, may be, to be a thorn in McKinley's side, yet.

Postmaster Hissell is going to do an unusual lot of work in cleaning away postmasters from this time on.

A good many of our teachers will take advantage of Prof. Dunmore's offer as set forth in another column.

Hennon Fleming was removed from the Nicholas county jail to Charleston.

The 22d day of February should not be passed without comment by the press of this country.

Virginia, finding business somewhat dull this winter, as her legislature is so very one-sided, has given a thought to have the West Virginia State Debt adjusted.

FINN ORE. Fine weather, the sugar trees will run if not fastened.

Mr. Logan was called to see Mrs. E. N. Moore last week.

Mr. Squire John A. Furr has bought Mr. H. N. Moore's farm near Inaugure, and is now taking the

for a week on Clover Creek. We understand that W. H. Gask...

Did you get that valentine? It was a dandy.

Mr. S. C. Gay will cook for Noah on the ark.

Attorney N. C. McNeill was up last week.

GREEN BANK. Mr. B. M. Yeager, of Huntersville, was in this vicinity last week surveying.

On last Saturday night a party started from this place to give a surprise party to Mr. Harry Moore near Dunmore.

Rev. C. L. Potter's family have gone to Staunton on a visit.

Mr. W. A. Gladwell has taken his wife to Baltimore for medical treatment.

The Literary Society is increasing in numbers and interest.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION. State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas, to-wit:

U. S. McNeill et al vs. Defendant The object of this suit is to have a receiver appointed to take charge of the assets of U. S. McNeill and apply the same, first, to the discharge in full of the debts, interest and costs due M. Shackmar & Co. and Spragins, Buck & Co., and the residue, after payment of the costs of this suit, applied pro rata upon all debts due from said U. S. McNeill, to require full and complete settlements of the transactions of D. T. and J. B. McNeill, assignees, and entire surrender of all property from U. S. McNeill and said assignees, and for general relief, and it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendants, F. A. Davis & Co.; Templeman Bros.; Wilson Palmer & Co.; Clifton Forge Grocery Company; J. K. Montague; Herb Medicine Co.; Muse & Muse; Graichen Glove Co.; Pratt Food Co.; J. W. Daniels & Co.; C. J. Rudesill and A. B. Ratterman are non-residents of the State of West Virginia. It is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit.

GREAT BARGAIN SALE!! Of Clothing, Boots Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods AT

Golden's ED RAY, W. Va. In order to cut down my stock and make room for Spring and Summer goods which will be coming in by March 1st, I will for the next 30 days offer my stock of Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Blankets and heavy shirts at greatly reduced prices and a great many at cost and less than cost

ORDER OF PUBLICATION. State of West Virginia, Pocahontas County, to-wit: At rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County on Monday February 5th 1894.

Notice to Take Deposits. To Ella I. Waugh: Take notice that on the 22nd day of March A. D. 1894, between the hours of 6 o'clock a. m. and 6 o'clock p. m. at the law office of Andrew Price in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, I will take the depositions of David Beverage and others to be read as evidence in my behalf in a certain suit in chancery now pending in the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas State of West Virginia, in which I am plaintiff and you are defendant.

CALL EARLY In order not to be disappointed as these goods Will Not Stay Long at these extremely LOW PRICES

Thanking my patrons for their patronage the past season, and trusting I may be favored with the

for a week on Clover Creek. We understand that W. H. Gask...

FIDUCIARY NOTICE The following fiduciary account is before the undersigned commissioner for settlement: I. B. Moore, Admr. of Moses Moore decd. L. M. McULINTIC Commr. of Accts.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION. State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas, to-wit: At rules held in the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of said county, on Monday, the 5th day of February, 1894.

U. S. McNeill et al vs. Defendant The object of this suit is to have a receiver appointed to take charge of all the personal property of E. I. Holt to the exclusion of the assignees of said Holt; to apply the proceeds of said assets, first, to the discharge in full of the debts, interest and costs due N. Frank & Sons; Yancey, Snell & Co.; J. A. Larue and Payne Shoe Co. and the residue of said assets, after paying the costs of this suit, to be applied pro rata upon all the debts of said E. I. Holt, and in the event said assets shall be insufficient to discharge all debts in full, to set aside the deed of trust from E. I. Holt and wife to M. J. McNeel, Trustee, bearing date February 3, 1893, and also to set aside the deed from E. I. Holt to S. W. Holt, bearing date 16th day of October, 1893, as well as the pretended sale of goods at Marlinton to said S. W. Holt, to require of Wm. M. Wysong strict settlement of his transactions while in charge of said assets, and for general relief, and it appearing by affidavit filed, that the defendants, Slingluff, Johns & Co.; O. F. Day & Son & Co.; Spragins, Buck & Co.; Tregallus, Hertel & Co.; Witz, Biedler & Co.; Armstrong, Cator & Co.; Houghby & Wilson; Buck & Matthias; James Bailey & Son; Bagby & Rivers; J. A. Horner & Co.; Stoneburner & Richards; Samuel Eitch Jr. & Son; Dreyer, Hughes & Co.; J. Kyle Montague; Clifton Forge Grocery Co.; Holt & Watkins; Bruce, Worthington & Co.; Buena Vista Saddle & Harness Co.; Logan, Greer & Co.; D. S. Ambach & Co. and D. M. Osborne & Co. are non-residents of the State of West Virginia. It is ordered, that they do appear here with in one month after the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit.

GREAT BARGAIN SALE!! Of Clothing, Boots Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods AT

Golden's ED RAY, W. Va. In order to cut down my stock and make room for Spring and Summer goods which will be coming in by March 1st, I will for the next 30 days offer my stock of Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Blankets and heavy shirts at greatly reduced prices and a great many at cost and less than cost

ORDER OF PUBLICATION. State of West Virginia, Pocahontas County, to-wit: At rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County on Monday February 5th 1894.

Notice to Take Deposits. To Ella I. Waugh: Take notice that on the 22nd day of March A. D. 1894, between the hours of 6 o'clock a. m. and 6 o'clock p. m. at the law office of Andrew Price in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, I will take the depositions of David Beverage and others to be read as evidence in my behalf in a certain suit in chancery now pending in the Circuit Court of the County of Pocahontas State of West Virginia, in which I am plaintiff and you are defendant.

CALL EARLY In order not to be disappointed as these goods Will Not Stay Long at these extremely LOW PRICES

Thanking my patrons for their patronage the past season, and trusting I may be favored with the

for a week on Clover Creek. We understand that W. H. Gask...

Attention Farmers! THE FAMOUS WORLD BEATER McCormick Binders, and Reapers, and Mowers, and Binder Twines are Sold By T. A. SYDENSTRICKER, ACADEMY, W. VA. A full line of repairs constantly on hand. When in need of first class machinery, it will pay you to see him.

Price & Smith Prescription Druggists, Marlinton, West Virginia. DEALERS IN Pure Drugs, Medicines, Patent medicines, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, ETC., ETC. prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day and night. A competent Pharmacist will have charge of the Prescription Department. We invite every body and promise close prices and polite attention. E. A. Smith & Son's Old Stand.

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INSURE NOW. The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co. MILWAUKIE, WISCONSIN, Offers the cheapest and best insurance of any of the Old Line Companies. Assets January 1 1893 \$56,236,089 12 Surplus January 1 1893 \$ 9,467,384 54 A PURELY U.S. COMPANY Transacting a larger business than any other purely American company. Its dividends the largest of any life company in the World. Proved by hundreds of comparisons with other leading companies. Rates at the Times Office.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE GENUINE WELT. Squakless, Bottom Waterproof, Best Shoe sold at the price. \$5, \$4 and \$3.50 Dress Shoe. Equal custom work, costing from \$5 to \$8. \$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking shoe ever made. \$2.50, and \$2 Shoes, Unequaled at the price. Boys \$2 & \$1.75 School Shoes Are the Best for Service. LADIES' \$3, \$2.50 \$2, \$1.75 Best Douglas, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Mfrs. Mass. THIS IS THE BEST \$3 SHOE IN THE WORLD. ALL THE LATEST STYLES. DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can

Personal security falling due in 6 and 12 months from day of sale and bearing interest from date

A lien will be retained as ultimate security.

N. C. McNeil,
Special Commissioner

J. H. Patterson Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, do certify that bond as required by law has been filed by the above special commissioner, N. C. McNeil.

J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.

THE DUNSMORE BUSINESS COLLEGE
An Institute of Shorthand,
Staunton, Virginia.

Is not an experiment, nor is it in its infancy. It has lived for 22 years and sent to the world's great emporium more young men than all the other business colleges of the two Virginias combined. Its proprietor charges a fair and reasonable compensation for the training it gives, and offers no premium for illness. Our rates are \$50 for eight months. If a pupil remains longer than eight months we charge him \$5 per month extra thereafter. If he graduates in less than eight months, we will deduct \$25 per month for the unexpired time. Thus it can be seen that we do not offer any inducement to waste time and money, but on the other hand we do offer an inducement to save both time and money by completing the course inside eight months. After graduation we give two weeks gratis in Typewriting, Shorthand, or Penmanship, as the graduate may elect, and a Life Scholarship granting the holder the privilege to return and review his whole course at any future time gratis.

Our penman, Prof. Valentine, formerly professor of Grand Rapids Michigan Business College is an artist of rare ability and an expert Shorthand and Typewriter. Prof. Dunsmore is giving his special attention to the Theory and Practical Departments this session. 24 years actual experience has made him thoroughly master of his work. He is a member of the Institute of Accounts of New York city and through this organization and the agency of old graduates holding positions in large cities, he is enabled to aid his graduates to lucrative employment. For catalogue, call on or address

J. G. DUNSMORE, President

Dr. Rush's Belts & Appliances

An electro-plastic battery used in all cases.

Belts, Suspensories, Spinal Appliances, Abdominal Supporters, Vests, Drawers, Office Caps, Insoles, etc.

Cure Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Errors of Youth, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Sexual Weakness, and all Troubles in Male or Female.

Question Blank and Book free. Call or write.

Volta-Medico Appliance Co.,
222 Pine Street,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Send little booklet to receive medical advice for you. It tells you how to cure your troubles. It tells you why you are sick. It tells you how to get well. It tells you how to keep well. It tells you how to live. It tells you how to die. It tells you how to be happy. It tells you how to be healthy. It tells you how to be strong. It tells you how to be brave. It tells you how to be wise. It tells you how to be good. It tells you how to be great.



CURE SICK HEAD

Headache, get Carter's Little Liver Pills and you will be cured. They are the best medicine for all liver troubles. They are the best medicine for all sick headaches. They are the best medicine for all dizziness. They are the best medicine for all indigestion. They are the best medicine for all constipation. They are the best medicine for all biliousness. They are the best medicine for all nervousness. They are the best medicine for all weakness. They are the best medicine for all debility. They are the best medicine for all disease.

FURNITURE
Fine Hardwood Furniture
Stock always on hand
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Prices Reasonable
A G BURROWS.
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RUPTURES CURED!
25 Years' Experience in treating all varieties of Rupture enables us to guarantee a positive cure. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write.

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The Great Twelve-Page Weekly.

Its woman's and children's columns are of unusual domestic interest.

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THE REGISTER AND THE TIMES
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THE KEELEY CURE.
FOR DRUNKENNESS
OPIUM
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TOBACCO AND CIGARETTE HABITS.

The Keeley Institute at Charleston, West Virginia, gives the GENUINE KEELEY REMEDIES - and they are administered by physicians who are not only skillful in their professions - but who have had a thorough course of instructions at the parent institute at Dwight.

For full information, regarding Sanitarium treatment and "Home Treatment," send to

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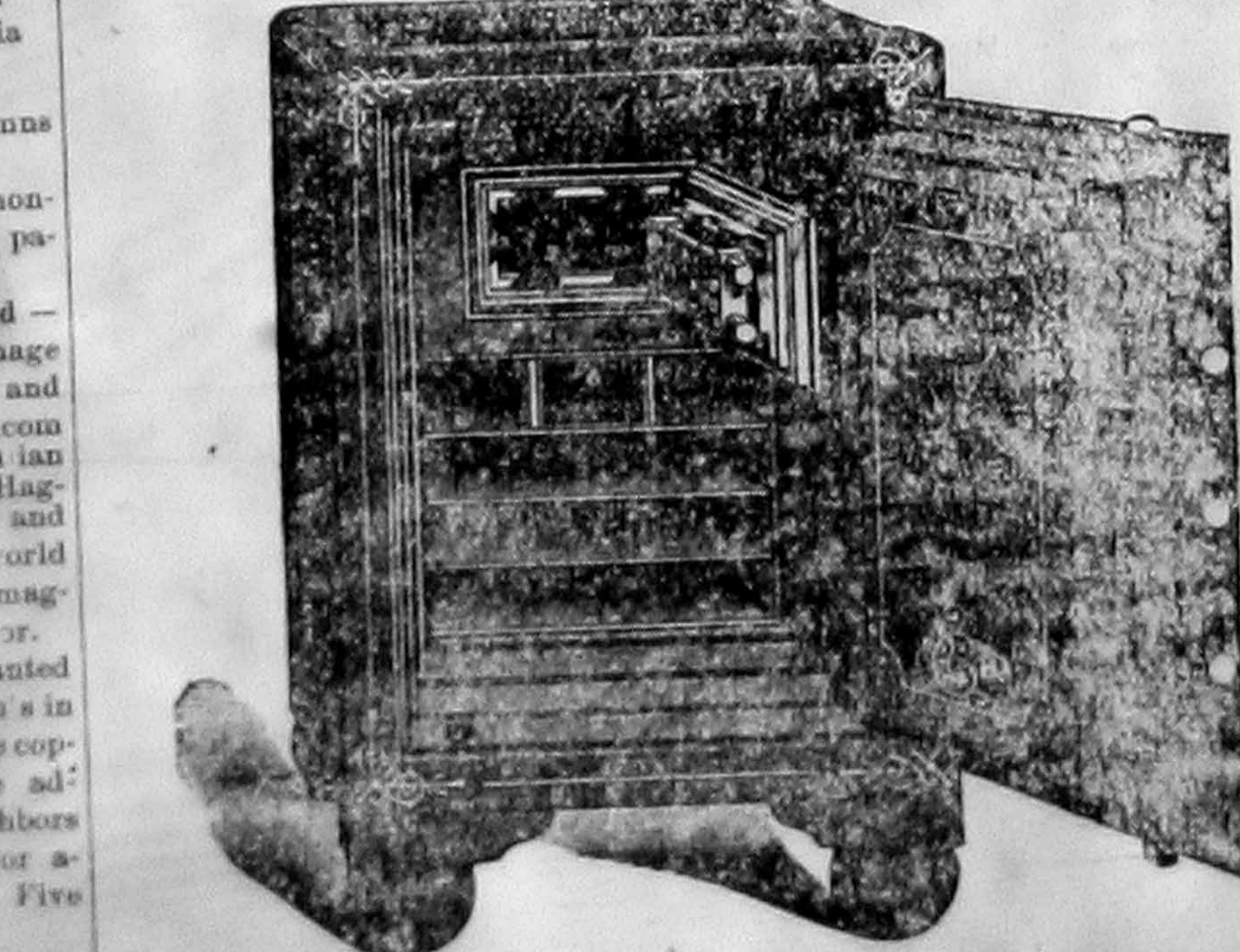
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HERRING-HALL-MARVIN CO'S SAFES ARE THE BEST.
Repairing and Putting on Combination Locks,
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A Large Line of SECOND HAND SAFES in First Class Order.
SAFES SOLD ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.

FACTORIES: Cincinnati, New York, Philadelphia.
Principal Office, Cincinnati, Ohio.

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New York City, Portland, Me., Boston, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Chicago, Louisville, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Minneapolis, St. Paul, New Orleans, San Francisco, San Diego, Portland, Ore., Nashville, Tenn., etc.

ON THE ROAD TO DREAMTOWN.

Come here, my sleepy darling, and climb upon my knee. And in a moment, a trusted steed will be To bear you to that country where troubles are forgot.

RESCUED AT LAST.

BY HELEN FORBREST GRAVES.



FORWARD, the counter!" shouted the floor-walker. "Miss Garrick, what are you thinking of? Show these ladies heliotrope chiffon and be quick about it!"

take herself she did not know, but of one thing she was quite certain—she would be no burden on these supercilious people. A kindly country neighbor had a daughter married and settled in a confectioner's shop on Third avenue, and here she took refuge.

was a beggar, and the shame of it—oh, the shame of it! "Pretty girl," said Cousin Ben to himself. "Hangs down her head too much, though."

THE CZAR'S MUSCLE.

RUSSIA'S RULER SAID TO BE A VERY STRONG MAN.

Miss Bentley Relates Her Experiences Among Europe's Crowned Heads—How She Baffled the Czar—A Muscular German King.

MISS PHYLLIS BENTLEY, says the Strand Magazine, is well known to the public by her clever exhibition of experiments in lifting and balancing. These experiments she has had the honor of performing before many of the crowned heads of Europe, and in the following interesting article relates her experience of these royal personages:



MISS BENTLEY LIFTING THE CZAR, CROWN PRINCE OF DENMARK, PRINCE GEORGE OF GREECE AND DUKE OF CUMBERLAND.

told of his ability to bend together with one hand the points of a horse-shoe and of his accomplishing feats which even a Sandow might envy, and it was naturally a matter of great interest to me that His Majesty should try his strength upon me.

But in spite of His Majesty's efforts I did not go up. That he was considerably astonished was evidenced by the look on his face, and he plied me with questions as to how I had arranged to so completely defeat his endeavors to lift me.



THE CZAR LIFTING PRINCESS OF WALES.

see how far they had mastered the secret of that angle. His first effort was with the Princess of Wales, who, with charming readiness, had placed herself before His Highness to be lifted.

Then followed the Czarina, who went up with the same ease as had the Princess of Wales. But the task of lifting the Crown Princess of Denmark—who is, if I may be permitted to use the word, of almost masculine build—was, His Majesty discovered, somewhat more difficult; but in the end the Czar's strength and the Crown Princess's lack of experience told, and she, too, was lifted.

In all the other experiments—those with the billiard cues and the one of, while grasping my shoulders, endeavoring to push me against the wall—that he tried with me I experienced the same gentleness and strict observance of the conditions as in the lifting test.

The last King whose strength of muscle I had the opportunity of testing was the King of Wurtemberg, and that only a few weeks ago. His Majesty did me the honor of inviting me to his villa—locally termed schloss—at Marienwal, Ludwigsburg. His Majesty is somewhat above the medium height, broad of chest and strong of arm.

What I think most interested His Majesty was the chair test, in which I lifted four members of the court seated on a chair, whilst his hands were placed between my hands and the sides of the chair.

I knew he was looking forward to this test, for the first words he addressed to me after the presentation were: "Have you brought the famous chair?" I had brought the "fa-



MISS PHYLLIS BENTLEY.

mous chair" and I pointed it out to him, who examined it with considerable interest.

It is an ordinary looking chair, strongly built and painted black, and has been made famous from the fact upon it I have lifted one Emperor, several Kings, Princes and other famous folk. In fact, more royalty, intelligence, and more wealth have sat upon that chair than upon any one single chair in the world.

Many people have been anxious to buy it, but it is not for sale. Only the other day an American millionaire expressed a great desire to take it back with him to the States.

Said he: "I guess I ought to have the chair; it ain't much to look at but it's got a mighty interesting history. They don't grow chairs like that in the States, and I should have what no other man could either buy or steal."

A Sudden Change of Base.



—Worthington's Magazine.

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year will be charged.

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ADVERTISING RATES.

Table with 4 columns: Length, 1m., 2m., 3m., 4m. and corresponding rates for One inch, Three in., etc.

Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

Marlinton, W. Va.

The experience of Henry George in the litigation over the bequest to him of nearly twenty thousand dollars in New Jersey is a good example of the manner in which lawyers and courts sometimes exhaust the amount in controversy, leaving nothing for the litigants themselves.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of West Virginia, Pocahontas county, to wit: At rules held in the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, on Monday, the 5th day of March, 1894.

Levi Gay admr. of Martha J. Gauger dec'd., of John L. Lockridge dec'd., of Patsy Sevey dec'd., of Peggy Sevey dec'd., of Rachel Gay dec'd., and of Lucinda Jordan dec'd. Plaintiffs.

J. C. Arbogast, admr. of Wm Skeen dec'd., of Sallie G. McClesney dec'd., and of Nancy Bider dec'd. Mary E. Thomson, George H. Moffit, Wm. M. McAllister, Special Receiver, H. S. Rucker, Sarah A. Sharp, adm'x. of Andrew Sharp dec'd., Mathew Wallace, Ann Cackley, Jacob W. Marshal, James W. Warwick Jr., Mary W. Sharp, Mitchell A. Sharp, Ann R. Jordan, Ruth J. McGlaughlin, Stuart J. Sharp, Homer A. Holt, Alexander F. Matthews, Samuel A. Miller and Mathew Wallace, Trustees, Georgiana Skeen, widow of Wm. Skeen dec'd., Robert M. Skeen, J. Curry Skeen, Catherine McClintic (nee Skeen), George T. McClintic, her husband, Virgie Skeen, Jessie Skeen and Mary Skeen heirs at law of Wm. Skeen dec'd. Depts.

The object of this suit is to revive the chancery cause of Levi Gay admr. etc. vs Wm. Skeen et al. pending in the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, West Virginia, against the administrator and heirs of said Wm. Skeen, and to proceed in said chancery cause and petition filed therein to a final decree for the settlement of all debts of said Skeen, and the sale of any property of said Skeen necessary to this end.

Witness: J. H. Patterson, Clerk of the said Court this 5th day of March, 1894. J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk. H. S. Rucker p. p.

TO WEAK MEN. Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, nervous debility, etc. I will send you a reliable medicine, called "Serravallo's Tonic," containing full particulars for home cure, FREE OF CHARGE. A splendid medicinal work, should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. D. C. SERRAVALLO, 211 West 23rd St., N. Y. C.

THE OLD DOCTOR'S Cotton Root Pills LADIES' FAVORITE. ALWAYS RELIABLE and perfectly SAFE. The pills are used by thousands of women all over the United States.

THE DUNSMORE BUSINESS COLLEGE An Institute of Shorthand, Staunton, Virginia. Is not an experiment, nor is it in its infancy. It has lived for 23 years and sent to the world's great emporium more young men than all the other business colleges of the two Virginias combined.

Dr. Rush's Belts & Appliances. An electro-battery belt will do for you what no other medicine can. It is a scientific and positive cure for Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Errors of Youth, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Sexual Weakness, and all Troubles in Male or Female.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEAD ACHE. Sick headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Vertigo, Irritability, Distress after Eating, Pain in the Side, etc.

SCOTT'S EMULSION. Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES of Lime and Soda. It is endorsed and prescribed by leading physicians because both the Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites are the recognized agents in the cure of Consumption.

DR. DODD'S Cure for COLIC IN HORSES. GUARANTEED. Every owner of a horse should keep it on hand. It may save the life of a valuable animal. One package will cure eight to ten cases.

CANCER and OTHER MALIGNANT Diseases CURED without the use of knife or quackery. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. DE. H. B. BUTTS, 523 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

FURNITURE Fine Hardwood Furniture Stock always on hand ORDERS TAKEN All Handmade WAGON MAKING AND REPAIRING SAW FILING GUN & LOCKSMITH WORK. Prices Reasonable A G BURROWS Marlinton, W. Va.

RUPTURES CURED! 25 Years' Experience in treating all varieties of Rupture enables us to guarantee a positive cure. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write.

CLUBBING RATES. THE REGISTER AND THE TIMES \$2 for both papers. We will offer to those paying up back subscription to the TIMES and a year in advance or any subscriber who advances his subscription one year from this or later date, both the above papers one year for \$2.00.

USE THE BEST. SELLERS' Liver Pill. An old gentleman in Maryland said he had raised his family on "Sellers' Liver Pills," and considered them almost as essential to a family as bread. Nothing like "Sellers' Liver Pills" for headache, biliousness, dizziness, constipation.

THE KEELEY CURE. FOR RICKETNESS, CHLORAL COACH, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, TOBACCO AND CIGARETTE HABITS. The Keeley Institute at Charleston, West Virginia, gives the GENUINE KEELLEY REMEDIES and they are administered by physicians who are not only skillful in their professions but who have had a thorough course of instruction at the parent Institute at Dwight.

ARE YOU A HUNTER? Send Postal Card for Illustrated Catalogue of Winchester Repeating Rifles. Repeating Shot Guns Ammunition. WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS COMPANY, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Herring-Hall-Marvin Co. STANDARD SAFES. HERRING-HALL-MARVIN CO'S SAFES ARE THE BEST. Repairing and Putting on Combination Locks. ALSO A Large Line of SECOND HAND SAFES in First Class Order. SAFES SOLD ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN. SALESROOMS: New York City; Portland, Me.; Boston; Philadelphia; Cleveland; Chicago; Louisville; St. Louis; Kansas City; Omaha; Minneapolis; St. Paul; New Orleans; San Francisco; Los Angeles; San Diego; Portland, Ore.; Nashville, Tenn.; Richmond, Va.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Evansville, Ind.; Atlanta, Ga.

ANDREW PRICE, EDITOR

How dear to my heart is the bright silver dollar, As fond predilection presents it to view...

The definition of SEIGNORAGE seems to be the name given to the amount of silver bullion accumulated under the Sherman Law...

Levi Gay Esq announces himself this week as a candidate for the legislature, subject to the Democratic convention...

The Kanawha Gazette sees a enormity in the resolution adopted by the Congressional Executive Committee...

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Levi Gay Esq. has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to represent Pocahontas county in the next House of Delegates of West Virginia...

CIRCUIT COURT LAW ORDERS.

(Continued from last week)

F. K. Moore v E. O. Moore, trespass on the case, \$100 damages for plaintiff.

Howard McCoy felony one year in the penitentiary.

Page Gay misdemeanor confessed \$1 and costs.

H. F. Herold and M. F. Herold same confessed in 2 cases, nolle in two cases, \$1 and costs.

A J Hook same \$5 and costs.

Jacob Robinson same \$5 and cost.

B M Yeager appointed commissioner of school lands.

A. F. Mathews vs. H. M. Lockridge et als., judgment for plaintiff.

Wm. T. Beard vs. David Burgess ejectment, judgment for plaintiff.

GREEN BANK

The cold wave still continues and reports say that the early fruit is killed, also the peach crop, which had promised to be fine...

Our farmers are sowing oats and some finished last week.

Messrs. C. O. and W. W. Arhogast are going to plant 30 acres of corn this season...

Rev. C. L. Potter will preach at this place on the 23d inst at 11 a m.

Jeweler Smyth will be at Marlinton for the next 8 days repairing watches clocks and jewelry...

Commissioner's Notice

Office of Commissioner N C McNeil, Marlinton, West Virginia, April 9th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that pursuant to a decree entered in above styled cause on the 3rd day of April 1894 I will at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas County West Virginia, on the 7th day of May 1894 proceed to take state and report the following matters to-wit:

- 1st The judgments against E. I. Holt with their interests and costs binding the fund and their priorities and any other liens with their priorities. 2nd. All debts due from E. I. Holt to whom owing with their respective amounts and interest. 3rd Any other matter to be specially stated deemed pertinent by himself or required by any party in interest to be so stated.

Notice to Lien Holders and Creditors.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise on the real estate or any part thereof of E. I. Holt and all other creditors of the said E I Holt.

Given under my hand this 9th day of April 1894. N. C. McNEIL, Commissioner.

Commissioner's Notice

Bowling Spotts & Co et als vs U S McNeill et als

All parties interested will hereby take notice that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county rendered in the above styled cause on the 6th day of April 1894, I shall as Commissioner appointed by said court in said decree proceed at my office in the town of Marlinton, W Va on Friday the 11th day of May 1894 to take state and report the following matters of account:

- 1st The judgments against U S Mc Neil with their interest and cost and their priorities and anyother liens with their priorities. 2nd All debts due from U S McNeill to whom owing with their respective amounts and interest. 3rd Anyother matter to be specially stated deemed pertinent by himself or required by any party in interest to be stated.

Notice to Lien Holders and Creditors.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise on the real estate or any part thereof of U. S McNeil and all other creditors of the said U S McNeil.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County made in a cause there in pending to subject the real and personal estate of the said U S McNeil to the satisfaction of his debts you are hereby required to present all claims held by you and each of you against the said U S McNeill whether they be liens on his real estate or not for adjudication to me at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas County W Va. on or before the 11th day of May 1894.

Given under my hand this 9th day of April 1894. W. A BRATTON, Commissioner.

Receiver's Sale!

As receiver for U, S McNeill I will sell at

PUBLIC AUCTION ON FRIDAY and SATURDAY

11th and 12th of May,

the entire stock of goods now in my possession as receiver consisting of every thing usually found in a country store, together with the fixtures consisting of counter and platform scales, show cases, etc.

I would call especial attention to the large line of Dry Goods, Hats and Boots and Shoes that will be sold.

Marlinton, W. Va. LEVI GAY, Rec'vr.

S. W. Holt

My Spring stock of goods is now coming in and will be complete soon, and my customers will find any thing they may desire in

DRY GOODS GROCERIES QUEENSWARE HARDWARE, ETC

The finest line of Cigars and Tobacco in the county.

Anyone can be suited in shoes, as I have just received several hundred pair of the latest and best styles on the market.

Now is the time to buy your Spring Suit and you can be suited and fitted with my complete line of clothing.

Carpenter will remember that my Hardware line is full, at present, and with what they need.

Good country produce taken in exchange for goods.

I will want all the WOOL in the country, and pay the highest prices.

Come to Marlinton and see what bargains are kept in my store, As low prices as can be found in the county are guaranteed to purchasers. Our terms are CASH and to responsible parties 30 days.

Marlinton, W. Va.

Attention Farmers! THE FAMOUS WORLD BEATER McCormick Binders, and Reapers, and Mowers, and Binder Twines are Sold By T. A. SYDENSTRICKER, ACADEMY, W. VA.

Price & Smith

Prescription Druggists, West Virginia.

DEALERS IN

Pure Drugs,

Medicines, Patent medicines, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, ETC., ETC

rescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day and night. A competent Pharmacist will have charge of the Prescription Department.

We invite every body and promise close prices and polite attention.

E. A. Smith & Son's Old Stand.

WEST VA. UNIVERSITY.

The Chief Educational Institution OF THE STATE.

Sixteen Professors and Teachers. A Preparatory Department, a Classical Course, a Scientific Course, an Agricultural Course, Courses in Civil and Mining Engineering, and Mechanical Engineering, a Military Department, a Law Department, and a Gymnasium.

INSURE NOW.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co. MILWAUKIE, WISCONSIN,

Offers the cheapest and best insurance of any of the Old Line Companies.

Table with 3 columns: Asset, January 1 1893, \$56,236,089 12; Surplus, January 1 1893, \$ 9,467,384 54

A PURELY U.S. COMPANY

Transacting a larger business than any other purely American company. Its dividends the largest of any life company in the World.

Advertisement for W. L. Douglas \$3 shoe featuring a portrait of the man and detailed pricing for various shoe styles.

DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods.

or sale by BARLOW & MOORE, Edray.

April 17 1894

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. ONE COPY ONE YEAR \$1.50... ON COPY SIX MONTHS .80 cts... ONE COPY THREE MONTHS .50 cts.

These Terms are strictly in advance, otherwise an additional 50 cents per year will be charged.

Entered at the post office at Marlinton, W. Va. as second class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Table with columns for ad length (1 in., 2 in., 3 in., 1 yr.) and corresponding rates for different ad sizes.

Leading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

Marlinton, W. Va.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE U. S. McNEILL STAND

a complete stock of groceries of all kinds.

It is my intention to keep up this stock complete at all times in the grocery line.

To all who know themselves to be indebted to the late firm of U. S. McNeill I will say that further indulgence cannot be granted.

Respectfully Yours,

LEVI GAY, Recv't.

Marlinton, W. Va. Feb. 20th '94.

ROOFING Tin, Iron, Steel, Felt Roofing, with trimmings; and tools to lend, or tools to keep. Can be laid by anybody; shipped every where.

PAINT red and black for metallic roofing; Creosote Preservative for shingles, posts and wood work.

LADDERS that shorten or lengthen; for ladders, carpenters, fruit growers, etc.

PAPER heavy building, for sheathing, lining rooms and floors.

PRICES low. Circulars and quotations by addressing.

WM. A. LIST & CO., Wheeling, W. Va.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of West Virginia, Pocahontas county, to-wit: I hereby certify that the circuit court of Pocahontas county, on Monday, March 26, 1894, William Skeen's Admr.

John T. McGraw and others.

The object of this suit is to enforce the vendors lien retained in an unrecorded deed made by William Skeen and wife to Geo. M. Whitecarver, trustee, on the 2nd day of February, 1891, evidenced by two bonds of the said Whitecarver, now in the hands of J. C. Whiggans, Sheriff, and as such administrator of William Skeen, deceased the first bond for \$2250, due the 1st day of April, 1891, and due Jan. 25, 1892, with interest thereon from the 26th day of January, 1891, the second bond is also for \$2,250 dated the 1st day of April, 1891, falling due on the 30th day of January, 1892, with interest thereon from the 26th day of January, 1891, which is a wholly due and unpaid, by having said of the land set forth in the said deed, which is a tract estimated to contain 2,800 acres more or less, lying in this county, on the waters of Knapp's Creek, adjoining the lands of William...

And it appearing by affidavit filed that Geo. M. Whitecarver, the widow of Wm. Skeen and J. Virginia Skeen Jesse Skeen, Jary Skeen, Robert H. Skeen, J. C. Skeen, I. H. B. Skeen, Mrs. W. K. McKinnon, are children and heirs of William Skeen dec'd., and Geo. T. McKinnon are non-residents of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interest in the said...

Witness J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court, this 20th day of Mar. 1894

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of profligate amours, early excess, wasting weakness, backache, etc., I will send a valuable medicine, which, containing full power for brain and nerves, FREE of charge. A special medical work should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Wood's, Conn. FOR HYPERTENSIA

THE OLD DOCTOR'S Cotton Root Pills LADIES' FAVORITE. AN AYR'S REMEDY and perfectly SAFE. The Pills are used by thousands of women all over the United States, in the Old Doctor's private and family medicine, for 25 years, and not a single bad report...

THE DUNSMORE BUSINESS COLLEGE

An Institute of Shorthand, Staunton, Virginia.

Is not an experiment, nor is it in its infancy. It has lived for 22 years and sent to the world's great emporium more young men than all the other business colleges of the two Virginias combined. Its proprietor charges a fair and reasonable compensation for the training it gives, and offers no premium for idleness.

Dr. Rash's Belts & Appliances. An electro-galvanic battery can be fitted into medicine. Belts, Splinters, Abdominal Supporters, Vests, Drawers, Office Caps, Insoles, etc.

Volta-Medica Appliance Co., 523 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO. An electro-galvanic battery can be fitted into medicine.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. A hand pointing to the product name.

CURE SICK HEADACHE. Sick headaches and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c.

CURE SICK HEADACHE. Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels.

At the house of so many friends that here is where we make our great headquarters. Your cure will be effected at once.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES of Lime and Soda. A fisherman carrying a large cod fish on his back.

Is endorsed and prescribed by leading physicians because both the Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites are the recognized agents in the cure of Consumption. It is as palatable as milk. Scott's Emulsion is a perfect CURE for Consumption, Scrophula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

DR. DODD'S Cure for COLIC IN HORSES. GUARANTEED. Every owner of a horse should keep it on hand. It may save the life of a valuable animal.

CANCER CURED. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write DR. H. H. BUTTS, 522 Pine St. ST. LOUIS, MO.

FURNITURE

Fine Hardwood Furniture. Stock always on hand. ORDERS TAKEN. All Handmade WAGON MAKING AND REPAIRING. SAW FILING. GUN & LOCKSMITH WORK. Prices Reasonable. A G BURROWS, Marlinton, W. Va.

RUPTURES CURED! 25 Years' Experience in treating all varieties of Rupture enables us to guarantee a positive cure. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. VOLTA-MEDICO APPLIANCE CO., 522 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO. The Old Reliable DEWARD 120 N. 9th ST. ST. LOUIS, MO. Established 28 years. Treats male or female, married or single, in cases of exposure, abuses, excesses or improprieties. SKILL GUARANTEED. Board and apartment furnished when desired. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write.

CLUBBING RATES. THE REGISTER AND THE TIMES \$2 for both papers.

We will offer to those paying up back subscription to the TIMES and a year in advance or any subscriber who advances his subscription one year from this or later date, both the above papers one year for \$2.00.

The Register contains 12 pages per week of carefully selected reading matter.

FREE TRIAL. A package of our treatment for weakness and decay, nervous debility and lost vitality sent free for 15 cents postage. DR. WARD INSTITUTE, 139 N. 9th St. ST. LOUIS, MO.

FOR SALE OR RENT. I offer for sale my store house and lot, together with 12,000 feet of lumber, 7,000 shingles, 10 windows, 3 kegs of nails. Terms reasonable.

Also, one tract of land containing 408 acres and one of 78 acres, valuable property on Hill's Creek, Pocahontas county, W. Va.

SELLERS' Liver Pill.

is simply marvellous how quickly constipation, biliousness, and sick headaches are cured by "Sellers Liver Pills."

THE KEELY CURE FOR IRRITABLE BOWELS. FOR RICKENESS OPIUM CHLORAL COLIC NERVOUS PROSTRATION TOBACCO AND CIGARETTE HABITS.

The Keely Institute at Charleston, West Virginia, gives the GENUINE KEELY REMEDIES and they are administered by physicians who are not only skillful in their professions but who have had a thorough course of instructions at the parent Institute at Dwight.

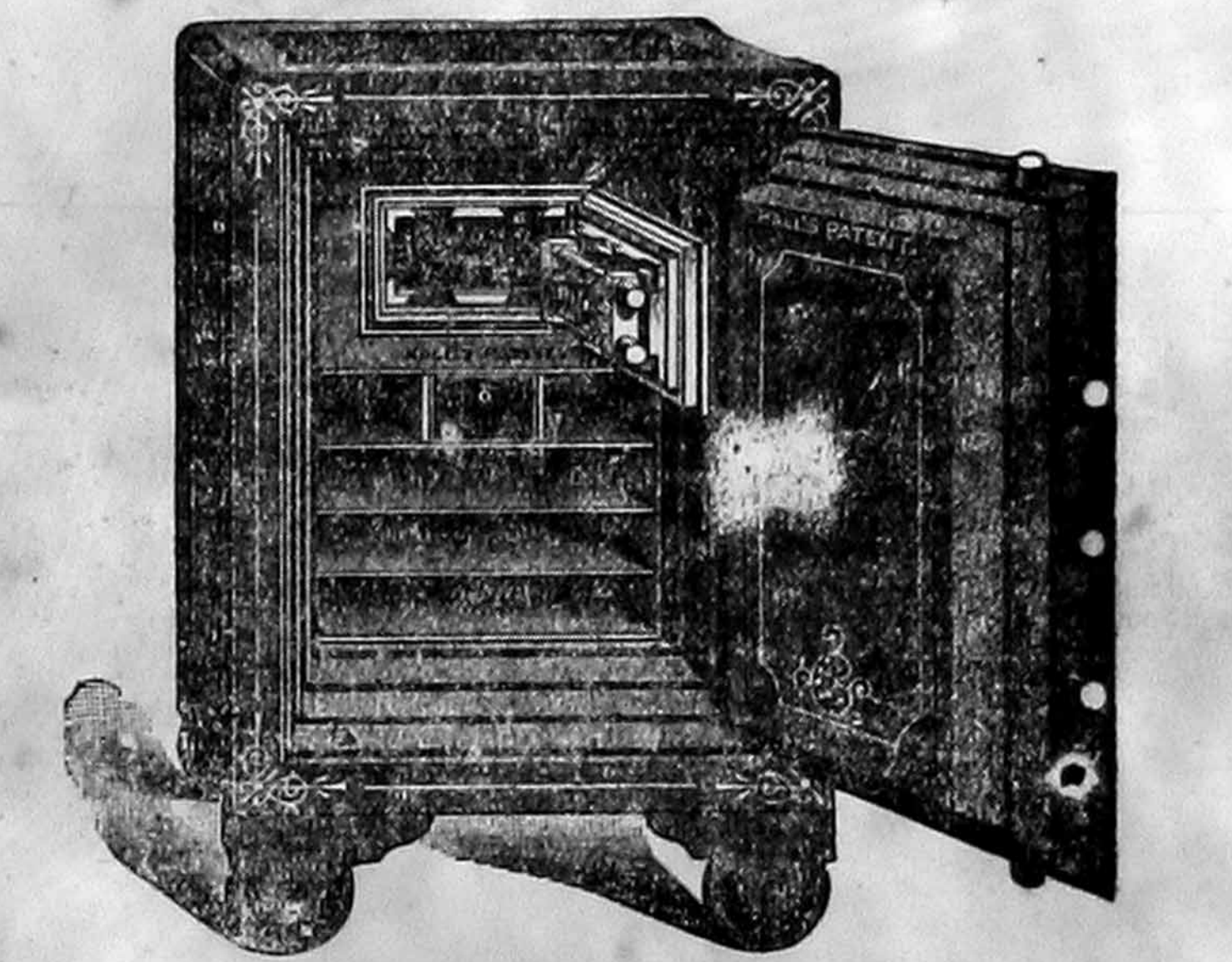
THE KEELY INSTITUTE, Charleston, W. Va., or Wheeling, W. Va.

JUDGE W. H. DODGE, President C. A. BARNES, Vice President and Treas. LEGAGE PRATT, Secretary and General Manager. M. B. BOONE, M. D., Chief Medical Director.

Officers of THE KEELY INSTITUTE COMPANY, of West Virginia, controlling 11 Keely Institutes in the State.

EDWARD C. HALL, PRES. WILLIAM H. HALL, TREAS. R. T. PULLEN, Sec'y

Herring-Hall-Marvin Co. STANDARD SAFES.



HERRING-HALL-MARVIN CO'S SAFES ARE THE BEST.

Repairing and Putting on Combination Locks, ALSO

A Large Line of SECOND HAND SAFES in First Class Order. SAFES SOLD ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.

FACTORIES: Cincinnati, New York, Philadelphia. Principal Office, Cincinnati, Ohio. SALESROOMS: New York City; Portland, Me.; Boston; Philadelphia; Cleveland; Chicago; Louisville; St. Louis; Kansas City; Omaha; Minneapolis; St. Paul; New Orleans; San Francisco; Los Angeles; San Diego; Portland, Oreg.; Nashville, Tenn.; Richmond, Va.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Evansville, Ind.; Atlanta, Ga.

ARE YOU A HUNTER?

Send Postal Card for illustrated Catalogue of

Winchester Repeating Rifles. Repeating Shot Guns. Ammunition. A rifle and a shot gun are shown.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS COMPANY, NEW HAVEN, CONN. FAT FOLKS PILLS. Reduced 35 to 25 pounds per month. No starting, no inconvenience, no bad results, no nervousness. Cure indigestion, biliousness, dyspepsia, malaria, nervousness, and general debility. Physic.

WANTED. ANY LADY, employed or unemployed, \$1 a WEEK.

A recent decision of the Supreme Court of Virginia decides that it is unconstitutional to work the public roads by labor. We have not seen the decision and know not on what grounds it was rendered, but the report comes that at a good many places in that State men who were working on the roads ceased work when the news came. There can be no doubt about it being injurious to the constitution, in one sense. The law has much to commend it, and, we will continue to work or pay, as it is not likely that our Supreme Court will split straws to the detriment of public policy.

A very interesting editorial appeared in the Greenbrier Independent last week headed "Politics in Pocahontas," and it was so comprehensive and inclusive that if any of our country people want to know how they stand they may resort to last week's issue of that paper in which their position is set forth. There is one thing to which we object, and that is the insinuation that we are capable of holding a mass meeting in one district of our county to make nominations for the whole county. This is a piece of political chicanery that cannot be laid at our door this year. Before our people would vote under the odium of so handicapping a candidate who may live in a distant district, the meeting assembled would by motion adopt as means of selection a primary election.

The primary election is impracticable this year on account of the very few nominations to be made. A convention by districts can arrive at the strength of the respective candidates, and leave no disgruntled aspirant to rant on the unfairness of the choice and appear before the public in the objectionable light of an independent.

From what the Greenbrier Independent has said, and what has been reported otherwise throughout the county, a wrong construction has been put upon the action of the Democratic Executive Committee at its last meeting, and that is that a mass meeting will be held which will give the district in which it is held an immense advantage. This was not the intention of the Committee, and Mr. Levi Gay, the only candidate at present who is to be in a position to take the benefit of that advantage, has expressed himself openly and in unqualified terms, as against any such means of nomination. The vote will be taken by districts, as heretofore, as a matter of course, at the June court, when a representative body of citizens will be present from all parts of the county.

The cause of financial panics is to be found according to a very able thinker, in this fact, that the annual interest charges on the capital employed in the business of the nation greatly exceed the increase of actual wealth. Consequently when the money owners call in the principal there must be a collapse. In addition to the charges for interest in business affairs, there is the interest for public debts, and the expenses of running the government. In the past ten years the interest charge is rated at thirty billions, for the same period the increase of wealth is estimated at twenty two billions. Then governmental liabilities amount to nine billions in the same ten years. Here is seventeen billions of liabilities by which the assets of the citizens of the United States fall behind their indebtedness every ten years. The reader can see where the Receiver finds his creation. A new start must be made, wealth lent again, interest and taxes paid again, until another settling time comes and pain follows.

—Jeweler Smyth will be at Marlinton for the next 8 days repairing watches clocks and jewelry. Lowest prices and satisfaction guaranteed. Respectfully,
M. D. SMYTH.

Commissioner's Notice
Office of Commissioner N. C. McNeil, Marlinton, West Virginia, April 9th, 1894.
N. Frank and Sons et als vs. E. I. Holt et als

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that pursuant to a decree entered in above styled cause on the 3rd day of April 1894 I will at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas County West Virginia, on the 7th day of May 1894 proceed to take state and report the following matters to-wit:

- 1st The judgments against E. I. Holt with their interests and costs binding the fund and their priorities and any other liens with their priorities.
- 2nd. All debts due from E. I. Holt to whom owing with their respective amounts and interest.
- 3rd Any other matter to be specially stated deemed pertinent by himself or required by any party in interest to be so stated.
N. C. McNEIL, Commissioner

6 96apr124t

Notice to Lien Holders and Creditors.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise on the real estate or any part thereof of E. I. Holt and all other creditors of the said E I Holt.

In pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of Pocahontas county made in a cause therein pending to subject the real and personal estate of the said E. I. Holt to the satisfaction of his debts, you are hereby required to present all claims held by you and each of you against the said E I Holt whether they be liens on his real estate or not for adjudication to me at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas County West Virginia on or before the 7th day of May 1894.

Given under my hand this 9th day of April 1894.
W. A. BRATTON, Commissioner.

5 52 apr124t

Given under my hand this 9th day of April 1894.
N. C. McNEIL, Commissioner.

Commissioner's Notice
Bowling Spotts & Co et als vs. U. S. McNeill et als
In Chancery

All parties interested will hereby take notice that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county rendered in the above styled cause on the 6th day of April 1894, I shall as Commissioner appointed by said court in said decree proceed at my office in the town of Marlinton W. Va. on Friday the 11th day of May 1894 to take state and report the following matters of account:

- 1st The judgments against U S McNeil with their interest and cost and their priorities and any other liens with their priorities.
- 2nd All debts due from U S McNeil to whom owing with their respective amounts and interest.
- 3rd Any other matter to be specially stated deemed pertinent by himself or required by any party in interest to be stated.
W. A. BRATTON, Commissioner

6 96apr124t

Notice to Lien Holders and Creditors.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise on the real estate or any part thereof of U. S. McNeil and all other creditors of the said U S McNeil.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County made in a cause therein pending to subject the real and personal estate of the said U S McNeil to the satisfaction of his debts you are hereby required to present all claims held by you and each of you against the said U S McNeil whether they be liens on his real estate or not for adjudication to me at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas County W Va. on or before the 11th day of May 1894.

Given under my hand this 9th day of April 1894.
W. A. BRATTON, Commissioner.

5 52 apr124t

Receiver's Sale!

As receiver for U. S McNeill I will sell at

PUBLIC AUCTION ON FRIDAY and SATURDAY

11th and 12th of May,

the entire stock of goods now in my possession as receiver consisting of every thing usually found in a country store, together with the fixtures consisting of counter and platform scales, show cases, etc. Also the buildings advertised in another column will be sold during this sale.

I would call especial attention to the large line of Dry Goods, Hats and Boots and Shoes that will be sold. This will place unless the stock is sold at wholesale before that date.

Marlinton, W. Va. LEVI GAY, Rec'vr.

S. W. Holt

My Spring stock of goods is now coming in and will be complete soon, and my customers will find any thing they may desire in DRY GOODS GROCERIES QUEENSWARE HARDWARE, ETC

The finest line of Cigars and Tobacco in the county.

Anyone can be suited in shoes, as I have just received several hundred pair of the latest and best styles on the market.

Now is the time to buy your Spring Suit and you can be suited and fitted with my complete line of clothing.

Carpenter will remember that my Hardware line is full, of present and with what they need

Good country produce taken in exchange for goods. I will want all the WOOL in the country, and pay the highest prices.

Come to Marlinton and see what bargains are kept in my store, As low prices as can be found in the county are guaranteed to purchasers. Our terms are CASH and to responsible parties 30 days.

Marlinton, W. Va.

Attention Farmers!

THE FAMOUS WORLD BEATER

McCormick Binders, and Reapers, and Mowers, and Binder Twines are Sold By

T. A. SYDENSTRICKER, ACADEMY, W. VA.

A full line of repairs constantly on hand. When in need of first class machinery, it will pay you to see him.

Price & Smith

Prescription Druggists, Marlinton, West Virginia.

DEALERS IN

Pure Drugs,

Medicines, Patent medicines, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, ETC., ETC

prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day and night. A competent Pharmacist will have charge of the Prescription Department.

We invite every body and promise close prices and polite attention.

E. A. Smith & Son's Old Stand.

WEST VA. UNIVERSITY.

The Chief Educational Institution OF THE STATE.

Sixty Professors and Teachers. A Preparatory Department, a Classical Course, a Scientific Course, an Agricultural Course, Courses in Civil and Mining Engineering, and Mechanical Engineering, a Military Department, a Law Department, and a Gymnasium. Each Scientific Department is splendidly equipped with apparatus and machinery. The Collegiate Departments open to both sexes. Tuition free to West Virginia students in all departments except the Preparatory Department and free in this Department for students to the number of one for every 500 population. Eight Cadets are appointed by the Regents from each Senatorial District who are furnished with books and stationary free. The average total expenses per year are from \$140 to \$200 exclusive of clothing and travel. Send for catalogue to Dr. P. B. Reynolds, Vice-President, Morgantown, W. Va.

INSURE NOW.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co.

MILWAUKIE, WISCONSIN,

Offers the cheapest and best insurance of any of the Old Line Companies.

Assets	January 1 1893	\$56,236,089 12
Surplus	January 1 1893	\$ 9,467,384 54

A PURELY U.S. COMPANY

Transacting a larger business than any other purely American company.

Its dividends the largest of any life company in the World.

Proved by hundreds of comparisons with other leading companies.

Rates at the Times Office.

The Best Shoes for the Least Money.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE GENUINE WELT.

Squeakless, Bottom Waterproof, Best Shoe sold at the price.
\$5, \$4 and \$3.50 Dress Shoe. Equal custom work, costing from \$6 to \$8.
\$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking Shoe ever made.
\$2.50, and \$2 Shoes, Unparalleled at the price.
Boys \$2 & \$1.75 School Shoes. Are the Best for Service.
LADIES' \$3, \$2.50 \$2, \$1.75 Best Douglas, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable, Best in the world. All styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass.

THIS IS THE BEST \$3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

or sale by **BARLOW & MOORE, Edr ay.**

One note from out the centuries vast,
Which he who lists to-day may hear;
One word on Judah's waters cast,
With widening circle year by year;
One song that thrills the patriot man—
The crowning brotherhood of man.

Was this the peasant poet sung,
By bonnie Doon and winding Ayr,
To that dear harp by Colla strung,
Whose music floats the noblest prayer,
A choral link from shore to shore—
"Of man to man the world o'er."

No grander utterance, "Man to man!"
Behold the century's living voice!
Those simple words the ages span;
The Nations listen and rejoice!
The plowman bard of Scottish blood
Proclaims the song of brotherhood.

Our fathers struggled to be free;
We have the freedom that they wrought,
For lofty faith and liberty
Brave martyrs died and heroes fought—
"Nemo Impune" sternly stated
On many a fierce and bloody field.

We know by heart each hallowed name;
We trace the turf by valor trod,
The Bannockburns baptized to fame
By men who spurned the tyrant's rod,
Who scorned to wear a conqueror's chain,
Who knew their rights and dared maintain.

As men who climb a mountain height
By tortuous ways and pathless steep,
O'er taken by the darkling night
And living blasts that round them sweep,
Await with joy the morning ray
To guide them on their arduous way.

So up the slope, through rank and mist,
Proud Scotland holds her steadfast way!
To graze peaks by sunlight kissed,
While drifting clouds below her lay;
No pioneer more bold and true
Beneath the heaven's arching blue.

Till now from heights securely reached,
With freedom sown in every soil,
And wasteful war's red banner bleached
On sunlit fields of honest toil,
Hark to the strain: "All war shall cease,
St. Andrew's song of love and peace.

The charity that knows no bound
Is freedom's gift to every land;
The richest gold in quarry found,
Or fairest pearl on ocean strand
Is naught to Saxon freedom now—
The noblest crown on human brow.

And Saxon brotherhood to-day
Means brotherhood all round the world;
No restless realm would dare gainsay
The edict of yon flags unfurled;
A million soldiers useless then
Amid the parliament of men.

Through your cerulean behold the rift,
The hour is ripe, the morn is nigh,
The darkness falls, the Nations lit
Their foreheads to a fraternal sky
Aloft the Twentieth Century's door—
"The Nations shall learn war no more."

O, fairest Queen! whose smiles entrance,
Columbia! born of noble sires,
With youthful vigor in thy glance,
And hope that every land inspires,
Thy mountain chains and rivers free
Proclaim thy power from sea to sea.

Thine be that power to guard and bless
The millions vast who toil and wait,
Till man no longer shall oppress,
But Justice rule at every gate—
"One law, one love, one crowning good—
The century's song of brotherhood."
—Wallace Bruce.

UNDER SUSPICION.



"JESSIE," said Anton Mosby, the forester, to his daughter, "why do you persist in your friendship for our boarder, Hayes, when you know I don't like him? I've warned you often enough. When a man is ashamed to tell his business it doesn't take much discernment to see that something is wrong. He has been in our house now about five weeks, and during the whole time he has not hinted a word as to the meaning of his trips into the woods. Yesterday I saw him prowling about the old quarry, but when I asked him what he was after he said he was looking for game. A likely piece, indeed, to find anything to shoot."

"Father," said the daughter, "Mr. Hayes has always treated me like a gentleman, and, as there is no other company here, I don't see what harm can come from talking with him."

"I know that it is lonesome here, Jessie, with no one but me for company, and when we can afford it we shall go where you can have better advantages, but that fellow Hayes is not the right kind and I don't want you to have anything at all to do with him. I've left word with Dick to have his horse ready when he gets back, for he has got to leave this place to-day. Of course, I've got no proof that he is a bad one, but it is easy enough to see. Look at his brace of pistols. I tell you a rifle is good enough here against

to protect a large section of pine timber owned by an Eastern company from encroachments by rival firms and necessitated long tramps along the boundaries of the great forest estate. His home was located in a small clearing not large enough to escape the shadows of the trees for more than half the day.

The nearest village was a lumbering town about fifteen miles distant. From this village ran a narrow, scraggy road out into the forest, past Mosby's house, and then at the distance of a mile or so divided, one branch turning south and leading somewhere in the direction of civilization, the other running several miles northward and ending in an old quarry which was dug in the side of a rocky ledge.

After Mosby's departure Jessie went on with her work indoors with a heavy heart. Her father's suspicion that the man Hayes, who had been sojourning with them, was only a refugee from justice, pained her. He had always been very obliging about the house, had books in his saddle bags and sometimes read aloud to her, which was a matter of real entertainment, and, while she did not care for him, she felt extremely sorry for the treatment he received at her father's hands. She had to confess, however, on thinking it over, that it was a queer place for a man to come whose only occupation was pleasure. The hunting was poor, the woods damp and gloomy, and the ledge in the distance inhabited mostly by snakes.

Hayes was an ordinary-looking man of about five feet ten, hair brown, eyes blue, and rather quick and nervous in his speech. It was a suspicion of embarrassment in the latter respect when questioned as to his business that first led Mosby to observe his actions, and his preference for the old quarry road, which was rough and swampy and led through a tangled growth of underbrush, seemed evidence enough that he belonged to those who prefer darkness rather than light.

These suspicions made Mosby, naturally a hospitable man, cold and astirical, and many an arrow of sarcasm was plumed for his victim's breast, but Hayes usually seemed perfectly oblivious of their meaning, a fact which only further determined Mosby in the belief that he was a bad one.

The season had been exceedingly dry; for nearly a month not a drop of rain had fallen. The sand lay in drifts in the middle of the road and blew away from the roots of the trees.

During the previous weeks a great fire had been raging to the northward, several towns being razed to the ground and a wide stretch of timber ruined. The ledge of rocks referred to ran in a crescent and acted as a barrier to the flames, so that the country over which Mosby presided was left unharmed, but the smoke spread its mantle of gloom over many miles of contiguous territory.

This great northern section, however, where the fire had been so destructive, was inhabited by wolves, which now, goaded by fire and hunger, sought safety to the southward. Mosby saw them frequently, and their baying could be heard at night while prowling through the woods in search of food; but they were a cowardly lot that ran at the sight of a man, and no one experienced any uneasiness.

When Mosby went on the tramp he invariably took his rifle with him, hoping to obtain enough pelts during the season for a robe.

"Wolves," he used to say to Hayes, "are about all the game you will find about these quarters, but if you want to kill any you'd better throw away your six-shooters and get a rifle, for all the things are good for is to kill men, and I reckon the people around here are a peaceable lot."

"Of course it might be a good thing if one wanted to escape from a constable, but we are presuming that you want to kill animals." But his arguments as to the relative merits and uses of the two weapons had little effect on Hayes, who still continued to carry the pistols and make excursions not into the woods where Mosby ventured, "there might be a stray deer if one happened to see it," but toward the quarry and the hills.

Whether Mosby wanted to keep watch of his strange boarder's actions that day, or whether his business led in that direction, we cannot say, but he spent the afternoon exploring the timber abutting the highlands. His observations were quite minute, and the sun was beginning to redden the clouds in the west when he started for home, and by the time he reached the road it had become quite dark. He had about eight miles to cover, but the way was so rough that he made slow progress.

Here and there a moonbeam glistened on a sandy opening, but for the greater part of the time the foliage of the trees entirely obscured the light, so he slumped wearily along, musing upon the events of the previous weeks and wondering where Hayes had gone to spend the night.

A warm breeze swayed the tops of the huge pines; this and the sticks which crackled under his feet were all that broke the silence of the night—all until from the distance came suddenly

Mosby plodded along, giving little heed except wishing that he could get a sight on one of the "varmints" in a bright spot of moonlight. The howling of the wolves gradually became more frequent and began to sound nearer and nearer. Mosby came to a halt and examined the condition of his gun, and then, although feeling that the rifle insured his safety, began to hasten his steps. By the time he had covered another half mile he knew that there was danger behind, for the weird sounds had increased into a din and an uproar. They were evidently on his trail and rapidly approaching, dozens of them, perhaps, courageous, at last, from the strength of numbers.

He realized that there would be scant time for reloading a gun after once firing, and looked about for a tree which he could climb and pick them off one at a time, but where there were trees the darkness was so deep that the project had to be abandoned as impracticable, and he could not endure the thought of remaining a prisoner all night in the uncomfortable branches of a pine tree on account of a few wolves. This decision was scarcely reached when he would gladly have changed it, for a moment later the wolves reached the road behind him and were coming along at long leaps, filling the air with their mournful screams.

Mosby, still cool and collected, raised his rifle to his shoulder. A gray form flashed in the light a little distance away and he fired. The howling of the pack suddenly ceased as one of their number rolled in the sand, and Mosby, after reloading, started on a trot toward a small opening. Before he reached it they were in pursuit again, it seemed as if in greater fury than ever, notwithstanding they had first feasted on the flesh of a comrade.

Mosby fired again, but missed his aim. For a moment they hesitated, their eyes shining in the darkness, and then, gnashing their fangs, rushed forward into the light. Mosby's heavy rifle whirled around his head and descended on the skull of the foremost wolf, but the beast, crazed with hunger, had lost all fear, and Mosby saw that he had met his fate. A wave of sorrow for poor Jessie, left all alone in such a country, welled up in his heart and then, gritting his teeth in anger, he grasped his gunstock tighter and struck again. This blow was his last, for the next instant he was borne to the ground.

"Bang, bang, bang," suddenly rung through the forest. A wolf with his fangs buried in Mosby's arm released his hold; another tearing furiously at his breast fell dead. The air resounded with quick reports and Mosby, weak and almost dying, saw the suspicious boarder rush into the fray, a repeater in each hand.

When he next opened his eyes he was at home and Jessie by his side. "Where is Hayes?" he murmured.

"Here, father," she answered, and Hayes stepped forward from the shadow where he had been sitting.

The old man would have given him his hand, but his arms were limp and lifeless.

"You saved my life," he murmured gratefully, "and I reckon your kind of weapons are the best, after all, among wolves. You must stay with us the whole season and Jessie and I will do our best to entertain you."

Hayes smiled. "It was a lucky thing that you sent me away, Mr. Mosby, for otherwise I would not have been on the quarry road and saved you. I finished my work here yesterday, and so when Dick told me that I must go I started for the quarry to get some things. Jessie has told me what you feared I was and I do not blame you. It did look suspicious, and I often felt ashamed that I had to keep so quiet, but my time has been spent prospecting for iron and negotiating purchases of land. I am the junior partner in a firm which expects to establish a mine in this vicinity and came here enjoined to absolute secrecy. The business is now where this is no longer necessary, for we have contracted for all the land we want except one corner, probably the richest in ore, however, of all."

Hayes then opened his papers and showed a plan of the grounds.

"Why," cried Mosby, "that corner belongs to me, and is the most worthless piece of ground on the footstool. I've always been ashamed to claim ownership."

"Do you wish to sell it, Mr. Mosby?" asked Hayes.

"Sell it?" returned Mosby. "Take it for nothing. Bring me the paper and I will sign the deed."

Hayes acted with alacrity; he found a form, filled in some figures and held it in front of the old man.

"For and in consideration of \$20,000!" gasped Mosby. "What does it mean?"

"It means," replied Hayes, "that I consider it a reasonable bargain for our firm at that price."

The old man recovered entirely during the course of a few months. Mr. Hayes the following year was frequently a boarder with Jessie and her father, but one August day there was a wed-



EARLY FATTENING OF HOGS.

It costs much less to make a pound of pork early than it does late, though if corn alone be fed too much of it while the weather is warm is apt to injure digestion. The great advantage of early fattening is that it is done while there is usually plenty of waste vegetable, small potatoes, beets and small apples, more or less of which go to the pigpen and vary the diet of the fattening hogs. After these are all stored in the cellar it is very rare that any are taken out, and then fattening hogs soon cloy on their ration of corn without anything to make it more easy of digestion.—American Cultivator.

FEEDING A CALVING COW.

The feeding of a cow soon to calve is an important matter as regards the welfare of the animal, and by neglect or mistake many cows are injured when in this condition. It is safe to avoid all grain feeding for at least one month before the calf is expected, but any kind of vegetables or roots may be given with safety and advantage. The principle on which such cows are to be fed is that the bowels should be kept in a free condition, and all food that may unduly stimulate the system is to be avoided. After the calf appears, stronger food is given gradually during two or three weeks following. The cow may be milked a few hours after the calf is born. It is to be kept from sucking, which is generally advisable, but the milking must depend wholly on the condition of the cow. Some copious milkers may need milking before the calf comes.—New York Times.

A POINT IN BUTTER MAKING.

The readings of the Babcock test at Chicago, in the dairy test, and the actual results of the churn, indicate at the close of sixty-five days that, had it been possible to make separators and churns and other things to work to perfection, the Jerseys would have had ninety-eight, the Guernseys ninety-two, the Shorthorns, ninety-three pounds each more butter to their credit, and this with the most perfect mechanism ever devised in butter making and controlled by the best experts obtainable. Now if with separators and best churns, over ninety pounds of butter is lost in about 2300 pounds, what is the loss in the usual farm house, where butter is being made in primitive ways, so to speak? This shows a loss of about one pound of butter in forty of original fat, while ordinary making shows about one pound in four is lost between pan and butter crock, or at least ten times more.—Prairie Farmer.

HORSE NOTES.

Bran makes more bone than oats. Beauty and speed combined will always sell. Breed in to fix the type and out to strengthen the constitution. Horses kindly treated and well groomed require less feed than those which are not well cared for. The horse breeder should know how to handle his horse intelligently, treat it humanely and feed it scientifically. The horse is a dainty feeder and will eat more heartily and with better relish if the food is not kept constantly before them. When German coach horses are crossed, even upon common mares, the colts produced are remarkable for size, bone and action. Young horses for roadsters and driving purposes need to be fed properly and upon the grain foods adapted to their needs and future development. Every farmer should include a colt or two among his live stock. If they are the proper kind, they will pay better than almost any other kind of stock. Turn the colts out every day to exercise at will in a paddock. If kept in the stall their spirits and health suffer and they are apt to form bad habits. In order to bring a good price young trotters must be trained. If the breeder cannot afford to do this he can sometimes arrange with a trainer for development on "shares." If horse meat could be made popular as an article of diet, it would be a boon to those people who have been foolish enough to breed inferior horses which are not suitable for road or draught purposes. The produce of pacing dams train more easily and develop more rapidly than animals in which that element is wanting, and the explanation of this is that the fast pace is older than the fast trot and the instinct more firmly fixed. Moderate exercise to light cart and on a smooth road or track during the coming winter is less apt to prove injurious to last spring's foals than is the old-fashioned practice of turning them out together in rough or icy yards, when more or less injury is sure to result.

H., Clinton County, Ohio, regarding the best and proper location for buildings on a farm that lies wholly on one side of the road, I would say that where at all practical, it is by far best to place them near the roadside, for potent reasons.

It is desirable particularly for social intercourse, as your neighbors and friends are much more apt to call and much better opportunity is afforded in sending to town for mills or groceries when inexpedient to go yourself and a neighbor passes by.

It might be argued that tramps are less liable to trouble when such buildings are further back, but experience teaches us that such is not the case, as frequent passers-by are a menace to such visitors and they seldom make their calls disrespectful. We are aware that if a farm be quite rectangular, with a narrow front to the road, it might be less convenient to build adjacent to the roadside than if the long side lay there, yet we would prefer to build there if site was satisfactory, and if possible let our fields reach the full length of the farm, if not too large.

Of course there are farms where it is perfectly impracticable to build upon the roadside, other than for a mere residence. The writer was raised on just such a farm where the buildings are almost in the center. This made it very handy for farm purposes, in hauling and passing to and from work. Still there was a certain amount of social freedom that was always absent, which I find now living by the roadside. In fact, I would rather put up with many inconveniences than to be moved back from the road, especially if a man had one ran besides my farm, for then, with my buildings on it it would be handy at any season of the year to go to town or to market.

I think it has a better effect on one's children to be thrown into the possession of certain freedom and privileges that remoteness from the highway cannot afford them. Mostly our schoolhouses are situated along the road, consequently our children find less inconvenience in attending school. As a rule, our highways pass some well located spot that will prove a satisfactory location for our buildings, which will prove an incentive to us to improve their surroundings much more than if set too far back from the road. Yes, by all means C. H., build upon the roadside or sufficiently close to be practically convenient to it.—Ohio Farmer.

POULTRY NOTES.

Grease of any kind is a preventive of scabby legs. It is best to have the roosts low and all on one level. Don't keep too large a flock for the accommodations you offer. Too much food is as bad as too little for diminishing the egg supply. Active breeds require more grain than those which take on fat readily. All grain should be scattered so that the hens are compelled to search for it. Cut bones are well worth what they cost, and every farmer should own a center. If you expect to make money out of your poultry you must give it rational treatment. Bronze turkeys are a cross between the pure American gobbler and a domestic turkey. Mixed lots in the chicken market are generally purchased at the price the poorest are worth. Give all the fowls a warm feed each day, if possible, and avoid feeding any musty or spoiled food. A good way to feed clover to poultry is to run it through a cutting box and then soak it over night. By raising most of your roots and vegetables the cost of keeping poultry will be greatly diminished. Light Brahmas are the largest of the Brahma family. They are good birds where meat is desired. The layers and the fattening fowls require different systems of feeding, and should be kept separate. Most people are unaware that consumption is one of the many diseases to which poultry are subject. Inbreeding will improve the appearance of the birds, but if carried to far the health of the chickens will suffer. A three-year-old gobbler is generally esteemed better than a two-year-old one for the raising of healthy chicks. You may be too far from market to pay for raising poultry to send thither, but why not raise a little for your own family? Why not feed your poultry a little ensilage? What is good for milk production should also be good for egg production. Fowls are supposed to have been introduced into Europe from Persia. They are believed to have been first domesticated in Barmah. Everybody knows that the sick swallow liquids more readily than solids, and so successful poultry keeping implies the employment of cooking

The Best Pleasant Way
 Of preventing the grippe, colds, headaches and fevers is to use the liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, whenever the system needs a gentle, yet effective cleansing. To be benefited one must get the true remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all druggists in 5c. and 25c. bottles.

China had suspension bridges R. C.

Deafness Cannot be Cured
 by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a running ear, or it may become permanently closed, and when it is closed deafness is the result, and it is entirely closed deafness can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be restored forever; plus cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars to any one who can cure a case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, Dr. J. C. KERRY & Co., Toledo, O.

Cologne has a 300 year old rose tree.

For Coughs and Throat Disorders use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROUDES. Have never changed my mind respecting them, except I think better of that which I began by thinking well of.—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, Sold only in boxes.

California has 100 Turkish farmers.

Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup is a Positive Cure for Croup. 25 cents at druggists.

The first English shilling was minted in 1527.

Mornings—Fecum's Pills with a drink of water. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

The world's coffee output is 650,000 tons.

Inflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS.

FRIED ONIONS.

The art of frying an onion so that it will be delicate and crisp is not generally understood. There is but one way to fry this vegetable which will give the right result—that is, to cut it in slices and soak them in milk for at least ten minutes. Then dip the slices in flour and immerse them in boiling fat, hot enough to brown instantly a bit of bread thrown in. You cannot keep the onion in slices, so it is not worth while to try to do so. After they have fried for six or seven minutes they may be lifted up with a skimmer on to brown paper and will be found firm and thoroughly delicious. Cooked in this way they may be served as a garnish to a daintily broiled beefsteak or to a dish of fried chops or beef croquettes. There is no way of frying an onion in a pan with a little butter, as commonly recommended in cook books, which will produce a satisfactory result. The onion softens and absorbs the butter, owing to the natural law of capillary attraction, and the result is that the butter and onion become a dark and greasy mass.—American Cultivator.

COYOTES HUNTING BREAKFAST.

leaving each other in the chase after floor-footed Jack Rabbits.

"Did you ever see a pack of coyotes rustling for grub?" asked an old miner of a reporter for the Moreno (Cal.) Indicator. "I've lived on the desert night onto thirty years," he resumed, "and saw many a queer sight, but coyotes a-rustlin' for grub beats them all. Them animals are as well rained as any body of soldiers ever was under General Grant. They elect a captain, whether by drawing straws or by ballot, I don't recollect off-hand. Just at daylight a reveille calls the pack together and they come yelpin' and howlin' over the desert like a lot of things possessed, their appetites sharpened by the crisp air and eager for their regular diet of jerked rabbit meat. The avant courier sniff found among the sagebrush and greasewood, while the rest of the pack form into a big circle, sometimes spreadin' out on the plain over a radius of two or three miles. The buriers head a jack rabbit in the circle and the coyote nearest takes up the chase.

"You know a jack rabbit can run ten times faster than a coyote, and when the one in pursuit gets tuckered out the next one takes up the chase, and so on till the jack falls down dead from exhaustion. Then the whole pack leap onto him, their jaws snapping like sheepsblades in their time. Then when the jack is disposed of another reveille is sounded and the pack again form into a circle, and the circus is kept up until everyone of the yelpin', yeller devils has satisfied his appetite, sometimes killin' hundreds of jacks and cottontails for one meal, for a coyote can eat a jack as big as himself and then look as if he was clean starved to death. I was clean through the ate unpleasantness with General Grant and I know what scientific generalin' is, and them coyotes know as much as any soldiers that ever lived about army tactics. The commander-in-chief is usually the oldest coyote in the pack, and he sits on a snoll where he can give orders to his lieutenants and aids, and what they don't know about ambushades, manoeuvrin' and field tactics generally, tin't worth knowin'."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The official reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others, yielding 160 cubic inches of leavening gas per ounce of powder, a strength greatly in excess of every other powder tested.



Miss Ortenia E. Allen
 81 am, Mich.

Liver and Kidney

trouble caused me to suffer all but death. Eight weeks I lived on brandy and beef tea. The doctor said he had not a ray of hope for my recovery. I rallied and commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and from the first felt better. I continued and am now able to assist my mother in her household work. I owe my life to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ORTEZIA E. ALLEN, HOOD'S CURES.

Hood's Pills cure such a sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

P N U 2 '04

APPLE JELLY.

Apple jelly is little regarded because the apple is so common. Nevertheless it is one of our most excellent fruit jellies, and it is a standard dependence of the French cook in the preparation of fruit pies and various other desserts. The French make many delicious compotes of apples. The difference between a compote and a preserve should be carefully noted. A compote is a preparation of fruit put up for immediate use, as we put up cranberries or stew apples; a preserve is a preparation of fruit intended to be used at some distant time, and may usually be kept a twelvemonth or longer. Apple preserves are an absurdity, as apples are found in market all the year round, except in the beginning of summer, when other fruits are in abundance. Apple jelly is best prepared from time to time as it is needed, though there is no objection to having two weeks' supplies in the house for fruit pies and general use. A compote should not be made more than a day or two of the farthest before it is to be served. The most familiar American compote, moulded cranberries, is considered to be in its prime condition the day after it is made.

For an apple jelly select a dozen firm, well flavored apples. Fall pippins make an excellent jelly, but almost any well flavored, slightly tart apple will do for this purpose. Do not peel the apples, but cut them into quarters, leaving the core in, but removing any wormy specks. Partially decayed apples are unfit for the purpose. Pour a pint of cold water over them and slice in half a lemon. Put them in a porcelain-lined kettle to boil. Let them cook for twenty minutes, and then strain them through a fine sieve or a coarse cloth. Add sugar in the proportion of a pound to every pint of juice. Let the sugar and apple juice boil together for twenty minutes. Then test the mixture, and as soon as it forms a jelly pour it into cups. A layer of this jelly spread over an apple meringue pie before the meringue is put on is a great improvement, and most French cooks use such a layer in all their fruit pies, both next to the crust and over the fruit, so that the fruit is incased in the apple jelly. The reason for this is that the apple is an inexpensive, convenient article to use, and possesses the ability to take to itself the flavor of other fruits, like peaches, pineapples and greenapples. A most delicious apple meringue pie is made of apple jelly strongly tintured with lemon juice and covered with a meringue flavored with lemon. For the purpose of economy a nice applesauce, strained as it should be, and with a layer of apple jelly over it and then the layer of meringue is more often used.—New York Tribune.

Victoria's Dogs.

Queen Victoria has fifty-five pet dogs. They live in the grandest canine style that was ever known. Their dining-room is handsomely carpeted and ornamented with the portraits of their celebrated ancestors in oil and water colors. Some of the pictures are adorned with white of the hair which belonged to the departed pets of her Majesty. The dogs are proud of their portrait gallery, and they despise all the low-bred curs of creation. How nice it is to be a queen's dog.

DR. MOCHHOUSE, the Bishop of Manchester, is an amiable and mild-mannered divine, much beloved in his diocese. The other day, however, a clergyman in a Lancashire parish gave out for a text: "The devil like a roaring lion goeth about seeking whom he may devour," and almost in the same breath continued: "My friends, you will probably have heard that the Bishop of Manchester has announced his intention of visiting every church in his diocese, and consequently we may expect very shortly to see him at this church," and then proceeded with his discourse, wondering what the congregation was smiling at.

Hard Times.

Politicians may debate and Congress may legislate, but there is one element of distress which makes the times very hard indeed, and that is a cold winter and physical suffering. Pains and aches are not set down in any tariff list, and there is one reformer, St. Jacobs Oil, that does not delay a prompt cure of such evils.

A Clear-Headed Young Man.
 Mamma—Johnnie, why don't you try and have as nice table manners as Harry Jones? Johnnie—Well, because I'm at home and he's a-visiting.

THE JUDGES Of the WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION Have made the **HIGHEST AWARDS** (Medals and Diplomas) to **WALTER BAKER & CO.** On each of the following named articles:

BREAKFAST COCOA,
 Premium No. 1, Chocolate, . .
 Vanilla Chocolate,
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 Cocoa Butter,

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

After 25 Years **ISSS** was recommended, and after taking six bottles I am now well and my skin is perfectly clear, and I should not be in my former condition for two thousand dollars.

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Cured by **S. S. S.**

Send for Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

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HARD TIMES FERTILIZERS

Send two dollar postage stamps for circular.

PIERRE

Send for circular.

PIANO MOVEMENT

Beautifully finished.

Send for circular.

PIERRE'S MECHANICAL SPELLER.

Beautifully finished.

Send for circular.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

To clean brass lamp-burners and make them good as new, boil in salted vinegar.

To clean rust or other stains from the inside of decanters, cruets, or other slender necked glass vessels slice a potato and use as you would shot grains.

To slide pies with ease give the plate a few careful "dops" when you first take it from the oven and, unless the juice has cooked over the edge, it will loosen at once.

To boil dumplings in the old-fashioned way without a steamer invert a saucer in the bottom of kettle and, just before the water comes to a boil, drop them in around it.

To beat eggs successfully they should first be thoroughly chilled. In the summer time they should be immersed in ice water or placed in the refrigerator a few moments before using.

Take a basket of eggs and dip in a kettle of water, putting them in and out again as quickly as possible, three times in succession. They will keep an entire season prepared in this way.

If the inside of your tin or coffee pot is black, fill it with water and put in a piece of hard soap. Set it on the stove and let it boil half an hour or

German Syrup

Regis Leblanc is a French Canadian store keeper at Notre Dame de Stanbridge, Quebec, Can., who was cured of a severe attack of Congestion of the Lungs by Boschee's German Syrup. He has sold many a bottle of German Syrup on his personal recommendation. If you drop him a line he'll give you the full facts of the case direct, as he did us, and that Boschee's German Syrup brought him through nicely. It always will. It is a good medicine and thorough in its work.

PATENTS—THE EAR F. 8338
 FREE CATALOGUE

Pictured Rocks.

The famous pictured rocks on the Evansville pike, about four miles from Morgantown, West Virginia, have been a source of wonder and speculation for more than a century, attracting much attention among the learned men of this country and Europe. The cliff upon which these drawings are found is of considerable size, and within a short distance of the highway above mentioned. The rock is a white sandstone which wears little from exposure to the weather, and upon its smooth surface are delineated the outlines of animals, birds, reptiles, and fish, embracing the panther, deer, buffalo, otter, beaver, wildcat, fox, wolf, raccoon, opossum, bear, elk, crow, turkey, eagle, eel, various sorts of fish, large and small snakes, et cetera. In the midst of this silent menagerie is the full-length outline of a female form, beautiful and perfect in every respect. Interspersed among the drawings of animals are imitations of the footprints of each sort, the whole space occupied being one hundred and fifty feet long by fifty feet wide. To what race the artist belonged, or what his purpose was in making these rude portraits, must ever remain a mystery; but the work was evidently done ages ago.

YOUR GOOD HEALTH, if you're a suffering woman, demands Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. There's no other medicine like it, for women's peculiar ills. No matter how distressing your symptoms, it relieves your aches and pains, and if faithfully used will bring a permanent cure in every chronic weakness or derangement, in catarrhal inflammation, and in the displacements of women.

West Liberty, O.
 Dr. R. V. PIERCE: Dear Sir—I can cheerfully recommend your valuable medicine, the "Favorite Prescription," to suffering females.

Three years ago my health became so poor that I was scarcely able to help with the household duties. I was persuaded to try your medicine, and I purchased six bottles. That, with the local treatment you advised, made me strong and well.

My sister has used it in the family with like results.

J. E. Johnson

Increased Appetite is one of the first good effects felt by users of Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites. Good appetite begets good health.

Scott's Emulsion

is a fat food that provides its own tonic. Instead of a tax upon appetite and digestion it is a wonderful help to both.

Scott's Emulsion arrests the progress of Consumption, Bronchitis, Scrofula, and other wasting diseases by raising a barrier of healthy flesh, strength and nerve.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

THE WALL PAPER MERCHANT Sells the Best, THE CHEAPEST WALL PAPER

Good Papers 2c. and 3c. Gold Papers 5c. per roll. 10c. Send 5c. stamps for samples. 241 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

South Dakota's Wealth

South Dakota has 50,000 farms, valued at \$70,000,000 on which are raised 17,000,000 bushels of wheat and 22,000,000 of corn and various other cereals. The wild grasses yield 1,500,000 tons of hay and the wool clip exceeds 5,000,000 pounds. The Black Hill mines have yielded \$50,000,000 of gold and silver.

Barclay, author of the Argenta, in his leisure hours was a florist.

"COLCHESTER" SPADING BOOT

For Farmers, Miners, R. R. Hands and others. The outer or top sole extends the whole length of the sole down to the heel, preventing the shank in digging, digging, &c. BEST Quality Throughout.

P N U 2 '04

DROPSY

Treated free. Positively cured with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases of Dropsy. From first onset symptoms rapidly disappear and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. THE ONLY TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail. DR. R. G. CLARK & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

1,000,000 ACRES OF LAND for sale by the SAINT PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD COMPANY in Minnesota. Send for Maps and Circulars. They will be sent to you **FREE.** Address: **HOPEWELL CLARKE,** Lead Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

PATENTS TRADE MARKS Examination of invention. Send for Inventors' Opinions, or how to obtain a patent. **PATRICK O'FARRELL,** Washington, D.C.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use PISO'S Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

PIERRE'S MECHANICAL SPELLER.

Beautifully finished.

Send for circular.

"German Syrup"

Regis Leblanc is a French Canadian store keeper at Notre Dame de Stanbridge, Quebec, Can., who was cured of a severe attack of Congestion of the Lungs by Boschee's German Syrup. He has sold many a bottle of German Syrup on his personal recommendation. If you drop him a line he'll give you the full facts of the case direct, as he did us, and that Boschee's German Syrup brought him through nicely. It always will. It is a good medicine and thorough in its work.

PATENTS—THE EAR F. 8338
 FREE CATALOGUE

One bottle for fifteen cents, Twelve bottles for one dollar, } by mail.

R.I.P.A.N.S

Ripans Tabules are the most effective recipe ever prescribed by a physician for any disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels.

Buy of any druggist anywhere, or send price to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 20 Spruce St., New York.

"A Fair Face May Prove a Foul Bargain." Marry a Plain Girl if She Uses

SAPOLIO

One bottle for fifteen cents, Twelve bottles for one dollar, } by mail.

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SAPOLIO

ANDREW PRICK, EDITOR

Coxyism is getting to be serious. According to a cartoon, the Coxy-be and the monopolist have the same motto, which is, "In Washington we trust." In Louisiana, one division stole a train and were running it regardless of time tables. They were arrested by a division of U. S. troops. The strangest part of the whole enterprise is that no one has ever conceived the idea of making use of the vast surplusage of tramps in this country, before.

Congress will have to adjourn very soon as the members have never been so assailed before by enemies, and for their self preservation as representatives they will have to be at home and making their fight. Wm. L. Wilson will have one great advantage, and that is, that he will have no complexities to clear away in regard to his policy. The luxury of civil service lines will greatly handicap members of Congress, though they have been practically helpless.

A new phase was recently introduced in testimony to impeach a witness. The impeaching witness was asked, concerning the party in question, on the questionable party's reputation for truth and veracity in the neighborhood in which he lived. He answered that it was about the average. The attorney, persevering, asked if from that reputation he would believe him on oath; answer, "no!" On being asked to express what he meant, he said that the party lived in such a talking neighborhood that he would not believe him or any of his neighbors on oath or any other way.

The Monroe County Watchman says that Hon. John Preston is still "swinging around the circle," in regard to the nomination of a Congressman in this district is concerned. The Wheeling Register says that Ex Gov. Wilson might run if his friends insist upon it. Enough friends will be doubtless be found to perform this labor of love and so we may count on the "Governor's" candidacy. We may take it for granted that the present Congressman, Mr. Alderson will be in the race, and it would be a very strange thing indeed if a Representative would refuse to be re-elected. With the Convention so near it is not at all likely that any other candidate will be in the field, and of these three, Mr. Alderson is eminently the most proper man to be nominated under the present circumstances. We think Mr. Alderson is the man for this year.

Administrators' Sale.

As administrators of Caroline E. Warwick decd. we will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, at her late residence near Edray, on

THURSDAY, MAY 10th, 1894.

the personal property of the said Caroline E. Warwick's estate, consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture, 1 Two horse Wagon, Mower, Buggy rake, and other farming utensils, 2 Horses, 1 Male, Cows, Hogs, etc.

TERMS: All sums under \$5 cash in hand; on all sums of \$5 and over a six months credit will be given on bond and good security.

EMMA N. WARWICK JOHN C. WARWICK Admsrs.

NOTICE.

Persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me will please settle with my attorneys by the 15th day of May, 1894, as I will leave about that time. By so doing they will save double cost. Yours resp't. F. A. DILLY.

John S. Smyth will be at Marlinton for the next 8 days repairing watches clocks and jewelry. Lowest prices and satisfaction guaranteed. Respectfully, M. D. SMYTH.

Commissioner's Notice

Office of Commissioner N. C. McNeill, Marlinton, West Virginia, April 9th, 1894.

N. Frank and Sons et als vs. E. I. Holt et als

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that pursuant to a decree entered in above styled cause on the 3rd day of April 1894 I will at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas County West Virginia, on the 7th day of May 1894 proceed to take state and report the following matters to-wit:

1st The judgments against E. I. Holt with their interests and costs binding the fund and their priorities and any other liens with their priorities.

2nd. All debts due from E. I. Holt to whom owing with their respective amounts and interest.

3rd Any other matter to be specially stated deemed pertinent by himself or required by any party in interest to be so stated. N. C. McNEIL, Commissioner 6 96 April 24th

Notice to Lien Holders and Creditors.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise on the real estate or any part thereof of E. I. Holt and all other creditors of the said E. I. Holt.

In pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of Pocahontas county made in a cause therein pending to subject the real and personal estate of the said E. I. Holt to the satisfaction of his debts, you are hereby required to present all claims held by you and each of you against the said E. I. Holt whether they be liens on his real estate or not for adjudication to me at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas County West Virginia on or before the 7th day of May 1894.

Given under my hand this 9th day of April 1894. N. C. McNEIL, Commissioner. 5 28 apr 1894

Commissioner's Notice

Bowling Spotts & Co et als vs. U. S. McNeill et als

In Chancery All parties interested will hereby take notice that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county rendered in the above styled cause on the 8th day of April 1894, I shall as Commissioner appointed by said court in said decree proceed at my office in the town of Marlinton W. Va on Friday the 11th day of May 1894 to take state and report the following matters of account:

1st The judgments against U. S. McNeill with their interest and cost and their priorities and any other liens with their priorities.

2nd All debts due from U. S. McNeill to whom owing with their respective amounts and interest

3rd Any other matter to be specially stated deemed pertinent by himself or required by any party in interest to be stated.

6 96 April 24th W. A. BRATTON, Commissioner

Notice to Lien Holders and Creditors.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise on the real estate or any part thereof of U. S. McNeill and all other creditors of the said U. S. McNeill.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County made in a cause therein pending to subject the real and personal estate of the said U. S. McNeill to the satisfaction of his debts you are hereby required to present all claims held by you and each of you against the said U. S. McNeill whether they be liens on his real estate or not for adjudication to me at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas County W. Va. on or before the 11th day of May 1894.

Given under my hand this 9th day of April 1894. W. A. BRATTON, Commissioner. 5 22 apr 1894

Receiver's Sale!

As receiver for U. S. McNeill I will sell at

PUBLIC AUCTION ON FRIDAY and SATURDAY

11th and 12th of May,

the entire stock of goods now in my possession as receiver consisting of every thing usually found in a country store, together with the fixtures consisting of counter and platform scales, show cases, etc. Also the buildings advertised in another column will be sold during this sale.

I would call especial attention to the large line of Dry Goods, Hats and Boots and Shoes that will be sold. This will place unless the stock is sold at wholesale before that date.

Marlinton, W. Va. LEVI GAY, Rec'vr.

S. W. Holt

My Spring stock of goods is now coming in and will be complete soon, and my customers will find any thing they may desire in DRY GOODS GROCERIES QUEENSWARE HARDWARE, ETC

The finest line of Cigars and Tobacco in the county.

Anyone can be suited in shoes, as I have just received several hundred pair of the latest and best styles on the market.

Now is the time to buy your Spring Suit and you can be suited and fitted with my complete line of clothing.

Carpenter will remember that my Hardware line is full, at present, and with what they need.

Good country produce taken in exchange for goods.

I will want all the

WOOL

in the country, and pay the highest prices.

Come to Marlinton and see what bargains are kept in my store. As low prices as can be found in the county are guaranteed to purchasers. Our terms are CASH and to responsible parties 30 days.

Marlinton, W. Va.

PILES... Dr. H. B. BUTTS, 323 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dr. Rush's Belts & Appliances

An electro-galvanic battery combined into one. Belts, Suspensories, Spinal Appliances, Abdominal Supporters, Vests, Drawers, Office Caps, Insoles, etc. Cures Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Errors of Youth, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Sexual Weakness, and all Troubles in Male or Female. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. Volta-Medica Appliance Co., 323 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

FAT FOLKS... Dr. H. B. BUTTS, 323 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dr. H. B. BUTTS' BROWN'S HIGH BITTERS

Reduces 15 to 25 pounds per month. No starvation, no inconvenience, no loss of time. Cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell it. Genuine trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. THE OLD DOCTOR'S Cotton Root Pills LADIES' FAVORITE. ALWAYS RELIABLE and perfectly SAFE. The use as used by thousands of women all over the United States, in the OLD DOCTOR'S private medicine, for 25 years, and not a single bad result. Money returned if not as represented. Send 4 cents (charge) for mailed particulars. Dr. H. B. BUTTS, 323 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Attention Farmers! THE FAMOUS WORLD BEATER McCormick Binders, and Reapers, and Mowers, and Binder Twines are Sold By T. A. SYDENSTRICKER, ACADEMY, W. VA. A full line of repairs constantly on hand. When in need of first class machinery, it will pay you to see him.

Price & Smith Prescription Druggists, Marlinton, West Virginia. DEALERS IN Pure Drugs, Medicines, Patent medicines, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, ETC., ETC. prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day and night. A competent Pharmacist will have charge of the Prescription Department. We invite every body and promise close prices and polite attention. E. A. Smith & Son's Old Stand.

INSURE NOW. The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co. MILWAUKIE, WISCONSIN, Offers the cheapest and best insurance of any of the Old Line Companies. Assets January 1 1893 \$56,236,089 12 Surplus January 1 1893 \$ 9,467,384 54 A PURELY U. S. COMPANY Transacting a larger business than any other purely American company. Its dividends the largest of any life company in the World. Proved by hundreds of comparisons with other leading companies. Rates at the Times Office.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE GENUINE WELT. Squeakless, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price. \$5, \$4 and \$3.50 Dress Shoe. Equal custom work, costing from \$5 to \$8. \$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking Shoe ever made. \$2.50, and \$2 shoes, Unequaled at the price. Boys \$2 & \$1.75 School Shoes Are the Best for Service. LADIES' \$3, \$2.50 \$2, \$1.75 Best Douglas, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass. THE BEST \$3. SHOE IN THE WORLD. ALL THE LATEST STYLES. DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application. For sale by BARLOW & MOORE, Edray.

Last Day... subject to the Democratic Convention.

HOME NEWS

A strange cavalcade passed through Marlinton last Thursday...

The Mingo Racing Club have races this week on Tuesday and Friday.

The sale of the Warwick Administrators has been postponed from the 5TH to the 10TH.

Mr. D. L. Barlow, the present incumbent, will offer as a candidate for re-election to the office of county superintendent.

The bowling alley is the center of attraction at this town now, some good scores have been made...

The only agency between Staunton and Charleston for Butterick's Patterns. I keep constantly in stock all the latest patterns...

MASON BELL, Lewisburg, W. Va.

The actions for damages on account of unlawful imprisonment, brought by Lucy Sutton against C. P. Kerr, constable and posse for \$5,000, and her father, James T. Sutton, and mother, Mary Sutton, all of Green Bank District...

Dr. Price is in Washington this week. Misses Maud and Sally Yeager have returned from Green Bank, where they have been at school.

Mr. Hunter Mooman, of Green Bank, was in Marlinton on Monday. Mr. Wm. Brown, of Green Bank, is visiting his son, Mr. S. L. Brown this week.

The lumbermen of Smith's Camp played the lumbermen of Meadow Creek Camp an exciting game of baseball, on Saturday, to a large crowd of spectators. Score 21:3 in favor of Meadow Creek.

Musical Association.

Our next session of the Pocahontas County Musical Association will be held at Edroy, commencing on Thursday, May 17th, at 7:30 p. m. and continuing two days.

POCAHONTAS COUNTERFEITER.

Frank Chapman, a well known resident of Pocahontas county, was arrested in Hancock last week for passing counterfeited half dollars.

Mr. Newton Moore is moving to Knapp's Creek this week... There will be a quarterly meeting at Dunmore Sunday the 6th.

PERSONAL.

Messrs. Gunther and King were in Addison last week on business connected with the letting of the court house contract at that place.

H. W. Bacon, C. E., was here last week looking after land interests. He will start for Alaska in a few days, being sent thither by a Geographical Society of Philadelphia.

Miss Bell, of Greenbrier, governess at Mr. Levi Gay's has returned home.

M. F. Giesy Esq., of Wheeling, architect, will be here next Tuesday to inspect the foundations of the court house.

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Mr. Hunter Mooman, of Green Bank, was in Marlinton on Monday.

Mr. Wm. Brown, of Green Bank, is visiting his son, Mr. S. L. Brown this week.

Mr. Horace Slingluff and little son, of Baltimore, were in Pocahontas in quest of trout fishing last week.

Dr. J. M. Barnett has located at Frost. His professional card will be found in this paper.

The lumbermen of Smith's Camp played the lumbermen of Meadow Creek Camp an exciting game of baseball, on Saturday, to a large crowd of spectators.

Table with 2 columns: Smith's Camp and Meadow Creek Camp. Lists names and positions of players.

DUNMORE.

Fine weather, and the frogs and toads jump and hollow, and the snakes carouse around.

Mr. S. C. Gay will move to Green Bank soon.

Mr. E. J. Kline has gone to Frank...

Mr. Newton Moore is moving to Knapp's Creek this week... There will be a quarterly meeting at Dunmore Sunday the 6th.

A few days ago a gentleman called at one of our country stores, he asked the clerk, got any sugar? No; got any coffee? No; got any tobacco? No; got any salt? Clerk, yes.

TRAVELER'S REPOSE.

We have been having some nice weather for the past few days.

Mr. A. M. V. Arbogast has one boarder, a New York World reporter.

Mr. N. B. Arbogast is still able to hop.

Messrs. C. O. Arbogast and J. C. Arbogast passed through town today.

Rev. C. L. Potter has returned and preached us a very interesting sermon last Sunday.

One man registered at the West Virginia Hotel last night, viz., Bud Barner Esq.

The fishers are flocking in from every direction, and everybody seems to be catching them in strings of "57."

HI-PERNOPITY.

LOBELIA.

Fine growing weather, people are planting.

Mr. Sharp, of Frost, is visiting his sister at this place.

Messrs. D. A. Peck, R. W. G. P. and W. B. Hill took a lot of cattle to the mountains to day.

Hoges & Son will move their saw mill to Jacox next week, where they will do a job of sawing for Mr. Peter Hill.

W. B. Hill gives his receipt for preventing hens from scratching put socks on them, tie up and turn out.

Mr. Morgan preaches good sermons down.

has located at FROST, W. VA. Calls promptly answered.

35 COMPLETE NOVELS

NEATLY BOUND and a Year's Subscription

to a large 16 page illustrated monthly magazine for 30 CENTS. This is a most liberal offer as HOUSEHOLD TOPICS, the magazine referred to is a high class paper, replete with stories of love, adventure, travel, and short interesting and instructive sketches of fact and fancy.

The 35 novels and current issue of the HOUSEHOLD TOPICS will be sent you the day your order is received. This will supply you with a season's reading for a mere song; and will be appreciated by all in the household.

FREE TRIAL. A package of our treatment for weakness and decay, nervous debility and lost vitality sent free for 12 cents postage.

DR. WARD INSTITUTE, 120 N. 9th St. ST. LOUIS, MO.

HOTEL BYR D

The Hotel Marlinton by H. A. Yeager has recently changed hands and is now under new management.

RATES.

Meals 25c. Per day \$1.00 & 1.25 Per month \$15.00 Table board \$12.00

Special arrangements can be made with visiting lawyers for rooms as offices during the courts.

THE STABLE

has been thoroughly cleaned and fixed up, and is in charge of a competent man. Special arrangements can be made for keeping horses.

Marlinton. A. M. Byrd, Prop.

C. Z HEVNER'S,

BLACKSMITHING AND WAGON REPAIRING establishment.

MARLINTON, W. VA.

Shops situated at the Junction of Main Street and Dusty Avenue, opposite the POST OFFICE.

MARLINTON HOUSE.

Located near Court House.

Terms.

per day 1.00 per meal 25 lodging 25

Good accommodations for horses at 25 cents per feed. Special rates made by the week or month.

C. A. YEAGER, PROP

Fire! Fire! Fire!

Insure against loss in the

Peabody Insurance Company. Wheeling, W. Va.

Incorporated March, 1869. Cash Capital \$100,000.00.

N. C. McNEIL, MARLINTON W. VA. Ag't for Pocahontas County.

DAYS

HORSE AND GATTLE

POWDERS,

Good for all Diseases of HORSES, CATTLE, CHICKENS, TURKEYS, HOGS, SHEEP etc.

FOR SALE BY PRICE & SMITH

DR. RICHARD WILLIAMS,

Hightown, Va

Highland Co.

Veterinary Surgeon, Marlinton, W. Va.

Treats all diseases of horses.

WM. A. FRAZIER, M.D.

Practice limited to the EYE, EAR, NOSE & THROAT.

Formerly Consulting Oculist and Au-rist to the St. Louis City Hospital and Surgeon-in-charge of the Missouri Eye and Ear Infirmary, St. Louis. OFFICE: Over Augusta National Bank Staunton, Va. June-1 yr.

For Sale!

The U. S. McNeill buildings at Marlinton, W. Va.

Consisting of large and commodious store room, ware room, and four living rooms upstairs; and a stable.

Also the old store house now occupied by A. S. McNeill—3 rooms and a kitchen.

About two years future ground-rent contracted for; buildings are owned as personal property with privilege to remove.

Interested parties are requested to call early on the undersigned.

LEVI GAY Receiver.

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business.

Many Persons are broken down from overwork or household cares Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system; aids digestion; removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

VARIICOELE AND STRICTURE

With all bad consequences, stricture, loss of energy, nervous exhaustion, nervous debility, tumid discharges, listlessness, despondency, and a host of other ailments of the organs, certain and rapid cure by safe and easy method.

DR. WARD INSTITUTE, 120 N. Ninth St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

PLASTERING

BOYD B. BARTLETT, MARLINTON, W. VA.

Will undertake plastering in any part of the County.

Contracts by the sq. yd.

To furnish material, or otherwise.

Satisfaction GUARANTEED.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

FEED, LIVERY & SALE STABLE.

First rate teams and Saddle Horses provided

HORSES FOR SALE AND HIRE.

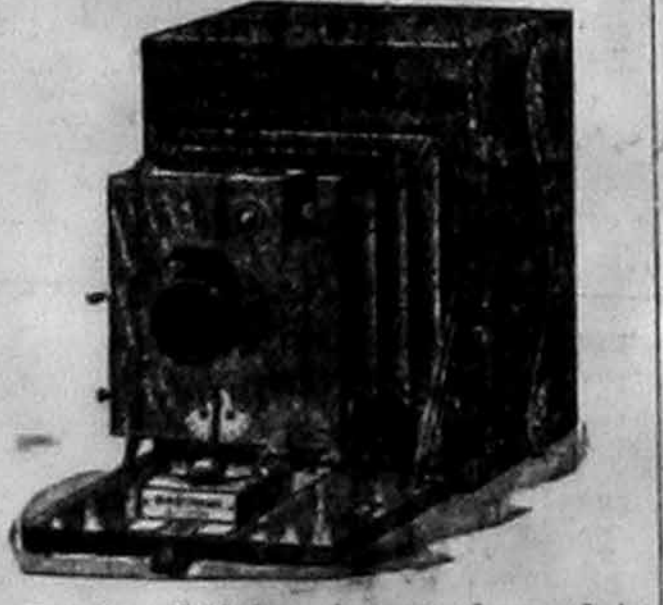
Special accommodation for Stallions

A Limited Number of Horses Boarded.

All persons having horses to trade, are invited to call. Young horses broken to ride & work.

J. H. G. WILSON, MARLINTON, W. VA.

NEEDING A TONIC, or children that want building up, should take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, etc.



The Folding Kodak. A new glass plate camera for 4 x 5 pictures. Can be used with films by the addition of a roll holder. Latest improvements, finest adjustments, handsome finish. Price, with double plate holder, - \$15 00

EASTMAN KODAK CO., Rochester, N. Y. (Send for '94 Catalogue.)

VALUABLE PRESENTS FREE.

We wish to introduce our System Pills into every home. We know that we manufacture the very best remedy on earth for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Kidney Troubles, Torpid Liver, etc., and that when you have tried these pills you will gladly recommend them to others, or take an agency and in this way we will have a large well paying demand created.

As a special inducement for every reader of this paper to try these pills and take an agency at once, we will give to each person who sends twenty-five cents in cash, or thirty cents in stamps for a box of System Pills, one of the following presents: a handsome gold watch, a good silver watch, a valuable to a lot, genuine diamond ring, a casket of silver-ware or a genuine \$5.00 gold piece. Every purchaser gets one of the above presents. There

Paris has the largest and most complete sewerage system in the world.

A statistician estimates that Americans expend \$400,000 a day for amusements.

By a new route which is proposed from England to Australia, across Canada, the trip from London to Sydney, it is believed, may be shortened to twenty-eight days.

Of all the States New York has the greatest number of savings bank depositors, 1,518,389, and also the greatest amount of deposits, \$388,425,421. Massachusetts comes next with \$1,131,303 depositors, having on deposit \$369,556,386.

Twenty-two years ago there were 322 bearers of titles in the French Chamber of Deputies, where now there are but sixty-five. Only three marquises are left out of thirty, while the counts have declined from thirty-two to fifteen. At this rapid rate of disappearance a few decades more will see almost the entire extinction of titles in the Republic.

The recent use of the guillotine in Paris has started anew the discussion as to relative merits of methods of rendering the murder innocuous. It must be admitted, argues the San Francisco Examiner, that a man once beheaded is fully as incapable of acting on criminal impulse as though he had been hanged, and that an electrocuted person is at an equal advantage. Therefore all the methods have points of excellence.

A manufacturing company in Wilmington, Del., stopped its whistle thirteen years ago because it was complained of as a nuisance, and at the same time informed its workmen that any man who was late would be fined twenty-five cents. In all the years since then only two men have been fined for tardiness, and the question is asked by the Chicago Herald: What need is there for a noisy whistle to call employes to work anywhere?

In a little coffin about fifteen inches long the heart and other portions of the body of a man, whose disgrace and suicide in the year 1892, brought about the overthrow of a cabinet, issued forth from the morgue in Paris a few days ago on its way to the Pere la Chaise cemetery. They were the remains of Baron de Reinach, who in the heyday of his power was one of the financial magnates of Europe, controlling even the destinies of ministers and influencing the policy of the Nation.

There have been great changes in the United States Government departments in the last thirty years. The first woman regularly employed was put on the rolls of the Navy Department thirty-five years ago. She was a young widow, and the officials considered it an awful problem how to dispose of her. Finally they hit upon a plan. They treated her as if she was a contagious disease and isolated her in an attic room. She received and returned her copying by a messenger. But the disease caught on, so to speak, and to-day there are 1003 women in the Treasury alone. There is one woman to every seven men.

Two or three recent railroad catastrophes, fortunately of the minor sort, have directed public attention to the fact, remarks the Washington Star, that the use of stoves for heating purposes and oil as an illuminant is still indulged in by ancient and moss-backed corporations, to which the safety of the passengers is apparently a minor consideration. Public sentiment should be strong enough to work the necessary reform, but the trouble about public sentiment is its failure to declare itself until some frightful combination of collision or derailment and conflagration arouses general indignation. The Pullman and Wagon companies—worried over even the small quantity of oil used for cooking purposes on the buffet cars—have completely banished the dangerous fluid, and will in future do their cooking with gas, thus removing every element of danger that can possibly be gotten rid of. The public should insist strenuously upon the universal adoption of every safeguard, and the time to insist is in advance of and not

Some days when falls a sudden season of perfect peace on heart and brain. That comes, we know not why or whence, And ere we seek is gone again.

When breathes the unexpected hour Strange beauty of an instant blown, As if a rose were full in flower Whose earliest buds we know not grown.

Perchance one winged moment sped Down the white heights of heavenly air, Some spirit of our blessed dead Bath stood beside us unaware!

THE BOTKINE BATH.

BY ADELINE S. WING.



PROFESSOR Botkine, of the University of California, was sitting on his front steps at Berkeley in the morning of a sultry July day. He was delightedly watching the efforts of his pet toad to capture a very large angleworm, and his enjoyment was enhanced by the fact that his beautiful German wife, who usually declined to interest herself in anything which she even suspected of a connection with science, was seated beside him, giving eager little pressures to his hand and uttering a pleased exclamation, in her pretty foreign accent, whenever the toad made an extra effort.

The fact was that she, while cutting roses, had been the one to see the beginning of the contest, and felt the proper pride of a discoverer. The toad had been sitting still, looking as if carved by a Japanese artist, and giving no sign that it saw anything. The worm gave a little wriggle as it began to come out of the ground, when, quick as a flash, the toad made a leap and seized the end of the worm in its month.

Then began a tug-of-war. Every time that the toad gave a pull, the worm drew back. But the toad was not to be discouraged. It jerked and jerked until it fairly stood on its hind legs. Still, it could not dislodge the worm.

At this interesting point a train whistled.

"Why, Selma!" said the professor, "there is the train already. I had quite forgotten that I must go the city to-day. Where is my hat?"

"Do wait an instant, dear; just see what that toad is doing," she answered, holding him back.

He glanced down and saw the toad twisting its leg about until the worm was wrapped twice around it, then the toad gave a hop, and out came the worm.

This had been too fascinating a spectacle to the unwary professor. He dashed into the house and back again, kissed his wife, and, with a regretful glance at her rippling hair, and soft blue eyes, started off.

Suddenly he rushed back.

"Why, dear," he cried, "I forgot to tell you that that Mr. Smith, the Canadian, who wrote the paper on bacteria, will be here this afternoon to stay a day or two. He may come before I am back."

She clasped her hands in mock despair. "But what shall I do with him?" she wailed; "you know I can not talk science and pollywogs!"

"Oh, don't be alarmed. He isn't so very dried up. Just let him have a good soaking in a bath-tub. Then he will come out perfectly human and happy. He's an Englishman, you know," and the professor, with a laughing glance at his little wife's rueful expression, threw dignity and his coat-tails to the winds as he madly ran down the street, "looking like a great black bird of prey," as Mrs. Botkine laughingly remarked to herself.

But she grew sober as she thought how ruthlessly science and scientists seemed to dog her unwilling footsteps. Her husband certainly loved her, but he had a way of becoming utterly absorbed in his studies, and then bursting into her reflections with remarks which sounded positively ghouliah. He had appeared only yesterday in her own private sanctum carrying a "horrid snake" by the tail, and, although he had not yet reached the pitch of Professor Agassiz—who was said to have consigned infant serpents, for safe-keeping over night, to his wife's boots—she did not know where his enthusiasm might lead.

"I'm half afraid to go to sleep," she had roguishly said to him one night. "I'm afraid that your deepest interest even in me is only scientific, and I believe you are capable of cutting me open to see what queer thing there is in my heart; that I love such a bookish old bear with."

"Now here was this Canadian coming! And how was she to be properly interested in his old bacteria and not disgrace her husband by betraying her ignorance on the subject?" she asked herself.

Manifestly, he must take a bath, and everything possible must be done to make that bath-room attractive, so that she should stay there as long as possible.

cake of perfumed soap. His eyes were James to show you up." He looked thunderstruck at her insistence. "But, I assure you, Mrs. Botkine," he exclaimed, "it is not at all worth while. I—" "Not another word, if you please, Mr. Smith. You will really annoy me if you refuse." She thought to herself that he little knew how more than annoyed she was at the thought of his possible questions. As the man-servant appeared, she said: "James, take this gentleman's satchel to the guest chamber and show him to the bath-room."

Mr. Smith endeavored to hang back and say something, but Mrs. Botkine smilingly waved her hand toward the stairs and walked into another room. She had looked alternately vexed and triumphant. As he followed James, Mr. Smith remarked to himself that before this experience he would have vowed that she was too pretty to be eccentric. He had no wish to bathe, but fearing to vex her, meekly proceeded to perform his ablutions. She, meantime, was vastly relieved. She smiled to herself at the thought of how unwilling he had seemed to give the slightest trouble.

"I suppose he thought we Americans never had any decent facilities for a bath," she reflected. Then: "He really is remarkably good-looking, for a scientist. If I had not known what he was, I should have thought he was just a nice young fellow and rashly tried to get on with him. Oh, if George had not told me in time!" She shuddered as she thought of her escape.

"I suppose he will be dried-up looking before long. He is a whited-sepulchre kind of man now. I could not see the slightest sign of baldness in him, but his seething intellect is bound to cook his hair off in a few years. Even George is a wee bit bald. But how delightful that Mr. Smith did not fathom my ignorance."

She was so elated that she went to the piano and sang for a half-hour. She was startled by hearing someone come rushing into the room behind her. She wheeled on the stool and encountered the gaze of Mr. Smith, who stood before her, looking decidedly uneasy.

"I beg pardon for interrupting you, Mrs. Botkine," he said; "but I wish to thank you for your kindness and to make my adieux."

"Why, Mr. Smith—" she began, but he waved his hand apologetically and continued: "I am very sorry not to have found Professor Botkine, but perhaps I can come again. There is just time for me to catch the five o'clock train."

It was her turn to be astonished. She opened her lips to speak, but he went on, nervously: "Pray forgive my leaving you so abruptly. Thank you very much. Good afternoon," and, bowing profoundly, he was gone.

For a moment she felt stunned. Then a flood of questions poured through her mind. Was the man insane? Or what had she done to offend him? What would her husband say? What was there in science to turn an apparently "nice" young man into such a distraught savage?

"Ah! recommend me to a plain, commonplace man who has not bacilli on the brain!" she sighed.

The rest of the day seemed endless, but at last she descried Professor Botkine, and with him a rather desiccated and "dug-up"-looking man.

"Oh, dear!" she moaned; "there is another scientist, I know to look at him. What will he do, I wonder? Dissect my cat, or say that he cannot dine with us because he never eats anything but bacteria?"

"Here we are at last," said the professor; "I found our friend on the train. He had mistaken the train and gone to Alameda. Mr. Smith, let me present you to Mrs. Botkine."

She welcomed her guest cordially, but the minute she was alone with her husband, she seized him by the lapels of his coat.

"What joke have you been playing on me?" she demanded; "who is this Mr. Smith?"

The professor looked astonished. "Why, my dear, there is no joke. This is the Mr. Smith that I told you I was expecting this afternoon. What is the matter?"

"Matter!" she cried; "who is the Mr. Smith that came here this afternoon with a satchel, and asked about your theories?"

"Why, we met him at the station. He had a few specimens to show me. He is the son of my friend, Commodore Smith, of San Francisco. He had just run over for a short call."

"A short call!" she echoed again; "what will he think of me? I sent him up stairs to take that bath!"—Argument.

James to show you up."

He looked thunderstruck at her insistence.

"But, I assure you, Mrs. Botkine," he exclaimed, "it is not at all worth while. I—"

"Not another word, if you please, Mr. Smith. You will really annoy me if you refuse."

She thought to herself that he little knew how more than annoyed she was at the thought of his possible questions. As the man-servant appeared, she said:

"James, take this gentleman's satchel to the guest chamber and show him to the bath-room."

Mr. Smith endeavored to hang back and say something, but Mrs. Botkine smilingly waved her hand toward the stairs and walked into another room. She had looked alternately vexed and triumphant.

As he followed James, Mr. Smith remarked to himself that before this experience he would have vowed that she was too pretty to be eccentric. He had no wish to bathe, but fearing to vex her, meekly proceeded to perform his ablutions.

She, meantime, was vastly relieved. She smiled to herself at the thought of how unwilling he had seemed to give the slightest trouble.

"I suppose he thought we Americans never had any decent facilities for a bath," she reflected. Then: "He really is remarkably good-looking, for a scientist. If I had not known what he was, I should have thought he was just a nice young fellow and rashly tried to get on with him. Oh, if George had not told me in time!" She shuddered as she thought of her escape.

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"A short call!" she echoed again; "what will he think of me? I sent him up stairs to take that bath!"—Argument.

To Cure a Cold Sore.

It is very vexing and annoying to have one's lips break out with cold sores, but it is better to have them out than in. A drop of warm mutton suet applied to the sores at night, just before retiring, will soon cause them to disappear.



Women are engaged in 100 occupations.

There are 300 women undertakers in the United States.

Fluted effects are sought whenever they can be applied.

Capes and basques are no longer plain and smooth-surfaced.

A London laundry is owned and operated by women exclusively.

The dowager Queen of Portugal is probably the best dressed woman in Europe.

Plaid silk blouses, with velvet jackets, are arrayed in a number of pretty variations.

The Waltham watchmaking establishment employs 1800 women among its 3000 work people.

Cape Colony in South Africa has municipal woman suffrage. The colony rules 1,000,000 square miles.

Low, small dishes of decorated china or of cut glass are used for bonbons, and longer low dishes for celery.

White, with pearl trimmings and ornaments, is very much de rigueur for the evening gowns of young women.

There are few spinsters in the Caucasian settlements in South Africa, as the men outnumber the women ten to one.

Governor McKinley's mother is eighty-four years old and has nine children, who became successful men and women.

There is no doubt that pierced silver will be the fashion for many a long day to come. The large frust baskets are magnificent.

There are entire apartment houses in New York monopolized by self-supporting bachelor girls, and they are the happiest of their sex.

Lady Eva Quinn, wife of Captain Wyndham (her presumptive of the Dunraven), has killed six grown tigers from the frail shelter of a bowdiah.

Lemon-yellow seems to be one of the popular trimming colors. A handsome costume of black velvet has garniture of black lace over yellow satin.

The women of Belgium and Holland are noted for their snowy linen; they attain this desired result by the use of borax, a handful to ten gallons of water.

Cups with silver mounts carry all before them. Very chaste are the pure white china cups, slipped into two silver bands, to which the silver handle is attached.

The University of Chicago puts women on the same basis as men, whether students or teachers. Its History and Political Science Club has two or three women on its list of officers.

Mrs. Augusta C. Hagen, of Philadelphia, conducts, jointly with her husband, a real estate business in Philadelphia. She takes entire charge of the office during his absence. Mrs. Hagen has been appointed notary public.

Poems over the signature of "Annie Fields," which appear in the leading magazines, are written by the widow of the well-known publisher, James T. Fields. Mrs. Fields lives in Boston, where she is well known for her zeal in all kinds of philanthropic work, especially in the realms of organized charity, or the Associated Charities.

It is quite obvious that a difference between the fabric of the bodice and that of the skirt will be fashionable for some time. As a material for independent waists changeable silk has been used for some time. The newer waists are made of solid colors, crepe being used a good deal. The plain black surah waist is a favorite, as it can be worn under the fancy jackets like the Eton, Bolero and Zouave.

The Princess Maud of Wales is credited with an original freak. A little while ago she slipped away from state and went to spend a week with a lady to whom she is much attached, who had been in attendance on her, but since married. She preserved a strict incognito as Miss Wells, and enjoyed herself amazingly at tennis parties and other country house festivities. She was immensely popular.

Miss Grace Thomas is the only woman in Washington, D. C., engaged in the real estate business. The origin and growth of one of the popular suburbs is attributed entirely to her energy and enterprise. Miss Thomas began her training for the business as an under secretary in the office of a Cincinnati real estate agent. Having learned the business, she selected Washington as a likely field for operations and started out for herself.

To keep the dress in full hollow pleats a horseshair lining is no longer employed. It was much too heavy and wore out the edges of the material. A narrow strip of aluminum is now used, fine as wire, and is covered with cotton tissue and put on inside of the skirt about one inch from the edge. The wire is covered by a strip of ribbon the same color as the lining of the skirt. This slight support keeps the hollow pleats well in place and makes the skirt set gracefully.

IN UNCLE SAM'S VAULTS.

HOW HIS STORE OF GOLD AND SILVER IS MOVED AND GUARDED.

Treasury Wagons That Have the Right of Way—Well Armed Watchmen in the Treasury Department.

IN these times when the statement is made that throughout the country the savings of the people are withdrawn from banks and savings institutions and hidden by the depositors in insecure places like old stockings and abandoned coffee pots, it may be interesting to know, says a Washington letter to the New York Recorder, how Uncle Sam protects the millions in his charge and keeps it circulating throughout the country.

If you pass up Fifteenth street between 8 and 9 a. m., or between 4 and 5 p. m., you will probably see backed up to the pavement one or two wagons of the United States Express Company, unloading or loading the large sums of money which are handled by this company every day. This company alone acts as the messenger boy of Uncle Sam, and all of the money brought into the Treasury Department or carried out is handled by this company.

The wagons are large and strongly built and surmounted by a large iron cage. The money sent out of the Treasury Department is all packed in strong safes. These are wheeled out on the pavement in trucks like those used by the railway employees. A heavy planking extends from the pavement into the wagon (forming an inclined plane), the safe is tilted from the truck upon the plane, ropes and pulleys are attached, several men pull, push and lift, and the safes are in this manner loaded into the wagon. When the loading is complete, one armed man goes inside and the strong iron doors are closed and locked. Other armed men mount the driver's seat and the wagon starts down F street for the railway station at a lively pace. These wagons have the right of way; they never stop or permit themselves to become involved in a jam of vehicles. The people in Washington know the custom, and always give these treasure laden vans the right of way, and all the way they want.

If you enter the Treasury Department by any of the entrances either on the ground or main floors, you will notice that a watchman is stationed at every door. If you enter between 9 a. m. and 2 p. m., nothing will be said to you, but if you attempt to enter after 2 p. m. you will be denied admission, for the department is closed at that hour to visitors. The rules about admittance after 2 p. m. are very strict.

If you enter the Treasury Department and visit the office of the captain of the watch you will notice on the side of the office three large cases. Two of these cases contain breech-loading rifles, and the centre case contains a large quantity of heavy revolvers. These are used in arming the force of sixty-eight watchmen who keep watch over the building and the great vaults in which the money is stored. The watchmen are all armed with revolvers, and there are rifles enough to equip the whole force of watchmen in case of a riot or assault.

Of course something must be done to insure the faithful discharge of the watchman's duties, and looking to this end some are detailed as patrolmen, who patrol the entire building at stated intervals to see that the watchmen are at their posts. In addition to this each watchman is required to report his presence every half hour by means of an electric button, which registers his reports in the main corridor at the Fifteenth street entrance, by ringing a gong and dropping an indicator. Most of the watchmen are old soldiers who learned their first lessons in obedience at a much sterner school.

If you are on a bridal tour you will want to go down to the vault where the vast amount of silver is stored, not because there is much to see, but because it seems to be a regular thing to do. First, you must obtain permission from the Treasurer of the United States, Mr. Daniel N. Morgan. When this has been obtained you are escorted down two flights of stairs into the sub-basement, where the walls are very thick and the corridors very narrow. Here you halt before a heavy, grated door, behind which a watchman sits day and night. The messenger directs the watchman to open the door and you step inside the corridor leading to the great vault where are stored one hundred and one million eight hundred and sixty thousand silver dollars.

To enter the vault one must first pass the great door with its multiplicity of combination locks and time locks. Beyond this is a heavy steel door weighing over six tons, which is rolled into place by a windlass and securely locked. Beyond this is the great silver vault, which is eighty-nine feet long, fifty-one feet wide and twelve feet high. Around the other side of this vault is a corridor about three feet wide, which extends clear around the inner vault, which is com-

work you must see the white metal which is stored away. All that can be seen is a long row of wooden boxes which are piled up, tier upon tier, from the floor of the vault to the ceiling. All around the sides and lining the central corridor of the vault these boxes are two tiers deep and form a large room on either side of the central aisle of the vault. Inside these two rooms formed by the rows of boxes, the silver is stored away in bags, one thousand dollars in a bag; the weight of which is sixty pounds; the boxes each hold two bags, so that a box of silver weighs 120 pounds exclusive of the weight of the box.

If some kind friend would call away the watchman and give you a complete assortment of burglar's tools, and tell you to help yourself, you would have to cut your way through the grated iron door from the outside corridor, and next break open the huge door with burglar proof and timelock attachment, then cut your way through an immense steel door six inches thick and weighing over six tons, and then cut through the steel lattice work surrounding the boxes of silver. This work would take you hours to perform and then you would not be able to carry away over two bags of silver, 120 pounds, so the trouble would hardly pay for the labor, for it would not be a fortune by any means.

When the Democratic party came in power in 1885 a careful count of all the money was made, and the books and money balanced exactly; when the Republican party came in power in 1889 the count was found to be exactly what the books showed it to be in the vaults, and upon the turning over of the Treasury to the Treasurer the money was again counted.

Of course each silver dollar is not counted, neither is each gold piece. A bag of silver contains 1000 silver dollars and should weigh sixty pounds, so in counting the money a bag of silver is placed on the scales and if up to weight the bag is counted as \$1000, but if the silver dollars have lost in weight by the wear of circulation, then the bag is opened and every dollar counted, so that there could be no possibility of a mistake.

After all, the amount of gold held in the Treasury by Uncle Sam is but a small part of the gold which he owns. The different Sub-Treasuries have more gold in them than the Treasury Department, but as gold does not form such a circulating medium as paper and the smaller silver coins, Uncle Sam has enough in his Washington strong-box for all needs of business, and in dividing up the gold among the different Sub-Treasuries he is only following the practice of the majority of business men, who cry down the practice of putting all their eggs into one nest.

WISE WORDS.

The road to fortune does not pass by every man's door.

Love of home should prompt you to make it a home of love.

The most certain sign of wisdom is a continual cheerfulness.

Rejoice with them that do rejoice; and weep with them that weep.

Be kindly affectioned one to another with brotherly love; in honor preferring one another.

Let love be without dissimulation. Abhor that which is evil; cleave to that which is good.

Mankind in the gross is a gaping monster that loves to be deceived and has seldom been disappointed.

Narrowness of mind is often the cause of obstinacy; we do not easily believe beyond what we can see.

If you want knowledge, you must toil for it; if food, you must toil for it; and if pleasure, you must toil for it; toil is the law.

Exact justice is commonly more merciful in the long run than pity; for it tends to foster in men those stronger qualities which make them good citizens.

Every want, not a low kind, physical as well as moral, which the human breast feels, and which brutes do not feel, and cannot feel, raises man by so much in the scale of existence, and is a clear proof and a direct instance of the favor of God toward His so-much favored human offspring.

"Enlarge not thy destiny; endeavor not to do more than is given thee in charge." The one prudence in life is concentration. You must elect your work; you shall take what your brain can, and drop all the rest. Only so can that amount of vital force accumulate which can make the step from knowing to doing.

Scrubbing Floors With Oranges.

The housewives in Florida have found a new use for oranges. They scrub the floors with them. Go into almost any town in the orange-growing districts, and you will see the women using the luscious fruit exactly as our housewives use soap. They cut the oranges in half and rub the flat exposed pulp upon the floor. The acid in the oranges doubtless does the cleaning, but at any rate the boards are as white as snow after the application. I have often thought that lemon would be better than oranges for this purpose.

A GREAT AREA OF SUBMERGED LAND IN THE SOUTH.

Noted For Its Valuable Timbers and Its Dense Jungles—Penetrated by a Canal.

KEEPINOKEE SWAMP is larger than the Dismal Swamp in Virginia. It extends from the eastern part of Pierce County, Georgia, to the eastern part of Columbia County, Florida. It is sixty miles in length and twenty miles in breadth. Its jungles are quite as thick and impassable as those in Africa and India. Two-thirds of the swamp is inundated. In its interior are several lakes and islands.

There is a dense growth of rosemary pines on the islands. The black cypress, which is used for manufacturing purposes, is found in abundance throughout the swamp. The timber in the Okeefnokee is estimated to be worth nearly \$5,000,000.

The interior of the swamp is reached by means of canoes. The depth of the water ranges from three to ten feet. The mud is very deep in some places, which makes traveling difficult. The jungles consist of reeds, briars, bamboos, cypress, tussocks, thorn bushes, pine saplings, dwarf palmetoes, creeping vines and small trees. A pathway for canoes is made by cutting a swath in the jungle large enough for two canoes to pass each other.

An area of several miles has never been explored. It is in the southwestern part, near the Florida line. The surface of the mysterious place is covered with a dense growth of reeds and vines. A fog hovers over it continually. The surface is composed of a yellow-colored mud, which is formed by decomposed reeds, leaves and vines. Its depth at the outer edge is ten feet, while its depth in the interior is unknown.

The quick mud is treacherous and dangerous. Without a moment's warning or any sign of danger, the feet slip and the victim falls in the mud's deadly grip. Underlying the surface is an underground lake. Old hunters say that a floating island can be seen at mid-day in summer, when the weather is fair and the fog is less dense. The place is as silent as the grave, and not a bird can be seen.

Several attempts have been made during the last twenty years to get a correct survey of the Okeefnokee. Three years ago the greater part of the swamp was purchased from the Government by a syndicate of Atlanta capitalists. The price paid was very small, as it was not known that the timber was valuable. The syndicate organized a company, known as the Suwanee Canal Company. Preparations were at once made to make a careful survey of the entire swamp and to begin the construction of a canal from some place in the timbered belt to the St. Mary's River, for the purpose of draining the swamp and the transportation of timber to the wharves on the Atlantic coast. A corps of civil engineers was employed.

The chief engineer, with Obadiah Barber as a guide, set up camp in the western part of the swamp. Mr. Barber was familiar with almost every place in the swamp, having explored it over one hundred times. The survey was made through the jungles and mud with great difficulty. An opening for the canoes was cut with axes and brier hooks. When canoes could not be used, on account of the shallowness of the water, the men waded through mud and water at the depth of two feet. The next survey was made from the northern part to its southern boundary, in Florida. Then a survey was made around the swamp. This is the only survey yet made that gave nearly the exact dimensions of the Okeefnokee.

The construction of the canal was begun in March, 1891. It will be completed early this year. It extends from the St. Mary's River to "Camp Cornelia," near the Suwanee River, a distance of over twenty-five miles. It is forty feet wide and ten feet deep.

The plan decided upon to get the timber is to thoroughly drain the inundated portions of the swamp and drag the timber to the canal by means of chains drawn by machinery. The timber will then be rafted down the canal. Several extensive sawmill plants will be built on the St. Mary's River by the syndicate. The timber will be made into lumber and shingles.

The beautiful Suwanee River, the subject of song and story, has its source in the northwestern part of the Okeefnokee. It flows in a southerly direction through the swamp and through the western part of Florida to the Gulf of Mexico. The natural scenery along the river is beautiful. Its banks are covered with the most beautiful flowers and trees and several varieties of tropical plants. Numerous springs of excellent mineral water are on its banks. It is believed by some that the Suwanee Spring is really the one mentioned by the Indians to De Soto as containing properties for maintaining perpetual youth. The water is certainly remarkable for its efficacy in the treatment of many diseases of men.

three miles wide. It was for many years inhabited by the Seminole Indians.—New York World.

SELECT SIFTINGS.

The property of Germany is assessed at \$32,500,000.

France is worth, all property considered, \$40,000,000.

Washington, during his first term as President, signed 196 bills.

Postal cards use up 721 tons of cardboard every year in this country. Over 12,000,000 bushels of buckwheat were in 1892 manufactured into cakes.

The world's sugar plantations produced every year 6,000,000 tons of sugar.

Flax is first mentioned in connection with Hebrews at the exodus, B. C. 1491.

Russia raises 1260 pounds of grain and fifty-one pounds of meat to each inhabitant.

The first oratorio mentioned in medieval chronicles was presented in the twelfth century.

In the year 760 A. D. Pope Paul I. sent the only clock in the known world as a present to Pepin, King of France.

Russian women and Japanese men are pronounced by those competent to judge the best of the world's workers with the needle.

The furthest southern point in Florida at which snow has ever been known to fall is at Punta Rosa, one hundred miles north of Key West.

The mite mentioned in the gospel in connection with the widow's contribution to the treasury was a Greek copper coin weighing eighteen grains.

Some of the healthiest children in the world are found in the Scottish highlands, where shoes are seldom worn at an earlier age than twelve and thirteen.

Young men who were exploring an immense cavern in Hardin County, Kentucky, a few days ago, found in one room five human skeletons and in another place a decayed box containing two diamond rings, three pistols and a lot of earrings and bracelets. With the skeletons were two watches marked respectively "R. C. A." and "S. J. McK."

In Ashantee parricides are tied hand and foot to stakes driven in the ground near a large ant hill. The ants are then irritated by sticks thrust into the entrance of their dwellings, a guard is set at a respectful distance to prevent rescue, and the prisoner is left to be eaten alive. In forty-eight hours nothing is left of the criminal but a neatly cleaned skeleton.

A Topeka (Kan.) merchant received a postal card the other day on half of which was written an order for a bill of goods for his store; on the lower half was an order for more goods of another kind from a merchant in the next block to whom the first merchant was requested to deliver the card. The Topeka man rang for a messenger and had the postal delivered, and charged the customer a quarter on the bill.

A Mystery of London.

There is a mysterious new departure in the flower-selling trade of the metropolis. There has dawned upon the city a lovely modest young creature, slim and graceful of figure, with a sweet girl face and a wealth of light hair falling in a mass down her shoulders. Her face is refined. Her walk is that of the higher life. Her dress is like herself, that of a refined but poor lady. She is, in short, the very opposite of the good-natured, free-tongued and rather dirty trollops who are the true type of London flower girls. The young lady has also a different method from that of the implacable harpies who worry you to buy buttonholes. When I last saw her (says a correspondent) she was carrying bouquets of the loveliest dark chrysanthemums. You break the flower off the bough, and pay her what you like. She does not speak if she can avoid it. She merely holds up her flowers with a look of grave, courteous inquiry into your face. A chaperon follows her as she walks down the street, and takes particular care to collect all the receipts.—New York Journal.

Shoe-Dressing Recipes.

People who pay out a good deal of money for inferior shoe-dressings will be glad to know how to make a good dressing for themselves at a very small cost. The following is said to be a capital recipe: Take two drams of spermaceti oil, three ounces of good molasses, and four ounces of finely powdered ivory black, and stir them together thoroughly. Then stir in half a pint of good vinegar and the dressing is ready for use. It gives a bright, clean surface, and makes the shoes look almost like new. Here is a dressing for rainy weather, which will make the shoes water-proof, and at the same time leave the leather soft and pliable: Take an ounce of bees-wax, an ounce of turpentine, and a quarter of an ounce of Burgundy pitch. Put them into half a pint of cotton seed oil, and melt together over a slow fire, being careful that the

don Sketch, is the largest living species of the class Amphibia, and so justifies its claim to its specific name. It is a native of Japan and Tibet and belongs to the same order of amphibians as the common newt of our English ponds and ditches, from which, however, it differs greatly in habit, being entirely aquatic. The gills are absorbed when the animal becomes mature, and the gill slits close up, though in a nearly related American form these slits persist throughout life.

It will be seen from the illustration, which represents the animal from two points of view, that the giant salamander is not handsome; indeed, any of our British newts is a very fairer prince by comparison. It is decidedly "plain," not to say ugly, and perhaps the only creature that can give it points and beat it easily in the matter of ill looks is the Heloderma, or Gila monster, a poisonous Mexican lizard. The giant salamander is about a yard long; the head is somewhat triangular, but broadly rounded in front, with tiny,



GIANT SALAMANDERS.

lack-lustre eyes; the iron-brown skin is spotted with black and thickly covered with small tubercles; the tail is compressed from side to side, and the only relief in the dull scheme of color is formed by the pearly-white tips of the digits, of which there are four on the front and five on the hinder limbs.

This animal lives in a large tank on the right, just as one enters the reptile house in the Zoological Gardens. On the top of the water is a thick floating layer of crystal worts, which shuts out the entrance of light from above, though it fulfills the useful purpose of aerating the water and keeping it in good condition by absorbing the carbon dioxide given off by the animal in breathing. At the bottom, and generally right at the back is its favorite position. It does not court observation; indeed, the pebbles on the floor of the tank are so often heaped up into a kind of ridge against the glass in front, while the salamander lies, so to speak, under their lee, motionless and almost out of sight, that it would seem as if it resented intrusion on its privacy.

Feeding time in the reptile house presents by no means the lively scene that it does in the lion house or the bears' cages. No barrow is wheeled down the line of dens, and very few of the creatures show any signs of excitement. Some of the larger lizards may raise themselves on their hind legs, and, untaught by experience, futilely strive to climb up the glass, which keeps them prisoners. The other inmates of the house are as quiet as ever. The salamander at the back of his tank is not roused by the keeper's footfall, but no sooner is a space cleared in the floating mass of vegetation and a frog or a small fish dropped into the water than a marvelous change takes place in the salamander. It is no longer dull, sluggish and loglike, but is roused to a display of activity one would never expect from its clumsy build and lethargic habit. This lasts for a moment only, and then it subsides into its accustomed motionless condition. But, almost before the prey can reach the bottom, one sweep of the powerful tail brings the salamander close to it, there is a snap of the heavy jaws, and the frog or fish disappears. Occasionally—for the creature is old and sightless—a bright stream of ascending air bubbles shows that the prey has escaped for a moment. The respite, however, is very brief; a second snap settles the business, and the salamander retires to the back of his tank for an after-dinner nap.

A Much-Robbed Stage-Coach.

There is to-day in Phoenix, Arizona, a stage-coach that has been held up and robbed oftener than any other in existence. It has seen its best days, and now stands dismantled and dilapidated in the back yard of a livery stable, but could it talk, many are the tales it could tell of brigandage that would lay the exploits of Claude Duval in their shadow.

It began running in the seventies between Prescott and Tombstone, and has actually been robbed eighty-three times. Eight drivers and as many express messengers have been killed from its box, and as passengers in those days went armed to defend themselves and property, not a few fatalities have occurred among them and the brigands. It was originally a handsome Concord coach, pulled by eight mules, and cost \$1800 at Tucson, but its sides are now split by rifle and pistol bullets, and in more than one place the leather lining shows the wild stroke of a bowie knife.—Los Angeles Herald.

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PAINT red and black for metallic roofing. Crossed Preservative for shingles, posts and wood work.

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PAPER heavy building, for sheathing, lining rooms and floors.

PRICES in Circulars and quotations by addressing.

WM. A. LIST & CO., Wheeling, W. Va.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of West Virginia, Pocahontas county, to-wit: At rules held in the clerk's office of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, on Monday, March 26, 1894.

John T. McGraw and others. The object of this suit is to enforce the vendors lien retained in an unrecorded deed made by William Skeen and wife to G. O. M. White...

Notice To Creditors. Elhart, Joyner & Co et als. J. W. Riley, adm'r., et als. In pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, State of West Virginia...

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Fine Hardwood Furniture Stock always on hand

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Is not an experiment, nor is it in its infancy. It has lived for 22 years and sent to the world's great emporium more young men than all the other business colleges of the 10 Virginia combined. Its proprietor charges a fair and reasonable compensation for the training it gives, and offers no premium for idleness. Our rates are \$50 for eight months. If a pupil remains longer than eight months we charge him \$5 per month extra thereafter. If he graduates in less than eight months, we will deduct \$25 per month for the unexpired time. Thus it can be seen that we do not offer any inducement to waste time and money, but on the other hand we do offer an inducement to save both time and money by completing the course inside eight months. After graduation we give two weeks gratis in Typewriting, Shorthand, or Penmanship, as the graduate may elect, and a Life Scholarship granting the holder the privilege to return and review his whole course at any future time, gratis. Our penman, Prof. A. A. Ballentine, formerly professor of Grand Rapids (Mich) Business College is an artist of rare ability and an expert Shorthand and Typewriter. Prof. Lunsford is giving his special attention to the Theory and Practical Departments this session. 28 years ACTUAL experience has made him thoroughly master of his work. He is a member of the Institute of Accounts of New York city and through this organization and the agency of old graduates holding positions in large cities, he is enabled to aid his graduates to lucrative employment. For catalogue, call on or address J. G. DUNSMORE, President

Commissioner's Notice.

Office of W. H. Grose, commissioner, Huntersville, W. Va., April 1894. Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that in pursuance to an order of reference entered in the chancery cause...

J. W. Riley, adm'r., et als. made at the April Term of the circuit court of Pocahontas county on the 5th day of April, 1894, I will at my office in the town of Huntersville, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on the 19th day of May, 1894,

proceed to take, state and report the following matters of account: 1st. A statement of the debts due from Jacob L. Arbogast, dec'd., with their dates, dignities and priorities. 2d. A settlement of the administration account of J. W. Riley, adm'r of J. L. Arbogast dec'd., and report the balance due from said administrator to his interested estate. 3d. Any other matter to be specially stated, deemed pertinent to the undersigned commissioner, or required by any party in interest to be so stated. At which time and place you may attend. W. H. GROSE, Commissioner.

Notice To Creditors.

Elhart, Joyner & Co et als. J. W. Riley, adm'r., et als. To the creditors of Jacob L. Arbogast dec'd. In pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, State of West Virginia, made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Jacob L. Arbogast dec'd. to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Jacob L. Arbogast dec'd., for adjudication to W. H. Grose at his office in the said county, on or before the 25th day of May, 1894. Witness J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court this 16th day of April, 1894. J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk

Commissioner's Notice.

Pursuant to a decretal order of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, entered on the 6th day of April, 1894, in the chancery cause of Jacob Sheets' adm'r. vs. Rachel E. A. Sheets and others, he undersigned commissioner of said court will proceed, at the law office of J. W. McClintic in the town of Marlinton, W. Va., on Friday, the 25th day of May, 1894, to settle and state the following matters of account: 1st. A settlement of the account of J. C. Arbogast as administrator of Jacob Sheets, dec'd.; 2d. An account of the debts due from Jacob Sheets at the time of his death with their amounts, priorities and to whom due; 3d. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated. F. J. SSVORN, Com'r of Circuit Ct., Pocahontas county, Va.

Notice to Creditors.

Jacob Sheets adm'r. Rachel E. A. Sheets and others. To the creditors of Jacob Sheets dec'd. in pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Jacob Sheets to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against...

Office of Commissioner G. McNeil, Marlinton, W. Va., April 9, 1894. John W. Stephenson, Trustee.

George H. McNeil and others. Notice is hereby given to all parties interested in above styled cause that pursuant to decree entered in said cause on the 17th day of October, 1893, and on the 3d day of April, 1894, I will proceed, at my office in the town of Marlinton on the 25th day of May, 1894, to take, state and report the following matters, to-wit:

- 1st. An account ascertaining and fixing the debts and liens on the fund to come into said trustee's hands under "Exhibit B" of the bill, according to priority. 2d. An account of the fund in the hands of said trustee or that will come into his hands under "Exhibit B." 3d. What will be a reasonable fee for the plaintiff's attorney for his services in this cause. 4th. Any other matter deemed pertinent or required by any party in interest to be stated. N. G. McNEIL, Commissioner.

Administrators' Sale.

As administrators of Caroline E. Warwick dec'd. we will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, at her late residence near Edray, on Saturday the 5th day of May, 1894, the personal property of the said Caroline E. Warwick's estate, consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture, 1 Two horse Wagon, Mower, Buggy rake, and other farming utensils, 2 Horses, 1 Mule, Cows, Hogs, etc.

TERMS: All sums under \$5 cash in hand; on all sums of \$5 and over a six months credit will be given on bond and good security.

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Geo. Washington and my advertisements alike bear the reputation of truth. When I say, therefore, that my stock of goods was never larger or marked at lower prices, I naturally expect you will BELIEVE ME. My stock is more complete than ever before.

Note some of the bargains I am OFFERING Men's blk cassimere suits \$5 50 Sold last season for 8 00 Men's wide wale imported 6 50 Sold last season 10 00 I have a large lot of pawnbroker's odd coats, Diagonals and Plaids, all tailor made at from 3 25 to 5 00 Fine line of pants all styles and sizes at from 1 00 to 5 00

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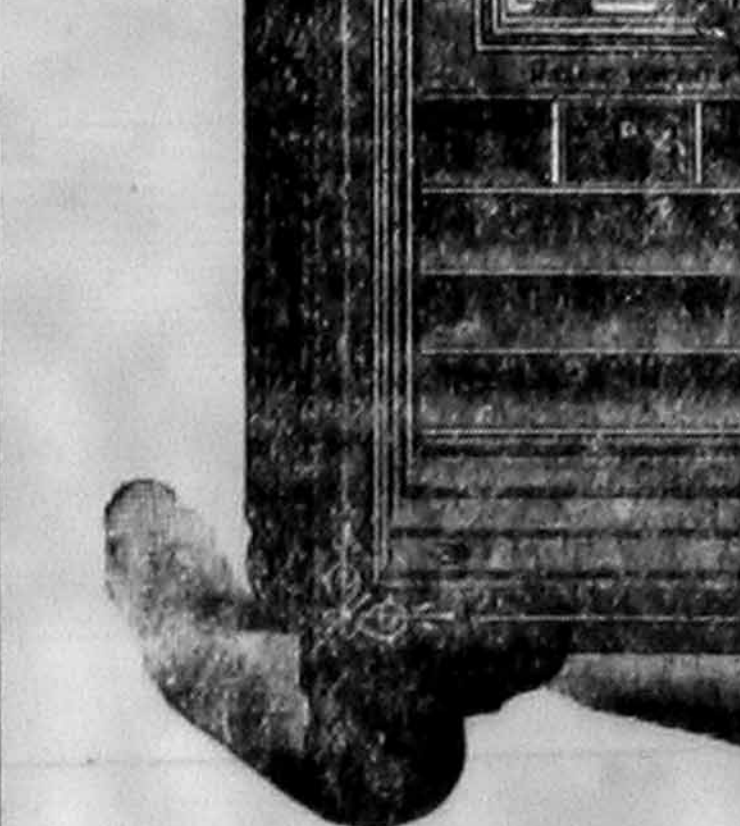
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May 1, 1894

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ADVERTISING RATES.

Table with 4 columns: Line, 1 m., 3 m., 6 m., 1 yr. Rates range from 1.00 to 5.00.

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PAPER heavy building, for shingling, lining rooms and floors

PRICES to. Circulars and quotations by addressing.

WM. A. LIST & CO., Wheeling, W. Va.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of West Virginia, Pocahontas county, to-wit: At rules held in the clerk's office of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, on Monday, March 26, 1894, William Skeen's Admr.

John T. McGraw and others.

The object of this suit is to enforce the vendors lien retained in an unrecorded deed made by William Skeen and wife to G. O. M. Whit escrow trustee, on the 2nd day of February 1891, evidenced by two bonds of the said Whit escrow, now in the hands of J. E. Arbogast, Sheriff, and as such administrator of William Skeen's deceased first bond for \$2250, dated 1st day of April, 1891, and due Jan. 10, 1892, 4th interest thereon from the 30th day of January, 1891, the second bond is also for \$2,250 dated 1st day of April, 1891, falling due on the 30th day of January, 1893, with interest thereon from the 30th day of January, 1891, which is wholly due and unpaid, by having sale of the land set forth in the said deed, which is a tract estimated to contain 3,200 acres more or less, lying in this county, on the waters of Knapp's Creek, adjoining the lands of William Curry and others.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that George Anna Skeen widow of Wm. Skeen dec'd., Virginia Skeen Jessie Skeen, Mary Skeen, Robert M Skeen, J. Curry Skeen, I. H. B Skeen, Mrs. W. K. McClintock, nee Skeen, wife of Geo. T. McClintock, who are children and heirs of William Skeen dec'd., and Geo. T. McClintock are non-residents of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit.

Witness: J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court, this 26th day of March, 1894 11 87 J. H. PATTERSON, clerk R N Tark p q apr 12 4t

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Fine Hardwood Furniture

Stock always on hand

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All Handmade WAGON

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Commissioner's Notice.

Office of W. H. Grose, commissioner, Huntersville, W. Va., April 1894. Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that in pursuance to an order of reference entered in the chancery cause Elhart, Joyner & Co et als. vs. J. W. Riley, adm'r, et als.

made at the April Term of the circuit court of Pocahontas county on the 5th day of April, 1894, I will at my office in the town of Huntersville, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on the 19TH DAY OF MAY, 1894,

proceed to take, state and report the following matters of account:

- 1st. A statement of the debts due from Jacob L. Arbogast, dec'd., with their dates, dignities and priorities. 2d. A settlement of the administration account of J. W. Riley, adm'r of J. L. Arbogast dec'd., and report the balance due from said administrator to his intestate's estate. 3d. Any other matter to be specially stated, deemed pertinent to the undersigned commissioner, or required by any party in interest to be so stated. At which time and place you may attend. W. H. GROSE, Commissioner.

Notice To Creditors.

Elhart, Joyner & Co et als. vs. J. W. Riley, adm'r, et als. To the creditors of Jacob L. Arbogast dec'd.

In pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, State of West Virginia, made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Jacob L. Arbogast dec'd. to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Jacob L. Arbogast dec'd., for adjudication to W. H. Grose at his office in the said county, on or before the 25th day of May, 1894.

Witness J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court this 10th day of April, 1894. W. H. GROSE, Commissioner.

Commissioner's Notice.

Pursuant to a decretal order of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, entered on the 6th day of April, 1894, in the chancery cause of Jacob Sheets' adm'r, vs. Rachel E. A. Sheets and others, he undersigned commissioner of said court will proceed, at the law office of L. W. McClintock in the town of Marlinton, W. Va., on Friday, the 25th day of May, 1894, to settle and state the following matters of account:

- 1st. A settlement of the account of J. C. Arbogast as administrator of Jacob Sheets, dec'd.; 2d. An account of the debts due from Jacob Sheets at the time of his death with their amounts, priorities and to whom due; 3d. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated. P. J. SNYDER, Com'r of Circuit Ct., Pocahontas county. 5.69

Notice to Creditors.

Jacob Sheets adm'r. vs. Rachel E. A. Sheets and others. To the creditors of Jacob Sheets dec'd in pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Jacob Sheets to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Jacob Sheets for adjudication to P. J. Snyder, commissioner at his office in the said

May, 1894. Witness, J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court, this 10th day of April, 1894. W. H. GROSE, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

Office of Commissioner N. C. McNeil, Marlinton, W. Va., April 9, 1894. John W. Stephenson, Trustee, vs. George H. McDaniel and others.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested in above styled cause that pursuant to decree entered in said cause on the 17th day of October, 1893, and on the 3d day of April, 1894, I will proceed, at my office in the town of Marlinton on the 14th day of May, 1894, to take, state and report the following matters, to-wit:

- 1st. An account ascertaining and fixing the debts and liens on the fund to come into said trustee's hands under "Exhibit B" of the bill, according to priority. 2d. An account of the fund in the hands of said trustee or that will come into his hands under "Exhibit B." 3d. What will be a reasonable fee for the plaintiff's attorney for his services in this cause. 4th. Any other matter deemed pertinent or required by any party in interest to be stated. N. C. McNEIL, Commissioner.

Administrators' Sale.

As administrators of Caroline E. Warwick dec'd, we will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, at her late residence near Edray, on Saturday the 5th day of May, 1894, the personal property of the said Caroline E. Warwick's estate, consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture, 1 Two horse Wagon, Mower, Buggy rake, and other farming utensils, 2 Horses, 1 Mule, Cows, Hogs, etc.

TERMS: All sums under \$5 cash in hand; on all sums of \$5 and over a six months credit will be given on bond and good security.

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A FREE HINT.

ANSWER. To buy goods at a low cost the first and most important thing is to find a place where you can purchase same from a dealer who handles nothing but first class goods bought with spot cash. When my business was established I determined to be the leader both in quality and price, and to this end bought very large quantities of goods for spot cash there by effecting a saving of at least 15 to 25 per cent to my customers, and insuring a uniform high grade of product. That the public appreciate this fact is shown by my large and constantly increasing business. In view of these facts can it not be said with perfect truth that to buy first class goods at a low cost, they must be bought at headquarters—namely

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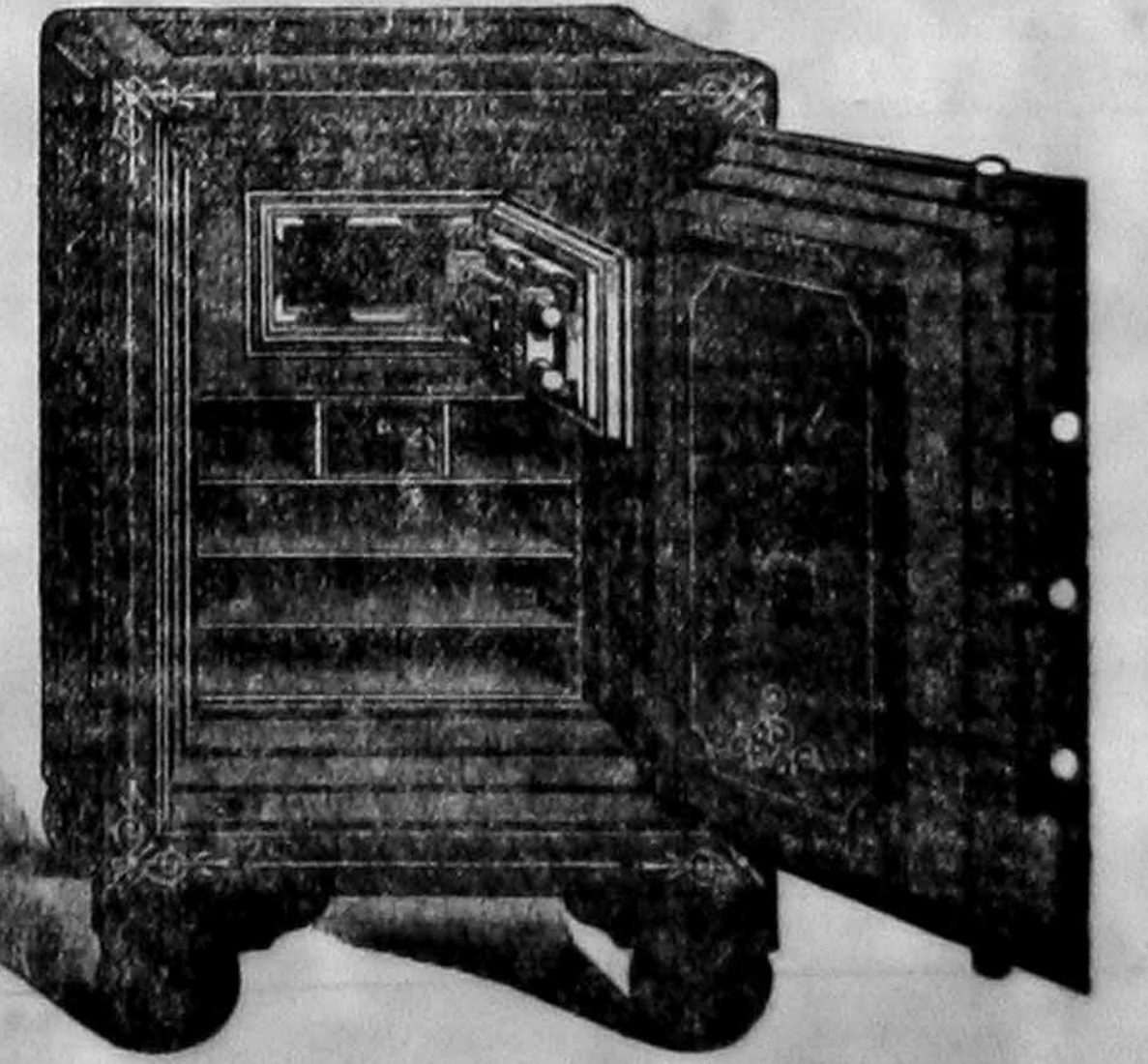
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Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
 Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
 Sheriff, J. C. Arbogast.
 Deputy Sheriff, Robt. K. Burns.
 Clerk of Court, S. L. Brown.
 Clerk of Cir. Court, J. H. Patterson.
 Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
 Com'r of Ct. { C.E. Beard,
 { G.M. Kce.
 Amos Barlow.
 Geo. Baxter
 Geo. P. Moore.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Tuesday in April, 3rd Tuesday in June and 3rd Tuesday in October.
 County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July July is levy term.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
 Marlinton, West Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining Counties, and in the Court of Appeals of the State of West Virginia.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
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 Huntersville, W. Va.

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 Monterey, Va.

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 Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

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Real Estate and Timber land. Farms and Town lots a specialty. 25 years in the business. Correspondence solicited. Reference furnished.
 J. O. - Monroeville, W. Va. or Alseader, W. Va.

PLANTS IN WINTER.

The essential conditions of life, according to the Old Greeks, were earth, air, fire and water, and in the light of modern science we recognize also that oxygen, water, nutrition, and light or heat are the indispensable conditions. With the exception of some bacteria which do not need oxygen, all life in its normal development is dependent upon the continued presence of all these factors. If any are absent, death ensues. There are, however, some apparent exceptions falling under the head of suspended animation, in which life has been maintained for months while its active functions are arrested or reduced to a very low ebb. Plants in winter are a notable example. In the fall of the year the deciduous trees shed their leaves, the organs by which they derive nutrition from the atmosphere in the form of carbonic acid. During the period of growth, each leaf is an active chemical laboratory, drinking in carbonic acid, decomposing it, assimilating the carbon, and giving off the superfluous oxygen. This decomposition of the carbonic acid takes place only during the day. Light is essential to the process, and the short winter days do not furnish it in sufficient quantity. Moreover, leaves are delicate structures, affording very little protection from cold to the sap circulating through them, and would consequently, if they remained on the tree be killed by the first frost, causing a sudden arrest of all the functions of life, and a consequent shock to the system which would almost certainly be destructive of life. The transpiration of plants is a very active process; the water taken up by the roots carries small quantities of nutritive matter in solution; this is assimilated by the plant, and the water given off by the leaves. An idea of the activity of the process will be gathered from the statement that a sunflower, three feet high, respire double its own weight of water every twenty-four hours. With a fall of temperature, the roots cease to take up water. The pores of a pumpkin-root close at a temperature of 45° F.—The leaves continue to transpire, and the plant gradually dies; the leaves wither for want of moisture and are no longer capable of performing their functions. The fall of the leaves at the beginning of winter is thus necessary to the plant's protection. If they were killed off suddenly by frost while in the active exercise of their functions, the congelation of the large quantity of water circulating through the plant would rupture the tissues, and cause death; but the water in circulation having been gradually evaporated at an earlier stage, the plant is in no danger from this cause.

Want of sufficient light and heat is the cause of the falling of the leaf, and of the consequent retardation of the vital functions. These are not absolutely suspended; respiration is still carried on on a reduced scale by the bark, especially of the branches.

A Siberian Winter, with twenty degrees below zero, is not a hard winter, yet what must it be to the plants? They freeze to ice. It is not only herbs, but large trees become as brittle as glass and break at the touch. Trees can become icy all through. It is no uncommon thing on this continent that whole forests freeze to ice and that the wood cutter's axe will not bite. The lumbermen, therefore, build fires over the roots to thaw out the trees

before they try to cut them down.—Trees may stand for months in this frozen condition, and then in the Spring revive and live on as if nothing had happened. Nevertheless, the traveler in Siberian wilds is sometimes startled by the crash of frozen trees which are riven with a noise like thunder. It is a mystery how tree life is ever maintained through a Siberian Winter.—Select ed.

NEWSPAPER SUBSCRIPTION LAWS.

Few readers of papers fully and clearly understand the laws governing subscriptions. The decisions of the United States Court on the subject are:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to renew their subscriptions.
 2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.
 3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the postoffice to which they are directed, they are responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.
 4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the papers are sent to the former address, they are held responsible.
 5. The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for is *prima facie* evidence of intentional fraud.
 6. If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice at the end of the time, if they do not wish to continue taking it; otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it, and the subscriber will be responsible until an express notice with payment of all arrearages, is sent to the publisher.
- The latest postal laws are such that newspaper publishers can arrest anyone for fraud who takes a paper and refuses to pay for it.—Under this law the man who allows his subscription to run along for some time unpaid, and then orders it discontinued, or orders the postmaster to mark it "refused," and have a postal card sent notifying the publisher leaves himself liable to arrest and fine the same as for theft.—New Dominion.

The Kodak at the North Pole.

Lieutenant Peary, the famous Arctic explorer, was the first of the hardy adventurers who have pushed to the far north, to make a complete photographic record of his trip. He carried several Kodaks on his journey and took more than 2,000 views of Eskimo life, barren ice-caps, sea lions and icy cliffs.—He tells in an interesting manner of his photographic experiences in a little book he has written entitled "The Kodak at the North Pole."—The booklet will be mailed free, on application to the Eastman Kodak Co., Rochester, N. Y.

PARALLELS to the Biblical "Out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh" are the following: A wise head has a close mouth.—Hindu.
 Mouth shut, eyes and ears open.—Italian.
 —Once in people's mouths it is hard to get out of them.—German.
 A man must put a seal upon his mouth and guard his heart with the same vigilance as the ramparts of a city.—Chinese.

FELMER was once met in a heavy shower by a friend. "Lend me your umbrella," said the latter, whereupon Felmer at once composed the song, "Wait till the Clouds Roll By."

EELS.

It is strange to a Virginian to be informed that there are no eels in West Virginian waters. In Virginia the waters swarm with them, while with us there are many persons who have never seen one. In Greenbrier River a few are to be found and once in several years you may hear of one being caught.—What are here are extremely large. They are supposed to have crossed the divide from the headwaters of the James River over land. Some some believe that eels come out on the banks of the streams to eat grass at night. They will live for a considerable time out of water, and never fail in taking the right direction and move with the speed of swiftest snake.

Their peculiar shape and the slime which covers them render them impossible to be held by the naked hand by any one not practiced. A bit of paper or sand on the hands, however, makes it possible. The manner of catching them is, as rule, to set out lines at night, which must be visited by daylight in the morning, as an eel will then make redoubled efforts to escape.—It is supposed that if an eel, when caught, is able to get his tail around any stationary object, it will be able to break the strongest hook or line. One man says that he had one escape by pulling its head off.

The skins are removed by stripping them off, and dried by stretching them over a stick the size of an eel's body. When dried they make the strongest material imaginable, and are said to be good for rheumatism when worn on the affected part.—The flesh tastes a good deal like fat.

A merchant of this county has been expecting a remittance from a certain party, and was notified last week that a package of money was awaiting his order at the express office at Hot Springs, Virginia.—Thinking that the money he was expecting had been sent by express he sent his clerk to Hot Springs, a distance of thirty-four miles, and found that the package contained a number of Louisiana State Lottery tickets, which he was requested to sell. As this would be so much against the peace and dignity of the State, the Louisiana State Lottery will doubtless be without an agent here.

A POSTHUMOUS work by the late M. Renan has appeared in England attracting considerable attention.—It contains what is probably the French skeptic's last word concerning Jesus Christ, of whom he says: "One fundamental thesis to which I cling more firmly than ever is that not only did Jesus exist, but that he was great and beautiful, a thousand fold more real than insipid earthly greatness, than insipid earthly beauty; but his charm was known really to but a dozen persons. These, however, had that love for him that it became contagious, and imposed itself upon the world. We believe, then, that there is a historical reality in the gospels. That reality is the foundation of Christianity."

—The only agency between Stanton and Charleston for Butterick's Patterns. I keep constantly in stock all the latest patterns and in all sizes. A Monthly Fashion Sheet furnished free on application. Special attention to mail orders. Very respectfully,
 MASON BELL,
 Lewisburg, W. Va.

A NEW JURY SYSTEM.
 A conspiracy was unearthed the other day in Indiana, in which one juror was to prove obstinate

and finally make the jury disagree in a suit against a county officer for embezzlement, in return for which he was to receive a large sum of money from the official whom the evidence showed conclusively to be guilty. The opportunity which our jury system offers for such cases, the frequent disagreement of jurors where the evidence seems to be conclusive, and the immense addition to the costs in any case, which may be made by the obduracy of a single man, have given rise to much discussion as to the wisdom of changing the jury system now in vogue in most of the United States. It is held by many that in civil cases a majority of at least three-fourths of the members of a jury are competent to decide a case. This system has already been adopted by three States of the Union, the first steps being taken in the West in this direction. It is provided by the constitutions of California, Texas and Nevada that in civil actions three-fourths of a jury may render a verdict. In Texas the same rule holds good in criminal cases below the grade of felony. In each of these States the system has been proven satisfactory and its adoption in other States has been often recommended. A writer in Frank Leslie's Weekly says:

In Scotland, since 1854 it has been provided that in civil cases, after six hours deliberation, a verdict of three-fourths will be taken. And in British India, the code of criminal procedure of 1882 makes a similar provision, and goes even so far as to declare that after due deliberation the opinion of six concurred in by the judge, shall prevail. In most countries of Europe trial by jury is used only in criminal cases, and in France, Germany and Italy a similar majority is sufficient. There is nothing in the reason of the thing, nor in the experience of civilized nations, to justify American persistence in this rule.

There is no reason why the precedent of other countries should be followed by this one, but if the change is deemed advisable its successful workings elsewhere would be very much in its favor. Something should be done to lessen the costs of cases in the courts both civil and criminal—and the plan suggested would go far toward doing this.—Wheeling Register.

Commissioner's Notice.

Pursuant to an order of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, (W. Va.) entered on the 6th day of April, 1894, in the two consolidated causes in chancery of Levi Gay, Adm'r. of Martha J. Carter, dec'd., vs Wm. Skeen et al., and James Sharp's Ex'or. vs James Sharp's heirs et al., the undersigned commissioner of said court will proceed at the law office of L. M. McClintic in the town of Marlinton, W. Va., on Saturday, the 2d day of June, 1894, to take and state the following matters of account:

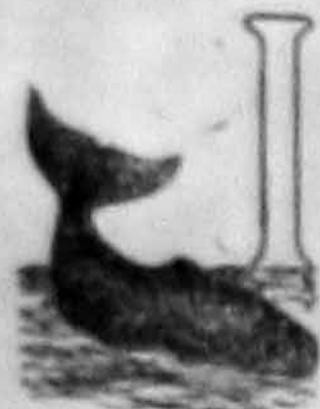
- 1st.—What amount of judgment liens, if any, remain unpaid in the first of these causes with their dates, dignities and priorities and to whom due;
 - 2d.—What amounts are due from Wm. Skeen as ex'or. of James Sharp, dec'd., in the second of the above causes, and to whom the same are payable;
 - 3d.—A settlement of the account of H. S. Rucker, Special Receiver in the first of the above causes if he shall find any error in the report heretofore made by him;
 - 4th.—An account of all debts of Wm. Skeen, dec'd., placing them in the order of priority;
 - 5th.—A settlement of the administration accounts of J. C. Arbogast, S. P. C., and as such Adm'r. of Wm. Skeen, dec'd.;
 - 6th.—An account of the real estate of which Wm. Skeen died seized with its location, value and title.
- L. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r.
 of Circ. Ct. Pocahontas county.
 29-20

Notice to Creditors.

To the creditors of Wm. Skeen, dec'd.
 In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending touching the real estate of Wm. Skeen to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Wm. Skeen for adjudication to L. M. McClintic, commissioner, at his office in the said county on or before the 31st day of June, 1894.
 Witness: J. H. Patterson, Clerk of the said court this 14th day of April, 1894.
 J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.

OUR "COLLECTION OF ICEBERGS" A RICH POSSESSION.

What the Census Has to Say About the Territory, Its Population and Resources—Peopled by Queer Races.



In many respects an important work is the "Report on the Population and Resources of Alaska," just issued by the Government from the Census Office.

locked on as a semi-unknown country—a polar wilderness of ice and savages. Its native population were considered but a degree above the Digger Indians in intelligence—a cross between Greenland Eskimos and Patagonians.

Now we are informed that notwithstanding the above predictions the management of the seal islands alone paid into the United States Treasury between \$6,000,000 and \$7,000,000 in rental and royalties within twenty years.

During the period of twenty-two years, from 1868 to 1890, the value of the products—fur, fish, ivory and silver and gold—reached \$64,156,511.

In commenting, the report says: "This valuable addition to the Nation's resources would more than compen-

Eleventh period in the history of the far Northwest. In this period Alaska emerged from a mere customs district into a preliminary phase of local organization. The same period has witnessed the marvelous development of Alaska's mines and fisheries.

It may be news to many persons that commerce, both intertribal and intercontinental, was carried on in what is now known as Alaska in times prior to the explorations of Cabot, Hudson and Raleigh on the Atlantic coast.

No sooner had the Cossack adventurers of Russia, endeavoring to escape from the tightening yoke of the Czar, entered Siberia and advanced in their eastern course from one great river system to the other than the primitive articles of Muscovite manufacture found their way to the utmost confines of Arctic Asia.

In time the Asiatics, being superior to their eastern neighbors, with whom they intermarried freely, acquired the art of navigation and took the inter-continental traffic into their own hands.

Some idea of the vast extent of the Alaska coast may be had from the following figures, showing it to be more than twelve times as great as the entire Atlantic coast. The report says that the length of coast line of Alaska's mainland and islands is nearly four times that of all other parts of the United States combined.

The United States coast and geodetic survey has made a systematic survey of the islands, coasts and waters of the Alexander Archipelago, publishing from time to time revised maps of all Alaska whenever additional information is obtained by the office from reliable sources.



AN ALASKAN TYPE OF BEAUTY.

The glacier region situated to the northward of Cross Sound and Icy Strait, unknown in its contours ten years ago, is now a place of call and one of the greatest attractions for the thousands of tourists who visit Southeastern Alaska every summer.

The Alpine coast region, rising abruptly from the shores of the North Pacific between Cape Spencer on the east and Mount St. Elias on the west, has been the objective point of several exploring expeditions. It is now known definitely that Mount St. Elias is more than 18,000 feet high.

Much has been printed in the newspapers regarding the mineral deposits of Alaska. Rumors of fabulous gold diggings have been circulated, but official reports show only a substantial and steady increase of production.



ALASKAN ARCHITECTURE—MODERN THLINGIT HOUSE.

discovered at Sitka, at Silver Bay, ten miles northeast of the town, by Frank Mahoney, prospector; Edward Doyle, a discharged soldier, and William Dunlayo. While prospecting for placers, these men found (in June, 1873) a gold bearing quartz vein, and took samples of the ore to Sitka.



AN ESKIMO BELLE.

The account of life in Northern Alaska is interesting. At Cape Smythe and along the Ikuppu and Kupara Rivers dandelions and buttercups bloom in July and August, to appear but

sooner has the snow left the ground than these torments appear in large swarms, disappearing for shelter beneath the blades of grass when a north-west or west wind blows cold.

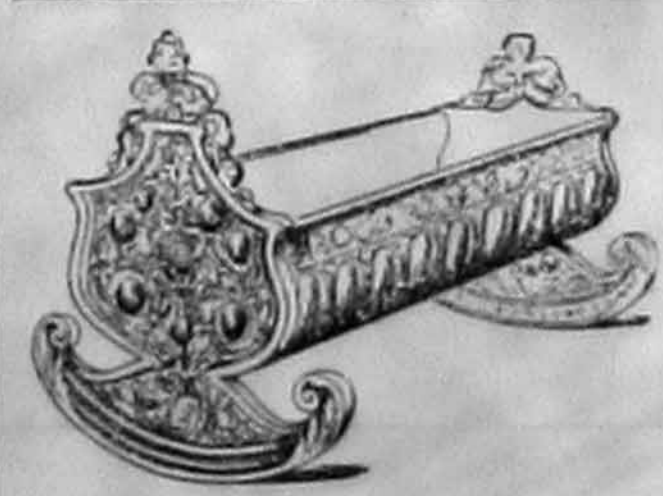
To understand the Eskimos of Alaska requires years of study in their homes. Mr. Henry D. Woodliff, writing of the upper district, says: "The family law of the Eskimo race bears a marked resemblance to the Roman law of paternal succession."

The bright side of the life of these people is their invariably cheerful disposition. No matter how severely hunger or privation may afflict them they still hope for the best. When once a marriage is completed the man is the ruler. His word, his fist and his club are law.

The report says "there are two or three young men and their wives who invariably wash their faces and hands daily and indulge in entire abstinence whenever they have a supply of water. Among the native women living with white men at the stations cleanliness prevails to a marked degree."

An Elaborate Cradle.

The most elaborate cradle of which there is any account is that which was designed for the children of Queen Victoria. A description of it reads



CRADLE OF QUEEN VICTORIA'S CHILDREN.

like a dream. It is a marvel of fine wood-carving in the Italian style of art, and from the best Turkey boxwood. The shape of the cradle was designed by Her Majesty, and consists of flat head and foot panels, united by a cylinder similar to the Italian and Flemish cradle seen in old paintings.

The largest stone arch is the Union arch of the Washington aqueduct, 250

consists of the instruments used in torturing public offenders during the Dark Ages. It comes from the Royal Castle of Nuremberg, although at present it is owned by an English nobleman, the Earl of Shrewsbury and Talbot, who, in the opinion of the New York Press, must possess rather an uncanny taste, for it is said that he gathers these instruments as a sort of "hobby," in the same way as old gentlemen collect butterflies and younger gentlemen make stamp albums.

Any one of the instruments is bad enough; but the "Iron Maiden" has



IRON MAIDEN. DRUNKARD'S CLOAK.

tradition back of her to prove that she was the most terrible of all the ingenious inventions of cruelty ever constructed. She has the face of a Malinna. This was with a view to giving her victims divine consolation.

Numbers of Cromwell's army wore the drunkard's cloak when they got to London and celebrated the Lord Protector's success on the night after the last public appearance of Charles I, with his head on one side of the chopping block and his body on the other.

Filtering Water Upward.

An Italian inventor in New York has just devised a water filter, the principle of which embodies a theory of his own, that water is best filtered upward instead of from the bottom.

Bonnets of Steel.

The unique bonnet is the bonnet of the moment. Steel is at present in high favor. It is used as a glittering crown, framed by a puffing of crepe de Chine, and steel brims are also seen, faced with some filmy shirred material.



A STEEL BONNET.

hoops of steel tower one above the other, showing off to great advantage the curls which rest upon the wearer's forehead. Two small pale blue tips, sprayed with silver tinsel, curl themselves into a fluffy ball above the steel



A SHAFT, OR ALASKA MINE.

the special agent quoted above, figured out an ingeniously by means of compound interest at six per cent, on a cash payment. The decline of the fur seal industry, owing to the reckless attachments of irresponsible and foreign sealers, has prevented the further collection of revenues in excess of expenditures since the year 1890.

A SAFE RULE.

This rule is for youths of either sex; never to appear where a Bible would be out of place.

The geographical metes and bounds of the United States seem suggestive of what political tendency may eventually dominate in our national politics.

Individually, our citizens claim the right to sell what they make to other citizens, and buy of them what they have to sell, without governmental interference.

As receiver for U. S. McNeill I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION ON FRIDAY and SATURDAY 11th and 12th of May,

DUNMORE.

Fine weather, and our farmers are busy sowing corn, fine rains and the grass and range is coming on fine, and soon the shepherds will knock the hair off their sheep.

We had quite a hail storm Sunday evening, and think that some damage was done to fruit and gardens.

Mrs. David L. Mauzy, of Crabbottom, is out on a visit.

Mr. E. R. Mason is moving to Huntersville.

Some of the ablest counsel in Va. have been secured for C. P. Kerr, Constable, and his guards in the Sutton case.

GREEN BANK.

Jacob Bonar and family are gone to Baltimore at this writing.

Mr. Henderson Lockridge and Mrs. Bevernomb, of Williamsville, Va., were the guests of Mr. J. R. Warwick's last Saturday.

Mrs. Bevernomb is visiting her daughter Miss Sallie, who is a teacher in the graded school at this place.

Mr. S. C. Gay has rented the Yeager property and will move in this week.

James Patterson Key, of Marlinton, is up to see his best girl and many friends.

Messrs. Kenney, Dille and A. Dille were in this part of the county discussing for the Pocahontas Herald soon to be published at Huntersville by the above named gentlemen.

Messrs. Brown and Winchester accompanied by Grandfather Keller, of Trainers' Ridge, passed through our village last week looking for timber land along the R. R. location.

A CORRECTIO.

In speaking of F. A. Chapman in last week's issue of the Times, the statement was made that he refused admission to his room, claiming that he was working on an invention, for some time prior to his arrest as a counterfeiter.

Order of Publication.

State of West Virginia, county of Pocahontas, to-wit: At rules held in the Clerk's office of the circuit court of said county, on Monday, the 7th day of May, 1894.

A. M. Pullin and Mary M. Pullin take notice, that on the 12th day of June, A. D., 1894, between the hours of six o'clock a. m. and six o'clock p. m., at the law office of H. S. Rucker, in the town of Huntersville, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, we will take the depositions of B. C. Hill and others to be read as evidence in our behalf, in a certain suit in chancery now pending in the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, and State of West Virginia, in which we are plaintiffs and you and others are defendants.

The object of this suit is to set aside as fraudulent the deed from A. M. Pullin and wife to J. W. L. Shue, bearing date 9th day of May, 1889, also a deed from J. W. L. Shue to Mary M. Pullin, bearing date May 10th, 1889, and also to set aside the deed from Mary M. and A. M. Pullin to J. F. Cutlip, dated 24th of February, 1891, and subject said tract or the purchase money due from said J. F. Cutlip to payment of judgment due plaintiff of \$66.85 with interest thereon from Dec 20th, 1890, and the costs thereof and of this suit, also to subject said land to the payment of all other judgment liens thereon, and to this end to enjoin L. M. McClintic, Special Commissioner, from collecting the purchase money from J. F. Cutlip, and for general relief.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that A. M. Pullin and Mary M. Pullin are non-residents of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit.

Witness: J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court, this 7th day of May, 1894.

J. H. PATTERSON, clerk. H. S. Rucker, p. q.

NOTICE TO TAKE DEPOSITIONS.

To A. M. Pullin and Mary M. Pullin take notice, that on the 12th day of June, A. D., 1894, between the hours of six o'clock a. m. and six o'clock p. m., at the law office of H. S. Rucker, in the town of Huntersville, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, we will take the depositions of B. C. Hill and others to be read as evidence in our behalf, in a certain suit in chancery now pending in the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, and State of West Virginia, in which we are plaintiffs and you and others are defendants.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of West Virginia, county of Pocahontas, to-wit: At rules held in the Clerk's office of the circuit court of said county, on Monday, May 7th, 1894.

The object of this suit is to enforce a judgment lien against the lands of the defendant, Ella I. Waugh, and to obtain a decree of sale of said Ella I. Waugh's interest in a certain tract or parcel of land situate near Clover Lick in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, and it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant, Ella I. Waugh, is a non-resident of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that she do appear here within one month after the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect her interest in this suit.

Witness: J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court, this 7th day of May, 1894.

PILES cured in one PAINLESS treatment without knife. Fits of time from business. Fistula, Ulcers, etc. also cured. 30 years' ex. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. DR. H. B. BUTTS, 522 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

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An electro-galvanic battery applied to the affected parts. Cures Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Errors of Youth, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Sexual Weakness, and all Troubles in Male or Female. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. Volta-Medica Appliance Co., 522 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

FAT FOLKS

Reduced to 25 pounds per month. No starving, no inconvenience, no bad results, no pause in work. Treatment perfectly harmless and safely conducted. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. DR. W. H. BUTTS, 522 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Attention Farmers! THE FAMOUS WORLD BEATER McCormick Binders, and Reapers, and Mowers, and Binder Twine are Sold By T. A. SYDENSTRICKER, ACADEMY, W. VA. A full line of repairs constantly on hand. When in need of first class machinery, it will pay you to see him.

Price & Smith Prescription Druggists, Marlinton, West Virginia. DEALERS IN Pure Drugs, Medicines, Patent medicines, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, ETC., ETC. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day and night. A competent Pharmacist will have charge of the Prescription Department. We invite every body and promise close prices and polite attention. E. A. Smith & Son's Old Stand.

Receiver's Sale! As receiver for U. S. McNeill I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION ON FRIDAY and SATURDAY 11th and 12th of May, the entire stock of goods now in my possession as receiver consisting of every thing usually found in a country store, together with the fixtures consisting of counter and platform scales, show cases, etc. Also the buildings advertised in another column will be sold during this sale. I would call especial attention to the large line of Dry Goods, Hats and Boots and Shoes that will be sold. This will place unless the stock is sold at wholesale before that date. Marlinton, W. Va. LEVI GAY, Rec'vr.

S. W. Holt Good country produce taken in exchange for goods. I will want all the WOOL in the country, and pay the highest prices. Come to Marlinton and see what bargains are kept in my store. As low prices as can be found in the county are guaranteed to purchasers. Our terms are CASH and to responsible parties 30 days. My Spring stock of goods is now coming in and will be complete soon, and my customers will find anything they may desire in DRY GOODS GROCERIES QUEENSWARE HARDWARE, ETC. The finest line of Cigars and Tobacco in the county. Anyone can be suited in shoes, as I have just received several hundred pair of the latest and best styles on the market. Now is the time to buy your Spring Suit and you can be suited and fitted with my complete line of clothing. Carpenter will remember that my...

INSURE NOW. The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co. MILWAUKIE, WISCONSIN. Offers the cheapest and best insurance of any of the Old Line Companies. Assets January 1 1893 \$56,236,089 12 Surplus January 1 1893 \$ 9,467,384 54 A PURELY U.S. COMPANY Transacting a larger business than any other purely American company. Its dividends the largest of any life company in the World. Proved by hundreds of comparisons with other leading companies. Rates at the Times Office.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE GENUINE WELT. Squares, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price. \$5, \$4 and \$3.50 Dress Shoe. Equal custom work, costing from \$6 to \$8. \$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking Shoe ever made. \$2.50, and \$2 shoes, Unequaled at the price. Boys \$2 & \$1.75 School Shoes. At the best for service. LADIES' \$3, \$2.50 \$2, \$1.75 Best Douglas, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass. THIS IS THE BEST \$3. SHOE IN THE WORLD. ALL THE LATEST STYLES. DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a low profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Levi Gay Esq. has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to represent Pocahontas county in the next House of Delegates of West Virginia, subject to the Democratic Convention.



A number of bass were caught in the river Saturday.

Notice of the date of the Receiver's auction sale of the McNeill assignment, MAY 11TH AND 12TH.— C. B. Swicker Auctioneer

Three eagles are making themselves very troublesome to Mr. S. C. Gay's nice flock of lambs.

Mr. Giles Sharp rents Miss Alice McLaughlin's pastures.

There has been much sickness on Elk. It is believed more than any time since 1861. Mrs. Melinda Hanna and Mrs. Mary Varner have been quite ill.

Mr. James Gibson Sr. is rising from a long and critical illness.

Forest and Winters Gibson, sons of James Gibson Sr. were strangely and critically affected, but are now convalescent.

The Sunday School at this place has reached the high tide of success in its history in a large attendance and interest displayed by everyone. The new library is a most popular and useful adjunct.

The bell tower for the church has been begun and will now be rapidly pushed to completion.

Married. April 29th at Henry Sharp's, near Split Rock, By Elder Wilfong, Mr. Davis Hanna and Miss Gemima Johnson, daughter of James Johnson Esq.

Married. At Clifton Forge, by Rev. Rutherford Brett, April 24th, Mr. James Lefell, of Low Moor, and Miss Leanna McNeil, daughter of the late Washington McNeil, of Seago.

At a meeting of the citizens of Marlinton last Friday night, it was decided to circulate a paper prohibiting that all signers should refrain from pasturing stock, with the exception of milch cows, on the town commons.

The present Spring has been one of the most remarkable in the history of the country. An unprecedented small amount of snow and rain has fallen, and as the snow which is held in reserve far back in the mountains and upon which the Spring tides are based, is all gone, the chances of driving all the logs in the Creek and River to Ronceverte appear to be small indeed.

Two parties of fishermen of this place visited William's River in quest of trout last week. A good many fish were caught, but the fish tag was hardly as good as usual owing to the lowness of the water, and to their having been caught out to a great extent. A large deer was seen in the water just below the falls of William's River, a most picturesque spot.

A large acreage of corn and oats will be put out everywhere throughout the Elk region. Much brushing and fencing going on, the Ligon fence is popular. Not much surplus feed left over, hence the new grass is more than welcome.

One night last week Mr. Preston Clark was alarmed by hearing someone try to enter the door of his house. He went to the door, pistol in hand, and the person or persons who were trying to effect an entrance, ran across the yard.— He shot a shot after them and they turned and fled until three shots each had been exchanged.

Mr. E. L. Burner, otherwise Bud Burner, of Green Bank, was arrested last week, charged with having shot Craig Ashford needlessly while said Ashford was in his custody. An account of the shoot-

ing appeared in this paper, and we suppose the question will hinge on whether Ashford was attempting to escape when he was shot, or not.

Last Wednesday is certainly the day on which the Summer of 1894 was inaugurated. The flies came back then and inhabited the houses Dr. E. L. Day, perhaps the most observant naturalist of our town, spent his leisure hours that day in observing the progress of the blossoming of an apple tree, in sight of the drugstore. In the morning there was only an indication of an early blossoming, and by night the tree was white.

This time of year the bee farmers often find an empty hive, where there was a thriving colony when Winter began. This is not due, as a rule, to the death of the bees as many suppose, but to the fact that for some reason or other they have left one by one and joined the bees of other hives. This may be for want of proper food supply, and as a rule is the reason. Another reason may be that something is wrong with the queen. A hive was recently found in which was a solitary bee, the queen.

We are informed on reliable authority that in the recent base ball game between Smith's Camp and Meadow Creek Camp, the pitcher, catcher and short stop of the victors were professional players, imported from Ronceverte for the express purpose of "doing up" the rival Camp. In this game the Huntersville nine were fearfully handicapped by not having a pitcher who could "curve," whilst the pitcher of the opposing nine was an expert and had them at his mercy. The phenomenal score is thus easily accounted for.

PERSONAL.

The editor of this paper is attending the present meeting of the West Virginia Editorial Association which meets in Wheeling this week.

Miss Nellie Peters, of Ronceverte representing Mrs. C. B. Hunt's millinery establishment, has been in the county for a few days.

Adam Marshall was at his home at Mingo last week.

Messrs. E. H. Jackson and Samuel Sheets, were in town Monday.

Mr. John B. Hannah, a well-known citizen of Elk, is slowly recovering from a serious illness.

Dr. Price passed a successful examination in pharmacy at Lewisburg last week, and will receive a certificate as a pharmacist.

Messrs. Will McLaughlin and J. H. G. Wilson attended the Mingo races on Friday.

"Ganger" King, of Buckhannon, was in Marlinton this week.

It has been reported quite generally, outside of the county, that Mr. L. M. McClintic, attorney, of this place, is a candidate for Congress, which we can contradict. Our genial "Lock" is not running just yet.

The long expected football match between this town and Hillsboro will take place on next Saturday at Hillsboro, play beginning at 2 p. m. While it will be hot weather, no doubt, it is possible that the strength of the respective teams in relation to each other may be tested. Marlinton will play in black. The Hillsboro team is captained by Dr. McClintic and composed of the following eleven: Dr. F. T. McClintic, Alex. McNeil, Joe Roman, Walter Clark, Sam Clark, Henry McNeil, John Gafford, Elbert Perkins, Cam Beard, Fonton Chapman, Wm. Burns.

"Big Jim" Wilson, colored, attempted to take his son, Cal, home Tuesday evening. The boy has refused to live at home, and had a good job at Byrd's Hotel which he was loath to give up with his dad's corn patch in view. When Jim attempted to tie him, Cal secured a hatchet and knife, and brandishing

them in the face of his parent, darning to come on. His cries of defiance could be heard all through the town and a crowd collected. The way the boy slashed his tomahawk and knife around within a few inches of Jim's person, looked really dangerous, and stood him off for some time. Finally after taking legal advice he went away saying he would "fetch him by law" tomorrow.

Trout fishing is in full swing. Messrs. McClintic, Smith, Gunther, Fisher, Bratton and McNeil composed a party to William's River. They caught several thousands. A less unpretentious though very businesslike party composed of Pat Simmons, Emily Smith, Jim Smith and Norman Price started for the headwaters of that stream the same time on foot. Their catch numbered about The writer is indebted to Mr. Silas Sharp and family for a good day's sport on Elk. That worthy gentleman was searching the almanac to ascertain if the "sign" was right to plant potatoes, as the new moon was almost due, when it would be useless to plant. By this means we learned that the sign was in the "feet," as it was when the writer was born, and as that is the sign of the "fishes," we augered that we had struck the right time to fish. A sight of Elk is worth going a good ways to see. The water runs black and swift, and even at low tide looks dangerous. It would not be becoming to say how many we caught, neither will we do so for fear of being believed. Elk has the most slippery bottom and coldest water of any stream on Earth.

DISTRICT CONFERENCE.
The Lewisburg District Conference, M. E. Church, South, will meet in Lewisburg, Thursday, June 7th, at 9 a. m.

MEMORIAL SERVICE.
On Sabbath, May 20th, 1894, 11 o'clock a. m., at the Sulphur Spring, on Stony Creek, a memorial service announced May 20th, 1855, at that place, by Rev. Samuel Young de'd., will be conducted by
GEORGE P. MOORE.
May 7th, 1894.

HILLSBORO.
The farmers are busy planting. Mr. F. A. Renick and daughter, Miss Jessie, who have been visiting relatives and friends in the West, have returned home.

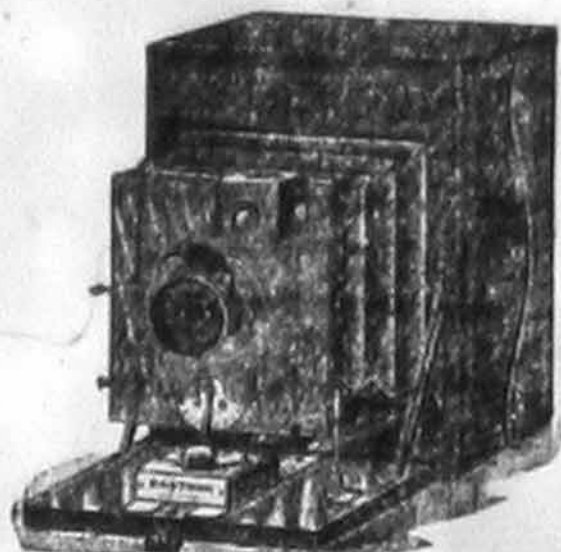
Misses Mary and Bette Bell, who have been visiting their aunt, Mrs. P. S. Clark, have returned to their home at Frankford.
Miss Nova Blair, Lampase, Tex., is visiting at Mr. G. W. Whitings.
Miss Clara Rader, of Williamsburg, is visiting relatives here.
Mrs. Lucy Holt was visiting her sister at Marlinton last week.
Mrs. Dr. McClintic is visiting at Clover Lick.
The Quarterly meeting will be held at Marvin Chapel next Saturday and Sunday.

CLOVER CREEK.
Corn planting is the go. The sick are better, with the exception of Mrs. Jacob Beverage.
The waters of Clover Creek have run muddy for several days back.— This digging for gold and silver in this country must be stopped!

Frank Mann, while plowing for J. C. Price Esq., found what is supposed to be a petrified human leg, but it may be simply a limestone rock that was formed that way.
A wonderful cave has been discovered on Mr. Walter Adams farm. It has been explored for about 50ft at which distance from the entrance there is a deep hole down which a rock may drop for ten seconds before it strikes the water below.
James Meeks has enlarged his house a square—its another girl.
Y. K. W.

WANTED: Eggs at 12 1/2 cents and Bacon at 15 cents at S. W. Holts.

J. M. BARNETT, M. D.
has located at
FROST, W. VA.
Calls promptly answered.



The Folding Kodak. A new glass plate camera for 4 x 5 pictures. Can be used with films by the addition of a roll holder. Latest improvements, finest adjustments, handsome finish. Price, with double plate holder, - \$15 00
EASTMAN KODAK CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.
{Send for '94 Catalogue.}

Jeweler Smyth will be at Marlinton for the next 8 days repairing watches clocks and jewelry. Lowest prices and satisfaction guaranteed.
Respectfully,
M. D. SMYTH.

FREE TRIAL. A package of our treatment for weakness and decay, nervous debility and lost vitality sent free for 12 cents postage.
DR. WARD INSTITUTE, 120 N. 9th St. ST. LOUIS, MO.

HOTEL BYRD
The Hotel Marlinton by H. A. Yeager has recently changed hands and is now under new management
RATES.
Meals 25c.
Per day \$1.00 & 1.25
Per month \$15.00
Table board \$12.00
Special arrangements can be made with visiting lawyers for rooms as offices during the courts.
THE STABLE
has been thoroughly cleaned and fixed up, and is in charge of a competent man. Special arrangements can be made for keeping horses.
Marlinton. A. M. Byrd, Prop.

C. Z HEVNER'S,
BLACKSMITHING AND WAGON REPAIRING establishment.
MARLINTON, W. VA.
Shops situated at the Junction of Main Street and Dusty Avenue, opposite the POST OFFICE.

MARLINTON HOUSE.
Located near Court House.
Terms.
per day 1.00
per meal 25
lodging 25
Good accommodations for horses at 25 cents per feed.
Special rates made by the week or month.
C. A. YEAGER, PROP
Fire! Fire! Fire!
Insure against loss in the

Peabody Insurance Company.
Wheeling, W. Va.
Incorporated March, 1869.
Cash Capital \$100,000.00.
N. C. McNEIL, MARLINTON W. VA.
Ag't for Pocahontas County.

DR. RICHARD WILLIAMS,
Hightown, Va
Highland Co.
Will be at Travelers Rest twice a week.

HORSE AND GATTLE POWDERS,
Good for all Diseases of HORSES, CATTLE, CHICKENS, TURKEYS, HOGS, SHEEP etc.
FOR SALE BY
FRICE & SMITH

LAST CHANCE.
J. W. Bever, photographer, has returned from the North, and will remain at Academy only a few weeks.
—Don't forget the football game at Academy. J. W. Bever, photographer, will be there.
—Mr. Goldin wishes us to say that the report of his moving to Marlinton, is incorrect.

NOTICE.
I have control of the John A. McNeel Place and the Slaughter and Pence land on Williams River, and will take in stock to graze at a reasonable rate. Good grass and fine range. Call early and make arrangements for your stock.
May 7, 1894. S. B. MOORE.

DR. H. LEE.
Veterinary Surgeon,
Marlinton, W. Va.
Treats all diseases of horses.

WM. A. FRAZIER, M. D.
Practice limited to the
EYE, EAR, NOSE & THROAT.
Formerly Consulting Oculist and Aurist to the St. Louis City Hospital and Surgeon-in-Charge of the Missouri Eye and Ear Infirmary, St. Louis.
OFFICE: -Over Augusta National Bank Staunton, Va. June-1 yr.

For Sale!
The U. S. McNeill buildings at Marlinton, W. Va.
Consisting of large and commodious store room, ware room, and four living rooms upstairs; and a stable.
Also the old store house now occupied by A. S. McNeill—3 rooms and a kitchen.
About two years future ground-rent contracted for; buildings are owned as personal property with privilege to remove.
Interested parties are requested to call early on the undersigned.
—LEVI GAY Receiver.

PLASTERING
BOYD B. BARTLETT,
MARLINTON,
W. VA.

Will undertake plastering in any part of the County.
Contracts by the sq. yd.
To furnish material, or otherwise.

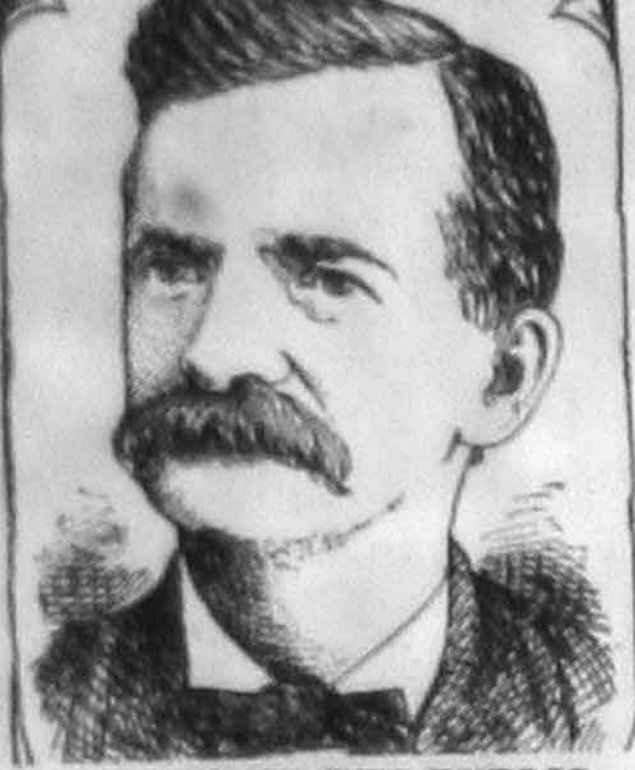
Satisfaction GUARANTEED.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

FEED, LIVERY & SALE STABLE.
First rate teams and Saddle Horses provided

HOUSES FOR SALE AND HIRE.
Special accommodation for Stallions

A Limited Number of Horses Boarded.
All persons having horses to trade, are invited to call.
Young horses broken to ride & work.
J. H. G. WILSON,
MARLINTON, W. VA.

LADIES
Needing a tonic or children that want building up, should take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, and Biliousness. All dealers keep it.
Many Persons
are broken down from overwork or household duties. **Brown's Iron Bitters** rebuilds the system, aids digestion, restores equilibrium of bile, and cures neuralgia. Get the genuine.



A DUTY TO THE PUBLIC
I felt it a duty to the public to send this certificate. I had the grip in the winter of '91 and was so severely that it deprived me of the use of my arms so that my wife had to dress and undress me. I tried five doctors and not one accomplished anything. Then I determined to try

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Before I had taken one bottle I had the use of my arms, thank God. These are facts and can be verified by many persons here. I am pastor of the M. E. Church, C. W. CLAPHAM, Church Creek, Md. Get only Hood's. Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills.

PNU 4 '94

Thin Children Grow Fat
on Scott's Emulsion, because fat foods make fat children. They are thin, and remain thin just in proportion to their inability to assimilate food rich in fat.

Scott's Emulsion
of Cod Liver Oil is especially adaptable to those of weak digestion—it is partly digested already. Astonishing how quickly a thin person gains solid flesh by its use!
Almost as palatable as milk.
Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

COCOA and CHOCOLATE
Highest Awards (Medals and Diplomas)
World's Columbian Exposition.
On the following articles, namely:
BREAKFAST COCOA, PREMIUM No. 1 CHOCOLATE, GERMAN SWEET CHOCOLATE, VANILLA CHOCOLATE, COCOA BUTTER.
For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.
WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

BAD BLOOD
Is a source of much suffering. The system should be thoroughly cleansed of all impurities, and the Blood kept in a healthy condition. **S. S. S.** removes all taint of whatsoever origin, and builds up the general health.

For three years I was so troubled with malarial poison that the best all-around remedy I tried mercurial and Potash remedies, but could get no relief; a few bottles of **S. S. S.** made a complete and permanent cure.
J. A. RICE, Ottawa, Kan.
Our Book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

THE WONDERFUL MECHANICAL SPELLER.

PIANO MOVEMENT
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.
The Child's Best Teacher. Have you seen it? Older folks will find it very amusing. Would you like one? For \$1.00 we will send it to your address, charges paid.
KINDERGARTEN MFG. CO.
925 Sanson Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

1,000,000 ACRES OF LAND for sale by the SAINT PAUL & DUCHIE RAILROAD Company in Minnesota. Send for Maps and Circulars. They will be sent to you **FREE.**
Address: **HOPEWELL CLARKE,** Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

SMITH WALL PAPER
SELLS THE BEST, THE CHEAPEST
Good Papers for the Wall, Gold Papers for the Wall, Wood Paper for the Wall, Wood Paper for the Wall, Wood Paper for the Wall.

PISS CURE FOR
Consumption and people who have weak lungs of Asthma, should use **Piss Cure** for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not only cured the lungs, but it has also cured the kidneys, and it has also cured the bladder. It is the best cure for all these ailments. Send for a bottle.



THE BEST COW.
The best cow is the one that yields the greatest amount of butter fat in the course of the year at the least expense to her owner. The very prevalent idea that a thin cow is necessarily a good dairy animal is a mistaken assumption. Some cows remain poor in flesh because they use their feed to make milk and fat, but a good many others which are equally hearty feeders remain thin because they lack the power to properly assimilate and digest their food. The same rules and exceptions hold good with animals as with people. The largest eaters are not necessarily the biggest or strongest.

CANADA THISTLES.
A writer in Garden and Forest describes the novel and effective method he took for clearing some neglected land of Canada thistles. As an experiment he took a clod-crusher, made of two-inch plank, loaded it with as much stone as the horses could draw and broke the thistles down flat and then plowed them deeply under. The plan succeeded perfectly. It seems that their entire vigor, vitality and substance were then in their tops, as they were ready for scattering the seeds. They were entirely destroyed, and a market gardener raised vegetables on the land the next season. Not a sign of a Canada thistle has been seen on the ground to this day.

A GOOD FERTILIZER.
A very cheap and easy way to prepare bones to supply as a fertilizer is by the use of ashes. Break the bones as small as is possible. Then cover the bottom of a barrel or box with a few inches of ashes, then put in a layer of bones, and so on until the receptacle is filled. The time required for the decomposition of the bones depends upon the strength of the ashes, the size of the bones and the amount of moisture in the mixture. The mixture should be made quite damp by pouring water on it, but not enough water should be used as to cause it to drain. Hard wood ashes which have not been exposed to the weather are best for reducing bones.—American Farmer.

FATTENING STEERS FOR MARKET.
In bulletin No. 39 of the Kansas Station the results are published of experiments in fattening two classes of steers for market, the experiment extending over two years. One class was fed out of doors without much protection from inclement weather, while the other lot was fed indoors and given all the protection possible. One lot was fed in a yard with a shed closed on three sides, but open on the south side, and the others were tied up in the stables. About the same amount of feed was given to both sets, although those out of doors were subdivided into other lots, and various kinds of food were fed to ascertain as well the best winter food. The results of this feeding seemed to show that while cattle needed protection in the winter they did not require to be shut up so close. They grew fretful and needed exercise. The animals that were exposed to the cold gained as fast, but at a heavier expense, as they demand more food. The directors concluded that cattle in the winter should have good protection from bad weather, but also exercise in the open air on good days. If they are to be kept in the stables they should be introduced gradually, or they will lose flesh for the first few weeks.

NEW ONION CULTURE.
I would call attention to the new method of raising onions, says C. T. Abearn in the Epitomist. Having tried it myself I know it to be far ahead of the common mode of culture. The new way consists in sowing the seed in a hot-bed six or eight weeks before the usual time of sowing in open ground. Prepare the ground as you would for planting in the old way. The ground cannot be made too rich and fine and must be as free from stones as possible. A sandy loam, with plenty of decaying vegetable matter and well drained, is the right kind of soil for onions.
Transplant the onions into rows one foot apart and three inches apart in the row. While the transplanting takes a good deal of time and labor, it makes the after cultivation so much easier that there is a real gain, as it is much more labor to put a weedy onion bed in order than it is to transplant young onions. By this method of raising onions they have a much longer season in which to mature, consequently they will grow larger and produce a heavier crop. It makes onion culture almost a sure thing.

If the season is late, the onions can be kept growing in the hot-bed until the ground can be put into proper condition, as they are easily transplanted at any time in their growth.

A WINTER REMEDY FOR EACH MILDEW.
California peach growers have found that the use of lime, salt and sulphur wash in the winter, when the trees are dormant, prevents mildew during the following summer. This wash, if properly prepared by a long boiling, is a very active fungicide, and destroys the spores of the mildews where resting upon the bark during the winter. The application of dry sulphur during the spring will also check mildew, but the use of lime, salt and sulphur meets the double purpose of killing both scale insects and fungus spores.

California peach mildew is not the same as the common form of the East, and it has been found that Bordeaux mixture will not be effective enough to destroy the peach mildew which occurs in that State. Bordeaux mixture is a good application to kill spores, but it will not stop the mycelial growth of all fungi.

The following formula is used: Unslaked lime, 40 pounds; sulphur, 20 pounds; stock salt, 15 pounds; water to make 60 gallons. Place 10 pounds of lime and 20 pounds of sulphur in a boiler with 20 gallons of water and boil over a brisk fire for an hour and a half, or until the sulphur is thoroughly dissolved. When this takes place the mixture will be of an amber color. Next place in a cask 50 pounds of unslaked lime, pouring over it enough hot water to thoroughly slake, and while it is boiling add the 15 pounds of salt. When this is dissolved add to the lime and sulphur in the boiler and cook for half an hour longer, when the necessary water to make the 60 gallons should be added.—New England Homestead.

BULL POWER.
There are many good reasons why bulls should be worked more than they are, and no good reason that we are aware of why they should not be, except that they are sometimes unruly and hard to manage. When working in a treadmill, however, this objection is of little consequence, and if a little tact is used in feeding his majesty with a few oats after his work is done, he will soon become reconciled to the drudgery and take to it kindly. The bull has advantage of the horse for this kind of work in that he is not likely to be in demand for other work and can be depended upon when wanted.

The improved conveniences of the modern dairy farm demand the use of a cheap power of some sort for running the separator, the churn, pumping water, sawing wood, etc. The windmill is admirably adapted to doing many of these jobs, such as pumping water and sawing wood and cutting fodder, which can be done whenever the wind blows and occasion demands. But a power that can be depended upon for moderate work daily, without regard to wind, and that shall be less expensive and troublesome than steam, is in demand on many dairy farms, and the bull seems admirably qualified to fill this want.
There can be no question that moderate daily exercise is a good thing for the bull; it makes him more vigorous and sure as a sire, more tractable and less dangerous to handle, and greatly diminishes the risk of his suddenly becoming treacherous. The testimony of many farmers who have tried it is unanimous on these points.—Massachusetts Ploughman.

POULTRY NOTES.
Cross breeding will increase size.
Chickens should be given warm, but never hot food.
In winter noon is the best time to feed green food.
Meat is apt to cause bowel trouble if given too freely.
A stunted fowl will never make a good market chicken.
The earlier the pullets are hatched the sooner they will lay.
The eggs from a pullet are usually smaller than those of a hen.
The newly-hatched chick needs almost as much care as a baby.
Barley is an excellent poultry food. It is largely used in England and Canada.

It is said that eggs will keep for a long time if kept cool and turned every other day.
White leghorns are a trifle heavier than the browns, and their eggs are slightly larger.
As artificial incubation becomes simplified and the results more certain, it will be more generally adopted.
It is the small holes that cause roup in a flock. A pot of paste and a lot of old newspapers are the best preventive of this disease.
A difference of ten degrees in the temperature of the poultry house may be the turning point between laying and non-laying.
Liberal feeding is necessary in cool weather, but liberal feeding does not mean giving the fowls all the corn they will eat twice a day.
If you keep food constantly before the fowls they will grow fat and

not lay.

In the following way: When Pharaoh summoned Abraham and reproached him for his untruth (in saying that Sarah was his sister), Abraham prayed for the King, and Allah healed the King, who now gave Abraham many rich presents, and among others an Egyptian slave named Hagar. She bore him a son, whom he called Ishmael. But Sarah was barren, and the more jealous since the light of Mohammed shone on Ishmael's forehead, she demanded Abraham to put away Hagar and her son. He was undecided until commanded by Allah to obey Sarah in all things. Yet he entreated her not to cast off her bondmaid and her son. But this so exasperated her that she declared she would not rest until her hands had been imbrued in Hagar's blood. Then Abraham pierced Hagar's ear quickly and drew a ring through it, so that Sarah was able to dip her hands in the blood of Hagar without bringing the latter into danger. From that time it became the custom among women to wear earrings.

Colorado's Contribution.
Colorado has 3,000,000 acres under artificial irrigation. The farm products exceed \$12,000,000 a year; there are 1,500,000 cattle, 2,000,000 sheep; the coal field cover 40,000 square miles; the supplies of marble, granite and other building stone are inexhaustible.

Canada has no gold coins.
Catarrah Cannot Be Cured
With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrah Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrah Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surface. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrah. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHESEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.

In Austria there are 1,850,000 savings bank depositors.
The Most Pleasant Way
Of preventing the gripe, colds, headaches and fevers is to use the liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, whenever the system needs a gentle, yet effective cleansing. To be benefited one must get the true remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all druggists in 50c. and \$1 bottles.
There are 3,000,000 bachelors in this country over 30.
Are your lungs sore? Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup will cure them. 25c at druggists.
Geneva has a watch school.

IN all receipts for cooking requiring a leavening agent the **ROYAL BAKING POWDER**, because it is an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder and of 33 per cent. greater leavening strength than other powders, will give the best results. It will make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor and more wholesome.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

COLCHESTER SPADING BOOTS
ARE THE BEST
Especially for Farmers, Miners, R. R. Hands and others. Double sole extending down to the heel. **EXTRA WEARING QUALITY.** Thousands of Rubber Boot wearers testify this is the **BEST** they ever had. **ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM** and don't be persuaded into an inferior article.

One bottle for fifteen cents,
Twelve bottles for one dollar, } by mail.
R.I.P.A.N.S
Ripans Tabules are the most effective recipe ever prescribed by a physician for any disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels.
Buy of any druggist anywhere, or send price to
THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 10 SERRAVALLO ST., NEW YORK.

"The More You Say the Less People Remember." Can't
Word With You,
SAPOLIO

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

Paper is Devoted Especially to the Interests of the Farming Class.

VOL. II, NO. 43.

MARLINTON, WEST VIRGINIA, THURSDAY, MAY 17, 1894.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM

Official Directory of Pocahontas County

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
 Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
 Sheriff, J. C. Arbogast.
 Deputy Sheriff, Robt. K. Burns.
 J. & Co. Court, S. L. Brown.
 Clerk of Court, J. H. Patterson.
 Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
 Com'r. Co. Ct. C. E. Beard.
 G. M. Kee.
 Amos Barlow.
 Geo. Baxter.
 Geo. P. Moore.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Tuesday in April, 3rd Tuesday in June and 3rd Tuesday in October.
 County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July July is levy term.

N. C. McNEIL,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW.
 Marlinton, West Va.
 Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and adjoining Counties, and in the Court of Appeals of the State of West Virginia.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
 Attorney at Law,
 Huntersville, W. Va.
 Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

H. S. RUCKER,
 Atty.-at-Law & Notary Public,
 Huntersville, W. Va.
 Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
 Attorney-at-Law,
 Lewisburg, W. Va.
 Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties. Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. A. BRATTON,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 Marlinton, W. Va.
 Prompt and careful attention given to all legal business.

A. W. FRIE,
 Attorney-at-Law,
 MARLINTON, W. VA.
 Will be found at Times Office.

D. R. O. J. CAMPBELL,
 DENTIST,
 Monterey, Va.
 Will visit Pocahontas County, at least, twice a year. The exact date of his visits will appear in this paper.

D. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
 RESIDENT DENTIST,
 Beverly, W. Va.
 Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM, M. D.,
 PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
 Office next door to H. A. Yeager's Hotel. Residence opposite Hotel. All calls promptly answered.

C. J. ELLIOTT,
 BUILDER.
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 Drafts and specifications furnished on application.
 GREEN BANK, W. VA.

M. F. GIESEY
 Architect and
 Superintendent.
 Room, 19, Kelly Block,
 Wheeling, W. Va.

C. B. Swecker,
 Gen'l Auctioneer and
 Real-estate Agent.
 Lumber, Mineral and Timber land Farms and Town lots a specialty. 31 years in the business. Correspondence solicited. Reference furnished.
 13 - Summers, W. Va. or Alexandria, W. Va.

AMERICANISM.

In the *Forum*, for April, Theodore Roosevelt tells in ringing words "What Americanism Means." His article reads in part as follows: "Our nation is that one among all the nations of the earth which holds in its hands the fate of the coming years. We enjoy exceptional advantages and are menaced by exceptional dangers; and all signs indicate that we shall either fail greatly or succeed greatly. I firmly believe that we shall succeed; but we must not foolishly blink at the dangers by which we are threatened, for that is the way to fail."

"There are two or three sides to the question of Americanism, and two or three senses in which the word 'Americanism' can be used to express the antithesis of what is wholesome and desirable. In the first place, we want to be broadly American and national, as opposed to being local or sectional. There is a second side to this question of a broad Americanism, however.—The patriotism of the village or the belfry is bad, but the lack of patriotism is even worse. One may fall very far short of treason and yet be an undesirable citizen in the community. The man who becomes Europeanized, who loses his power of doing good work on this side of the water, and who loses his love for his native land, is not a traitor; but he is a silly and undesirable citizen. He is emphatically a noxious element in our body politic as is the man who comes here from abroad and remains a foreigner. The third sense in which the word 'Americanism' may be employed is with reference to the Americanizing of the new comers to our shores. We must Americanize them in every way—in speech, in political ideas and principles, and in their way of looking at the relations between church and State. We welcome the German or the Irishman who becomes an American. We have no use for the German or the Irishman who remains such. We have no room for any people who do not act and vote simply as Americans, and as nothing else. Moreover, we have as little use for people who carry religious prejudices into our politics as for those who carry prejudices of caste or nationality.

"We stand unalterably in favor of the public school system in its entirety. We believe that the English, and no other language, is that in which all school exercises should be conducted. We are against any division of the school fund, and against any appropriation of public money for sectarian purposes. We are against any recognition whatever by the State in any shape or form, of State-aided parochial schools. But we are equally opposed to any discrimination against or for a man because of his creed."

AUSTRALIAN POLICEMEN.

You'd be astonished to think from what out of the way corners of the great Island Continent the Australian police come. Great cities, tiny townships, lonely river crossings, pearl fisheries, and goldfields, each supply their contingent of romantic, reckless Englishmen, canny Scotchmen, devil may care Irishmen and stolid Germans. And what memories their images evoke; what romantic, and almost unbelievable, histories the remembrance of their faces conjures up! For if the Australian police forces have no other use, they certainly provide hiding-places for England's shattered lives. Both mounted and foot branches

have stories to relate; but in competition, the former must inevitably win the day. If among the smartly uniformed, military drilled, well set up city "Roberts," parading the side walks, regulating traffic, or escorting dainty members of the opposite sex across dangerous crossings, men with strange pasts hide themselves, how much more must this be the case in that world-famous refuge for broken swells, the mounted police.

I remember once having heard a story of a certain well known Governor's wife, who, during a ball, at Government House, chanced upon a trooper mounting guard in a lobby. She wished to let his comrades know that supper would be provided in the Servants' Hall for the force on duty, and approached him for that purpose. One glance at his face told her that the private standing stiffly at attention before her was her own brother, a man from a crack regiment, who had left England in dire disgrace some years before. What the sequel was I never heard, but, strange as that coincidence was, others of a still more surprising and painful nature could be cited *ad infinitum*.—*The Idler*.

THE ACTION OF COLD ON ALCOHOL.—It is well known, says *Cosmos*, Paris, March 31, that brandies improve with age. This is one of the causes of the superiority of the products made by themonks at Grand Chartreuse, for they are able to keep brandy of the first quality in their grottoes ten years or more, while it is acquiring its flavor. This requires, however, a large capital, and M. Raoul Pictet, of Geneva, whose researches in the phenomena of intense cold are so well known, hoping to obtain a similar effect in less time, has subjected to the action of very low temperatures some fine Italian brandy sent to his laboratory at Berlin for the purpose by the Italian Government.—Treated progressively to temperatures finally exceeding -200° C—about that of interplanetary space—the spirit became a brittle, semi-crystalline mass, and when it had returned to its normal temperature it had acquired the bouquet usually due to keeping for several years.—So little is known by chemists of the constitution of the alcohols that it is impossible to describe in chemical language the change that takes place. Brandy contains, besides ordinary ethyl alcohol, small quantities of other higher alcohols, and several acids, not to mention glycerin and various coloring matters and aromatic bodies. The cold produces perhaps certain phenomena of etherification and dimerization and it is not improbable that it has tens the transformation of those aldehydes and acids that give to new brandy its disagreeable taste. It must be added that for this process, as for that which takes place naturally in course of time, only the best spirits must be used. But after all, says *Cosmos*, we cannot see the advantage that humanity will derive from this discovery. Brandy will become better, more of it will be consumed, alcoholism will increase—and it is difficult to see what society will have gained.

It is claimed that a recently completed bridge over the south branch of the Chicago River is the only one of its kind in existence, and it is certainly a radical departure from common methods, the principle upon which it works being that of raising or lowering a window. On either bank rises a tower of iron

lattice-work 191 feet high. The bridge, 80 feet in span and weighing 300 tons, extends between them its ends fitting into grooves. It is fitted with counter weights, cables and pulleys, all of which are governed by a 70 horse steam engine—When the bridge is to be opened the engineer throws off the the balance, and the bridge rises smoothly and horizontally in its grooves, halting at a height of 155 feet. It is probable that so ingenious a structure is by no means the last of its kind, as its advantages in certain situations are self-evident.

HORSE RACING AT MINGO FLATS.

The recently formed half-mile track was utilized on May 1st and 4th, under the auspices of the New Market Riding and Driving Association—a Club composed of Englishmen residing around Mingo; and these Spring races were voted the best that had taken place since the formation of the track. The weather was most propitious, and the large gathering enjoyed two good afternoons' sport. Mr. J. Hebden officiated as starter, Mr E. Tuke as judge, Mr. E. K. Bruce as weigher and Mr. A. Lawson as secretary. The first race was of one mile in 2 heats, there were six entries and was won by "Dandy Dick." This race was run for a prize offered by Mr. J. D. Langworthy.

"Dandy Dick" made the mile in 2:06, and won from "Dolly Varden" by a neck. To parody the words of a racing song—
 "Ay! so ends the tussle, I thought
 the tan muzzle
 Was first, though the ringmen were
 yelling "Dead Heat!"
 But "Judge Tuke" he then said,
 "The Black by a short head,
 And that's how the "D. Varden"
 was beat.

The "cigar and umbrella race" then took place and was easily won by Mr. Marshall's "Dolly." The riders in this race were provided with lighted cigars and umbrellas and seated before their horses. At the word of command they were to hoist the umbrellas, mount on stirrupless saddles, leap hurdles and pass winning post.

On the second day's racing, on Friday, the 4th, "Dolly Varden" owned by Mr. A. D. Bruce, won the race open to all comers, in which there were 9 entries.

In the pony race of that day Mr. L. Tuke's "Maid of Mingo" and "Tom" being victorious in heats over the two other horses entered "Sister Mary" and "Dolly Varden" the final heat was not run. "Dolly Varden" was pulled up at the 1/4 mile bridge.

The "racing fraternity" will now indulge in the anticipatory pleasure of waiting till September for the next meeting.

"STARS & STRIPES."

TIN FOR FILLING TEETH.—Prof. E. T. Darby, of Philadelphia, (*Dental Practitioner*, Buffalo, April), has demonstrated that, when properly prepared, tin is equal to gold as a material for filling teeth. The tin is prepared by first casting the chemically pure metal into a disk, which is placed in a lathe, and thin, narrow shavings are turned from it. These have peculiar softness and adaptability, and are more cohesive than the best gold, but it has a density and hardness that few would give it credit for. Besides possessing many other advantages.—It seems peculiarly congenial to tooth tissue.

1894.

Now is the time everybody wants an Almanac for the New Year—Numbers of these are published and scattered throughout the country. The one issued by The Centaur Company of New York City is by far the most beautiful and complete. They can be had FREE of our druggists.

Farmers have never seemed so busy before, and appear to be putting in an extra large acreage.—Wheat is looking exceptionally fine. Most have finished planting corn. Fruit will be plentiful.

Some one spoke of a "hill-side plow" as being the greatest invention of the age. To those not accustomed to the sight of one, it would be a novelty. They make cultivation of the rich hill-sides very practicable. By a change done in a moment by a "nimble twist of the limber wrist" they are turned upside down and so plow "both going and coming." As the furrow is always turned down hill, it is a very speedy way of plowing.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of West Virginia,
 county of Pocahontas, to-wit:
 At rules held in the Clerk's office of the circuit court of said county, on Monday, May 7th, 1894.
 L. M. Waugh
 vs.
 Ella I. Waugh (nee Buzzard) and Eleanor M. Buzzard
 plaintiff
 defendants.
 The object of this suit is to enforce a judgment lien against the lands of the defendant, Ella I. Waugh, and to obtain a decree of sale of said Ella I. Waugh's interest in a certain tract or parcel of land situate near Clover Lick in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, and it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant, Ella I. Waugh, is a non-resident of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that she do appear here within one month after the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect her interest in this suit.
 Witness: J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court, this 7th day of May, 1894.
 J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.
 Andrew Price, p. q.

Commissioner's Notice.

Pursuant to an order of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, (W. Va.) entered on the 6th day of April, 1894, in the two consolidated causes in chancery of Levi Gay, Adm'r. of Martha J. Carter, dec'd., vs. Wm. Skeen et al., and James Sharp's Ex'or, vs. James Sharp's heirs et al., the undersigned commissioner of said court will proceed at the law office of L. M. McClintic in the town of Marlinton, W. Va., on Saturday, the 2d day of June, 1894, to take and state the following matters of account:
 1st.—What amount of judgment liens, if any, remain unpaid in the first of these causes with their dates, dignities and priorities and to whom due?
 2d.—What amounts are due from Wm. Skeen as ex'or. of James Sharp, dec'd., in the second of the above causes, and to whom the same are payable?
 3d.—A settlement of the account of H. S. Rucker, Special Receiver in the first of the above causes if he shall find any error in his report heretofore made by him.
 4th.—An account of all debts of Wm. Skeen, dec'd., placing them in the order of priority.
 5th.—A settlement of the administration accounts of J. C. Arbogast, S. P. C., and as such Adm'r. of Wm. Skeen, dec'd.
 6th.—An account of the real estate of which Wm. Skeen died seized with, its location, value and title.
 L. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r.
 of Circ. Ct. Pocahontas county.
 \$9 20
 \$4

Notice to Creditors.
 To the creditors of m. Skeen, dec'd. In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of Wm. Skeen to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Wm. Skeen for adjudication to L. M. McClintic, Commissioner, at his office in the said county on or before the 2d day of June, 1894.
 Witness: J. H. Patterson, Clerk of the said court this 14th day of April, 1894.
 \$4.80
 J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.

J. M. B. RNETT, M. D.
 has located at
FROST, W. VA.
 Calls promptly answered.

South Carolina has about fifty thousand dollars' worth of intoxicants on hand which cannot be sold, according to the decision of the court. This is a very embarrassing position for the State to be in. The result will be, in all probability, that this liquor will be stored in the vaults of various public buildings where it will lie for about one hundred years. Then when it has thus acquired a bouquet unheard of before, some thirsty king who is a power in himself will ransack the State and carry off the stock of 1894 which will have become by that time the theme of story and song.

Lord Roseberry has won the Derby and thus completed the goal of his ambition. When but a boy he resolved; to become Premier of England; to marry the richest woman in the world; and win the Derby. He is on this side of fifty.— He is a great man, no doubt, but our ideal is his predecessor, who simply went straight ahead, doing his duty and the honors of position, wealth and power so won were merely incidental and not the ends for which he has been striving.— Gladstone will never die, but when Roseberry ceases to score points in life's game, he will be dead.

The fly that sat on the ox's horn, asked the ox if he troubled him.— The ox very candidly admitted that he did not know he was there. If Coxe had the politeness of a common fly, or at least of that one whose good manners have caused him to be remembered, and would take the trouble to ascertain whether he was affecting the government in any way, he would probably find out that this that we call the "government" is an insensate thing, not to be influenced by an object lesson. He began with the intention of revolutionizing the policy of the present administration and ended by getting on the grass at Washington.

A moulder of public opinion sits at his editorial desk. He was a man of more than ordinary intelligence, and had solved the secret of many great writers, which is that a man must either write about what he thoroughly understands, or else that which no one understands.— Today he has decided to write something about the TARIFF which he considers is well within the latter class. He is also a thorough spiritulist and a good medium, and has by perseverance enslaved some unfortunate spirits and compelled them to write his editorials for him. It is true that the handwriting of every inspired editor is most illegible, but what does a compositor more or less amount to. They fall before the copy but are replaced from the seething mass of humanity. He has received a communication. The spirit writes: "The tariff is a fraud. And tariff reform a farce. It is your country's fate.— It is the one conspicuous flaw of an almost perfect government. An un-natural system of partiality. As long as wrong triumphs over right! As long as men are selfish! As long as all governments tend to comparatively early dissolution, so long will your government have a tariff! As long as your politics strike holy terror to the souls of good men, and as long as the political scavenger finds his vocation in America, where his love of filth and dirtiness may be glutted, so long will you have an unnatural government! America! the tariff is your fate!" This unfortunate communication being unsuited to the politics of any newspaper in the United States, the editor occupied himself and wrote a column on "A Protective Tariff Necessary to the

A Case having the reputation of being a good farmer bought his farm in 1872, when wheat was worth \$1.80 in New York, his nearest market.

He was to pay \$15,000 for 105 acres. Five hundred dollars the payment in hand. His careful calculation was to pay out in eight years and be free of debt. The first year besides expenses, interest, and taxes he paid \$2,000 on the principal. In 1873 silver was demonetized, the panic struck him before he had sold his crops.— He held over until 1874, and from the proceeds paid \$300 on the principal after meeting other claims.

While paying something every year, he now finds the value of his farm has shrunk faster than he has reduced the mortgage. Now the five thousand dollars unpaid covers the entire value of the farm if sold under foreclosure at this time. His books show that he has paid \$10,000 on the principal and \$15,000 in interest and yet his prospects for owning his farm are not as good as they were twenty years ago.

Such an instance explains in part the origin of panics, and illustrates what the United States Monetary Commission declares: "A shrinkage in the volume of currency has caused more misery than war famine and pestilence, and more injustice than all the bad laws ever enacted."

DUNMORE.

Dry and hot. Some of our farmers have commenced soaking their hogs to get them to hold water. The echo of the sheep shears are heard echoing from hill top to hill top.

Mr. Jacob K. Taylor has gone to Huttonsville for a load of coal. Mr. John Galford, of Alleghany, died at his home, Friday, aged about 35. We lose a good citizen by Mr. Galford's death.

Messrs. E. N. and H. M. Moore-pord Clifton Forge a visit last week. The silver tongued auctioneer has returned from Marlinton and reports big sales.

A new postoffice has been established on Back Alleghany, Wanless by name, with Charles Wanless postmaster.

BYRON.

Commissioner's Sale

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit court of Pocahontas county, rendered on the 21st day of June, 1893, in the chancery causes then heard together of F. H. Hull's Adm'r. vs. F. H. Hull's heirs, and E. T. Dudley and others vs. F. H. Hull's heirs and others The undersigned Special Commissioner will proceed on

to sell in front of the court-house of said county the highest bidder at public auction tract of 1025 ACRES OF LAND lying in District No. 2 of Pocahontas county, W. Va., belonging to F. H. Hull, E. P. Hull and Lillie E. Huff, jointly, the metes and bounds of which are recorded at pages 420 and 421 of Deed Book No 22, in the clerk's office of the county court of Pocahontas county.

Terms: Cash to amount of costs of suit and expenses of sale, and bonds to be given with good security for the residue of the purchase money, payable in three equal installments at 1, 2 and 3 years from day of sale, with interest from that day, the legal title to be retained as ultimate security.

R. S. TURK, Spl. Comm'r. I. M. McCLINTIC, J. W. STEPHENSON, I. J. Patterson, Clerk of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, West Virginia, do certify that I. M. McClintic and John W. Stephenson, two of the above named Special Commissioners, have given bond as required \$11-97 J. H. PATTERSON, clerk

Order of Publication.

State of West Virginia, county of Pocahontas, to-wit: At rules held in the Clerk's office of the circuit court of said county, on Monday, the 7th day of May, 1894, H. S. Rucker et als.

vs. A. M. Pullin et als.— The object of this suit is to set aside as fraudulent the deed from A. M. Pullin and wife to J. W. L. Shue, bearing date 9th day of May, 1889, also a deed from J. W. Q. Shue to Mary M. Pullin, bearing date May 10th, 1889, and also to set aside the deed from Mary M. and A. M. Pullin to J. F. Cutlip, dated 24th of February, 1891, and subject said tract or the purchase money due from said J. F. Cutlip to payment of judgment due plaintiff of \$66.85 with interest thereon from Dec 20th, 1890, and the costs thereof and of this suit, also to subject said land to the payment of all other judgment liens thereon, and to this end to enjoin I. M. McClintic, Special Commissioner, from collecting the purchase money from J. F. Cutlip, and for general relief. And it appearing by affidavit filed that A. M. Pullin and Mary M. Pullin are non-residents of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit. Witness: J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court, this 7th day of May, 1894. J. H. PATTERSON, clerk. H. S. Rucker, p. q.

NOTICE TO TAKE DEPOSITIONS.

To A. M. Pullin and Mary M. Pullin take notice, that on the 12th day of June, A. D., 1894, between the hours of six o'clock a. m. and six o'clock p. m., at the law office of H. S. Rucker, in the town of Huttonsville, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, we will take the depositions of B. C. Hill and others, to be read as evidence in our behalf, in a certain suit in chancery now pending in the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, and State of West Virginia, in which we are plaintiffs and you and others are defendants. If from any cause the taking of said depositions shall not be commenced or completed on the day aforesaid, the same shall be continued from day to day, or from time to time, at the same place and betwixt the same hours, until the same shall have been completed. H. S. RUCKER, B. C. HILL and MARY E. HOLLINSWORTH. By counsel. H. S. Rucker, Sol.

S. W. Holt

My Spring stock of goods is now coming in and will be complete soon, and my customers will find any thing they may desire in

DRY GOODS GROCERIES QUEENSWARE HARDWARE, ETC The finest line of Cigars and Tobacco in the county.

Anyone can be suited in shoes, as I have just received several hundred pair of the latest and best styles on the market.

Now is the time to buy your Spring Suit and you can be suited and fitted with my complete line of clothing.

Carpenter will remember that my Hardware line is full, at present.

Good country produce taken in exchange for goods.

I will want all the WOOL in the country, and pay the highest prices.

Come to Marlinton and see what bargains are kept in my store. As low prices as can be found in the county are guaranteed to purchasers. Our terms are CASH and to responsible parties 30 days.

Dr. Rash's Belts & Appliances. An electro-galvanic battery... Cures Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Errors of Youth, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Sexual Weakness, and all Troubles in Male or Female. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. Volta-Medica Appliance Co., 523 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

OLD DOCTOR'S Cotton Root Pills. Cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Nervousness, and General Debility. Always reliable and perfectly safe. The only one used by thousands of women all over the United States. In the Old Doctor's private mail register, for 50¢ a box, and not a single bad penny. Money returned if not as represented. Sold by all druggists. Price 10¢ per box.

Attention Farmers! THE FAMOUS WORLD BEATER McCormick Binders, and Reapers, and Mowers, and Binder Twines are Sold By T. A. SYDENSTRICKER, ACADEMY, W. VA. A full line of repairs constantly on hand. When in need of first class machinery, it will pay you to see him.

Price & Smith Prescription Druggists, Marlinton, West Virginia. DEALERS IN Pure Drugs, Medicines, Patent medicines, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, ETC, ETC. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day and night. A competent Pharmacist will have charge of the Prescription Department. We invite every body and promise close prices and polite attention. E. A. Smith & Son's Old Stand.

INSURE NOW. The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co. MILWAUKIE, WISCONSIN. Offers the cheapest and best insurance of any of the Old Line Companies. Assets January 1 1893 \$56,236,089 12 Surplus January 1 1893 \$ 9,467,384 54 A PURELY U.S. COMPANY. Transacting a larger business than any other purely American company. Its dividends the largest of any life company in the World. Proved by hundreds of comparisons with other leading companies. Rates at the Times Office.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE GENUINE WELT. The Best Shoes for the Least Money. Squeakless, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price. \$5, \$4 and \$3.50 Dress Shoe. Equal custom work, costing from \$5 to \$8. \$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking Shoe ever made. \$2.50, and \$2 Shoes, Unequaled at the price. Boys \$2 & \$1.75 School Shoes Are the Best for Service. LADIES' \$3, \$2.50 \$2, \$1.75 Best Dongola, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass. THIS IS THE BEST \$3. SHOE IN THE WORLD. ALL THE LATEST STYLES. DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

Letting Day has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to represent Pocahontas county in the next House of Delegates of West Virginia, subject to the Democratic Convention.

HOME NEWS For Sale!

Forty thoroughbred Berkshire and half-bred hogs for sale at a reasonable price.

W. McCLINTIC,
Buckeye W. Va.

The "brick men" have arrived and will begin to make the court-house brick.

Let us get a good base ball team soon. The weather is too hot for football.

The Hillsboro Academy will have its commencement on June 27th. The Marlinton Academy on the 7th.

The monument recently erected at the grave of Martha Washington is a tardy tribute to the memory of one loved by every American.

A most interesting service is to be conducted next Sunday at the Sulphur Spring near Edray by Rev. George P. Moore, in pursuance of an appointment made there 30 years ago by Rev. Samuel Young. We hope to give a full account of the proceedings next week.

Rev. Sharp, of Edray, cut himself very badly with a knife a few days ago. Dr. Price attended to the wound. The incident recalls an accident which happened to his grandfather, who bled to death from a cut in the thigh from a pocket knife, caused by the knife slipping as he was shutting it.

Rev. Sloane, of Lewisburg, will preach here next Saturday evening and on Sunday.

Brewer, the man who was taken out of the fastnesses of Buckeye Mountain, some eighteen months ago, was sentenced, for robbing a postoffice, to three years in the penitentiary, by Judge Jackson of the United States Court. Frank Chapman has been sent on to Charleston to await the action of the court.

The sale at public auction of the stock of goods remaining of the U. S. McNeill assignment took place last week. The entire stock was sold on. The goods, as a rule, went very low. The buildings were sold to Capt. C. B. Swecker, of Dunmore, who acted the part of auctioneer. They were knocked down at \$280. It is not known what business will be carried on at that stand.

Died. On Williams River Mrs. Snyder, late of Highland county.

The court house was the matter of business which called the county court together last week. Mr. M. F. Giesy, of Wheeling, the architect and superintendent was here, accompanied by Mr. Jacobs, the gentleman who has the contract for the brick work. One change was made in the plan of the building which was to decide to build the tower higher so that the square would be level with the top of the roof of the building instead of to the height of the eaves as the former plans have it.

A competitive examination of candidates to be recommended as cadet and alternate to fill vacancy at West Point from the Third West Virginia District, will be held at the office of James H. Miller, in Hanton, Summers county, West Virginia, on Tuesday, the fifth day of June, 1894, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. Applicants must be between 17 and 23 years of age, unmarried, at least five feet in height, free from any infectious and immoral disease or infirmity. Persons recommended for cadet and alternate

community last week. The party was composed of some thirty people, and were to all appearances true gypsies. They were anxious to trade horses and tell fortunes. A twenty five cent fortune, as told by them, was about as follows: "A lucky face you've got, and for fifty cents I will tell you the name of your worst enemy—you were never stung in your life and never will be—I can not tell you much for twenty-five cents, but place your quarter in your hand and make a wish and I will tell you what you have wished! Your wish was about your business and someone else—you will have good luck with that person—you have enemies (for fifty cents I will tell you their names) you live among the high class—the low dirty mean class try to keep you down but they can not do it—you will soon receive a lot of money unexpectedly—some one will try to keep you out of it—lies have been told about you and there will be more told—you have a happy and prosperous future before you—no one ever gave you anything but you have already been successful—work you do not like but have worked hard—but will not work hard long—you have more lady friends than men—tell me that I speak the truth when I say you have been married? No! There are two that love you, one fair and the other dark—their names I will tell you for fifty cents—more I cannot tell you for twenty-five cents—the line of life and death is crossed by the line of trouble—you will have good luck and God bless you—but for fifty cents I could have told you many things you would like to know.

The Marlinton-Hillsboro game of football was played last Saturday resulting in the score of 1:1. The day was exceedingly warm. Probably four hundred people witnessed the game; a great many drove from Marlinton. Our team was in a rather "rocky" condition as one or two were sick when they played, and Mr. J. H. G. Wilson, the star player of Marlinton, was unable to play. The captain of the past season was unavoidably absent. The crowd was very enthusiastic. The teams were photographed by that excellent artist, Mr. J. W. Bever. Mr. John Roman of the Hillsboro Team, made some remarkably skillful plays. Will McLaughlin was elected temporary captain of the Marlinton, and Dr. McClintic captained Hillsboro. The return game will be played at Marlinton on the 26th, unless otherwise ordered.

<i>Hillsboro Team.</i>	<i>Marlinton Team.</i>
FORWARDS.	
Alex. McNeel,	Louis Yeager,
RIGHT WING	
Walter Clark,	Norman Price,
Frank Chapman,	Pat Simmons,
LEFT WING	
John Galford,	John Yeager,
John Roman,	Frank Anderson
HALF BACKS	
Cam Beard,	Howard Bird,
Elbert Perkins,	Jim Smith,
Henry McNeel,	Ligon Marshall,
FULL BACKS	
Sam Clark,	Walker Yeager,
George Clark,	Will McLaughlin,
GOAL KEEPERS.	
Dr. McClintic.	Prof. Byrd.

All subscribers to the tower and belfry of the Marlinton church are requested to pay their subscriptions as soon as possible.
S. W. HOLT.

During the late meeting of the West Virginia Editors, at Wheeling, the staff of the *Wheeling Intelligencer* united to make the stay of their country brethren in Wheeling particularly pleasant. This State has a right to be proud of this newspaper as a representative of what a great newspaper ought to be. The *Intelligencer* has weathered the storms for many years, and is regarded everywhere as a reliable

and its merit even this manner way.

PERSONAL.

Col. John T. McGraw, of Grafton, was in Marlinton on Monday. He was accompanied by G. B. Horton Esq., of New York.

r. Horton is reported as being the President of a Leather Trust, and is in this country looking up the headlock bark that may be in these woods.

Capt. Marshall, of Mingo Flats, is in town.

Rev. E. F. Alexander and Mr. S. B. Hannah, of Green Bank, attended Presbytery at Elk city.

Mr. F. J. Snyder is visiting his daughter in Randolph county.

Messrs. Harry and Calvin McLaughlin, of Greenbrier county, passed through Marlinton last week.

RAMPS.

Rampion (*Campanula rapunculus*), a perennial plant, a native of Europe. The radical leaves are ovate lanceolate and waved. The root is white and spindle shaped, and was formerly much used for the table under the name of *Rampion* or *Ramps*. The plant is now little cultivated except in France, where it is raised for its roots, which are used either as a salad or broiled, and for its young leaves, which are also used as a salad.

This is what botany teaches a bout a plant that grows wild in our mountains. Ramps is considered a great joke in these days.— They make their appearance among the first of the wild plants of the woods, and as they are one of the best anti-scorbutics Nature has provided, the use of them is really medicinal. The breath of the person who has eaten of the plant is tainted, in something of the same way of the breath that has been affected by onions, but is more deadly. Ramps can be only be considered as a nuisance in one way, and that is, when the milk cow, which eats them greedily, has devoured enough of them to spoil her milk.— The milk of a cow that has eaten ramps is the most noxious thing on earth, and the butter made from the cream can be reckoned the worst in the world. It is very hard to keep the cows from feeding on ramps this time of year.

LOBELIA.

Fine weather; corn planting over some corn up; sheep shearing in full blast; wool 15c per pound; eggs 7c per doz.

Mr. Preston Clark and son were on the creek; Lee had a young red fox he had captured on Brier Knob. Mr. Luther Sharp and wife of Elk were visiting Rev. S. C. Morgan this week.

W. B. Hill will start to Camden on the Gauley next week on business and will write a letter on his return giving a description of that place and its future possibilities.— Times are dull there now on account of low water.

H. L. Casebolt got badly hurt a few days ago by a rock falling on him.

A young gentleman of Buckeye was down last Sunday. He had a good excuse to sit up that night as some of the town scamps took his cart the last time, about a mile, and set it upon a building in riding style, and he had to get some help to get it down.
OBSERVER.

DRIFTWOOD.

Rain needed, corn planted, and the mountains all on fire.

Little Lawrence Wilfong, son of John M. Wilfong, was seriously hurt by falling from a horse, fracturing his skull, though, strange to say, he was not knocked senseless. Messrs. Wm. Gay and Gum tried their luck in horse trading here last

Dr. J. P. Mooman passed through this part last week with a campaign smile on as long as a last year's drought. The Doctor is a "Good one" and will be hard to "freeze out" in this part.
LIMBER TIM.



The Famous Koda. A new glass plate camera for 4 x 5 pictures. Can be used with films by the addition of a roll holder.— Latest improvements, finest adjustments, handsome finish. Price, with double plate holder, — \$15 00
EASTMAN KODAK CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.

Jeweler Smyth will be at Marlinton for the next 8 days repairing watches clocks and jewelry. Lowest prices and satisfaction guaranteed. Respectfully,
M. D. SMYTH.

FREE TRIAL. A package of our treatment for weakness and decay, nervous debility and lost vitality sent free for 15 cents postage.
DR. WARD INSTITUTE, 120 N. 9th St. ST. LOUIS, MO.

HOTEL BYRD
The Hotel Marlinton by H. A. Yeager has recently changed hand and is now under new management.

RATES.
Meals 25c.
Per day \$1.00 & 1.25
Per month \$15.00
Table board \$12.00
Special arrangements can be made with visiting lawyers for rooms as offices during the courts.

THE STABLE
has been thoroughly cleaned and fixed up, and is in charge of a competent man. Special arrangements can be made for keeping horses.
Marlinton. A. M. Byrd, Prop.

C. Z HEVNER'S,
BLACKSMITHING AND WAGON REPAIRING establishment.
MARLINTON, W. VA.
Shops situated at the Junction of Main Street and Dusty Avenue, opposite the POST OFFICE.

MARLINTON HOUSE.
Located near Court House.

Terms.
per day 1.00
per meal 25
lodging 25
Good accommodations for horses at 25 cents per feed.
Special rates made by the week or month.
C. A. YEAGER, PROP.

Fire! Fire! Fire!
Insure against loss in the
Peabody Insurance Company.
Wheeling, W. Va.
Incorporated March, 1869.
Cash Capital \$100,000.00.
N. C. McNEIL, MARLINTON W. VA.
Ag't for Pocahontas County.

DAYS HORSE AND GATTLE & POWDERS.
Good for all Diseases of HORSES, CATTLE, CHICKENS, TURKEYS, HOGS, SHEEP etc.
FOR SALE BY
FRICE & SMITH
D. RICHARD WILLIAMS,
Hightown, Va
Highland Co

I will stand my two famous Kentucky Jacks for this season as follows, one in the upper end of Pocahontas and one in the lower end,

At \$10 insurance, or two mares for \$18, or the season at \$6.

I obligate myself to buy all colts raised from my mares at from \$25 to \$40.

Anyone wishing to send mares, I can keep them on grass.

W. McClintic,
Buckeye W. va.

NOTICE.
I have control of the John A. Mc Neel Place and the Slaughter and Pence land on Williams River, and will take in stock to graze at a reasonable rate. Good grass and fine range. Call early and make arrangements for your stock.
May 7, 1894. S. B. MOORE.



CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the *Scientific American*, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. \$3 a year. Seven copies sent free.
Building Edition, monthly, \$5.00 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in color, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address
MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

R. H. LEE,
Veterinary Surgeon,
Marlinton, W. Va.
Treats all diseases of horses.

W. M. A. FRAZIER, M.D.
Practice limited to the
EYE, EAR, NOSE & THROAT.
Formerly consulting Oculist and Aurist to the St. Louis City Hospital and Surgeon-in-charge of the Missouri Eye and Ear Infirmary, St. Louis.
OFFICE:—over Augusta National Bank Staunton, Va. June-1 yr.

PLASTERING
BOYD B. BARTLETT,
MARLINTON,
W. VA.

Will undertake plastering in any part of the County.
Contracts by the sq. yd.
To furnish material, or otherwise.

Satisfaction GUARANTEED.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

FEED, LIVERY & SALE STABLE.

First rate teams and Saddle Horses provided
HORSES FOR SALE AND HIRE.

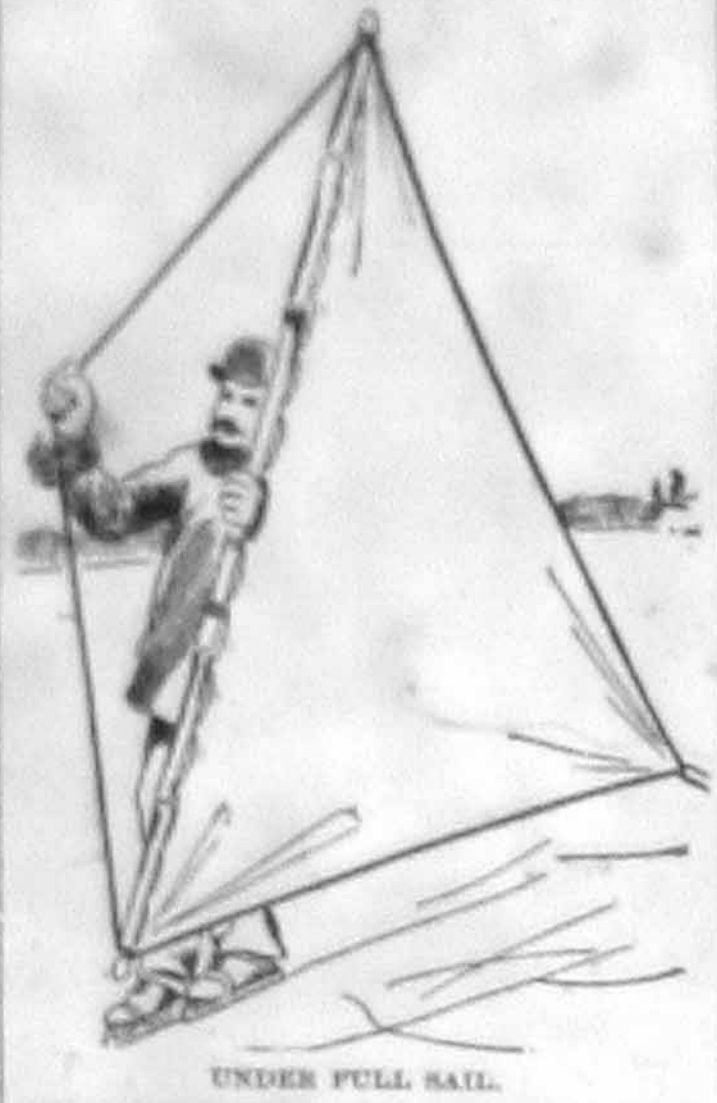
Special accommodation for Stallions
A Limited Number of Horses Boarded.
All persons having horses to trade, are invited to call.
Young horses broken to ride & work.
J. H. G. WILSON,
MARLINTON, W. VA.
LADIES
Needling & tonic, or children that want building

Club Multiplying in Wisconsin and Minnesota, Where the Sport is the Most Popular—Skates Properly by Sails.

Of all winter sports snowshoeing bids fair to become the most popular; within the past two years it has obtained a firm foothold in the Northern States and is now receiving an unusual amount of attention in the East. Taken at all its points snowshoeing is without a doubt the ideal exercise during the cold season because it offers such a multitude of advantages over all other cold weather sports. While skating will invariably find favor with a large number of people and has its never failing delights, it is always handicapped by the serious disadvantage of being confined to a very limited space when compared with snowshoeing. For good skating there must also be a combination of favorable weather, and that, however slight, makes the ice too soft for good sport and a snowfall following a spell of mild weather utterly spoils the ice so far as skating is concerned.

A snowshoe runner is not hampered very much by the whimsicalities of the weather clerk; all that is wanted is a fairly respectable snowfall; this given, the snowshoe enthusiast will do the rest. Hard snow or soft, new-fallen or old, crusted or a little wet, the runner can skim the surface with perfect ease. You are not confined to narrow ponds or rivers, but can take your course in whatever direction your fancy dictates. You are relieved from all the anxiety attendant on

varying from eight to eighteen feet. At first the beginner will need a small stick to keep the balance and to use in pushing himself along, but this can soon be dispensed with except



UNDER FULL SAIL.

when sliding down a steep incline. It is best to begin on a perfectly level surface and to use only very moderate speed. Should the snowshoes get tangled up and the feet dissolve partnership, so to speak, do not be discouraged, but plod along and the art of snowshoeing is conquered. In fastening the snowshoes to the foot care should be taken to have the foot firmly secured and still allow the heel to rise from the shoe with perfect freedom. The beginner must avoid lifting his

individuality of the wearer being exhibited in the tie, which may be any color he chooses. The cap is of seal-skin, which is becoming to all complexions, and many of the women wear sealskin, and some beaver caps.

There is a great stir made down East to revive and improve the somewhat obsolete but withal delightful sport of skating with sail attachment. This pastime is somewhat dangerous, as most participants are over-anxious to carry too large a canvas. Members of the sail skating clubs are now considering a great many improved models for these sails, with a view of regulating the sizes to be carried. The most popular model for the sails used at present is a triangular one, rigged on strong but extremely light and tough wood. Many of them have a contrivance by which the skater can take in or let out a reef as the case demands. Another style offered is provided with a light pole which serves as a drag, used to enable the skater to make quick turns or slacken his speed.

It requires great strength and endurance to carry even a moderate-sized sail, but the larger the sail the more exciting the sport. Splendid strength in wrists and arms is an indispensable qualification for a skating cruiser, as well as a steady and quick foot. Few who have not indulged in this delightful sport can realize the tremendous speed attained even in a very moderate breeze, or of the difficulty in handling a sail so as to receive the most benefit with the least exertion. There are few prettier sights to be seen on a bright, cold, winter day than a flotilla of skaters with their snow-white sails bulging before a stiff breeze as they come dashing over the glistening surface of the course.

It can be safely asserted that of all known modes of locomotion sailing on skates comes nearer to flying than anything hitherto attempted. The only serious drawback to its indulgence is that it requires a good deal of space and that ordinary skaters can scarcely take any comfort where these living yachts are flying about, as a collision with one of them is far from pleasant.

An entirely new feature, which from its novelty and simplicity of construction is bound to become very popular, is a kind of running sled that is intended to supplement the snowshoe. It can be used on any snow-covered surface, as well as on the ice wherever the foot meets with resistance. For people who have a disinclination to use skates or snowshoes the kick sled fills the purpose admirably. It is adapted to men, women and children, and does not require the slightest preparatory skill in its use. There is no danger from breaking through the ice, as each runner is from six to eight feet long. The person who uses the sled fastens a stout strap provided with steel prods on his right or left foot, stands with one foot on one of the runners and does some lively kicking with his prod-shod foot. In Sweden, from which country this sled is imported, it is turned to use by the farmers in carrying small loads both to and from their homes. Tourists are also very fond of this means of locomotion and on a fair surface at least thirteen miles an hour can easily be covered. By many it is called the ice bicycle, being controlled by a

feet from the ground, the snowshoes must be driven forward by a peculiar stride or slide while the body should remain in a graceful erect pose without the slightest suspicion of stiffness. Soon the novice will acquire proficiency to develop his slide into a swinging gait of great force and rapidity.

Snowshoeing opens up such a vista of pretty girls and picturesque costumes, handsome, manly fellows in corduroy suits and sealskin caps. The women have a chance for more variety than the men, as they are not afraid to appear in a costume that is a little different from their neighbor while a man feels like a cat in a strange garret if he departs from the conventional suit worn by old and young alike. A striking costume worn by a dashing brunette was of red broadcloth; it was trimmed with immense black buttons of Persian lamb's wool, which dotted the hem of the skirt in a most irregular but fetching manner. The coat was of broadcloth with lamb's wool sleeves and collar and it was fastened with these enormous buttons. The head covering was a jaunty little turban of red felt, trimmed with a narrow band of lamb's wool and black ostrich tips. A beautifully fair girl, without a trace of color in her pale but singularly attractive face, was also attired in red, which was equally becoming on account of the delicate gray, fluffy fur which trimmed the short cape and skirt. She wore a large, flaring hat of red, covered with gray and red tips, and her hat pins were of silver. Around her waist was an antique silver belt and the stick, with which she pushed herself along, had a beautiful handle of silver. Some wear kid leggings, but



THE RED WING SNOWSHOE CHAMPION MAKING HIS GREAT LEAP.

steering-gear, and fully as beneficial in its hygienic effects as any wheel. The kick-sled, as a matter of course, can be utilized for coasting or anything else in the way of similar sports to which its owner may want to turn its use.—Chicago Herald.

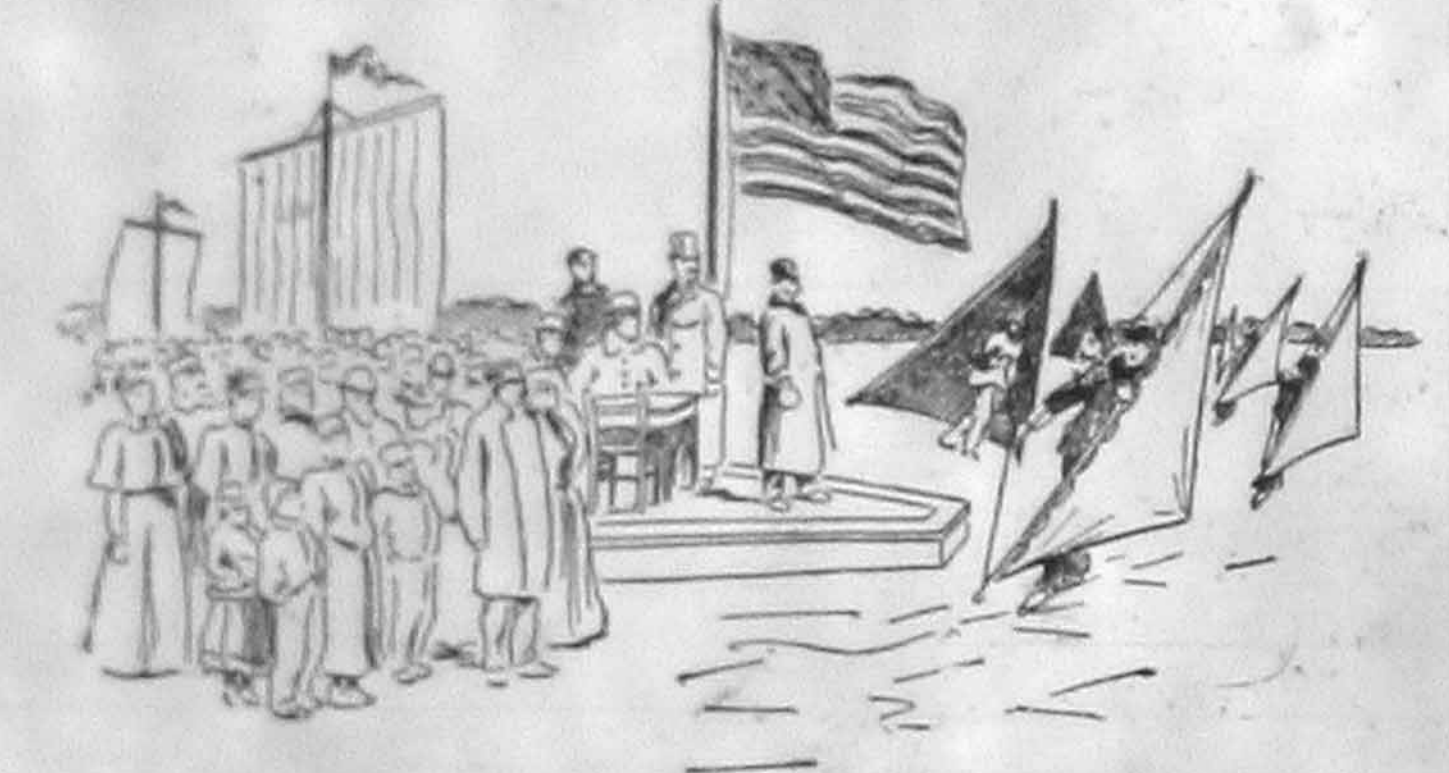
Relief for a Burn.

An immediate application of ordinary table salt to a burn will lessen the pain considerably and result in a speedy cure. The application of the salt must be prompt, however, for if delayed much of its good effects will be lost. As soon as a person receives a burn, let him run for the salt cellar and thickly cover the surface of the affected part with salt, bind it up with a cloth, not forgetting to moisten the linen. A little "biting" will take place, which will soon cease. In less than twelve hours the cloth can be re-



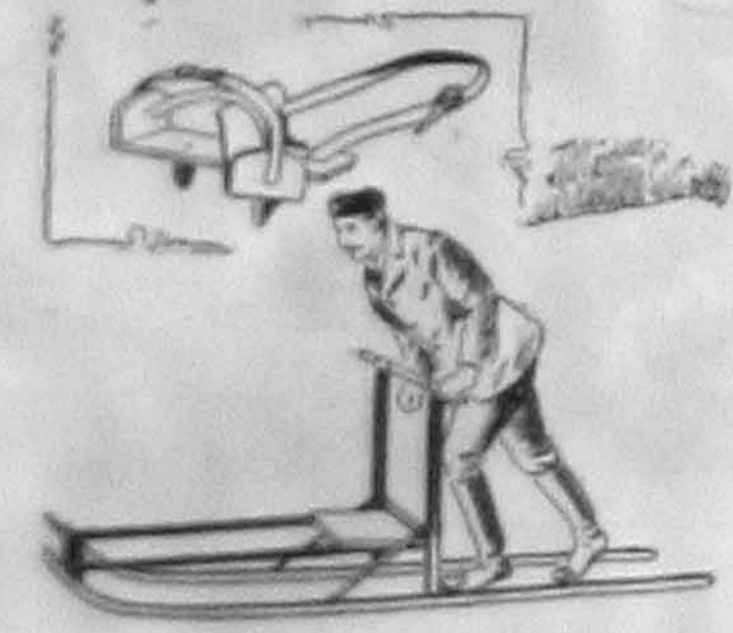
A ST. PAUL BELLE ON SNOWSHOES.

they are so very unbecoming that the majority look upon them with disfavor. The accepted costume for men consists of knee breeches of corduroy, browns being the favorite color. Leather leggings are considered very



TOURNAMENT OF THE SKATE SAILING CLUB.

skating of breaking through the ice and getting an ice-cold bath or being drowned. If the ground is level the snowshoe runner can make splendid time, and is able to cover immense distances with but very little exertion. Indeed, it is claimed by the devotees to this sport that it is the ideal exercise for everybody, young and old, of both sexes. In Minnesota, Wisconsin and elsewhere there are a great number of snowshoe clubs, all in the most flourishing condition. In the last tournament at Red Wing, a young Norwegian captured the prize



THE KICK OR PUSH SLED AND SHOE PRODS USED WITH IT.

or long distance jumping. The art of being able to take a flying leap through the air, some ninety feet in length, and then retain one's balance when sinking to the ground, is a feat in snowshoe running which is not acquired at once. If the country is inclined to be hilly and broken by wooden patches the sport becomes all the more fascinating as such obstacles seem to add additional zest to the fun. Where can you find more freedom and excitement than when gliding down the hillside through the trees, the cheek brushed by the sharp, cold air and frosted branches? Your eye eagerly follows some untrodden path and every muscle is alert prepared to meet whatever unknown obstacle or danger you might encounter.

The snowshoes used for this purpose are long and of very graceful form. The chief thing in buying a pair is not how cheap they can be bought, but how good. A badly made pair is totally worthless. The wood used, which should be thoroughly seasoned, is generally birch, fir, birch, ash, spruce, or maple. Any clever American boy ought to be able to build himself a pair good enough for competitive work.

Wonderful Intelligence Displayed by the Bulky Animals—Two of Them Act as Bosses of the Herd.

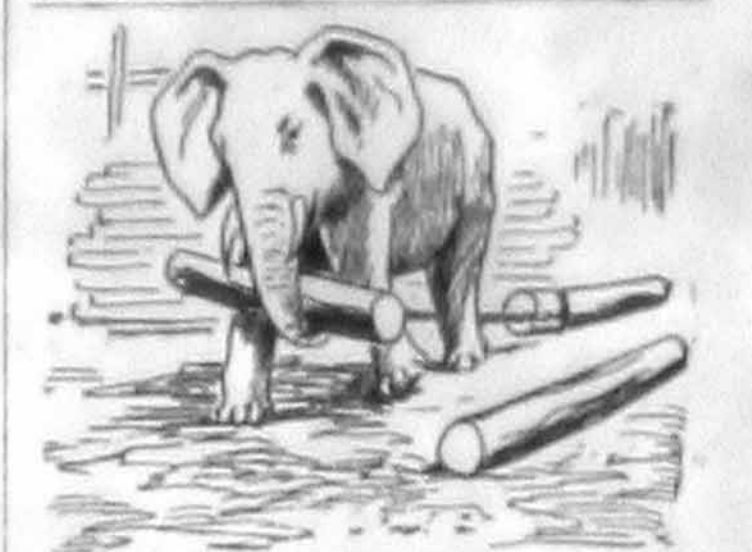
DISPLAYS of trained animals, broken for show purposes, cannot offer the slightest comparison in interest in the city of Moulmein, British Borneo. The more absorbingly entertaining feature of the novel sight is the paradoxically industrial character which the work of these huge Indian pachyderms assumes. It hardly seems possible that the work of a sawmill, usually done by human hands, could be accomplished through the medium of the elephant's trunk and the elephant's sagacity; nevertheless, it is a fact that the Irrawadi Steamship Company uses some forty or fifty elephants in the operation of its sawmills at Moulmein, and the teakwood so largely entering upon the construction of ships is here made ready for the hands of the artisan.

A gentleman lately returned from a tour of the East, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, gives an interesting account of the manner in which the mills are operated. The logs are chopped in the interior and floated several hundred miles down the Salwin River to the mill, which is situated on the banks of the stream at Moulmein. Here the logs are formed into a boom, and henceforth the work of transporting is done by the elephants.

The boom is very similar to those we see in the lumbering districts of Wisconsin and Michigan, but instead of the sight of men brightly garbed in red and blue running from log to log and moving them with long, steel-pointed poles, we see great, ponderous elephants wading and swimming among the teak logs and pushing them toward the shore.

The logs are not sawed directly from the water, but are first seasoned, and the elephants not only bring the logs from the water to the land, but

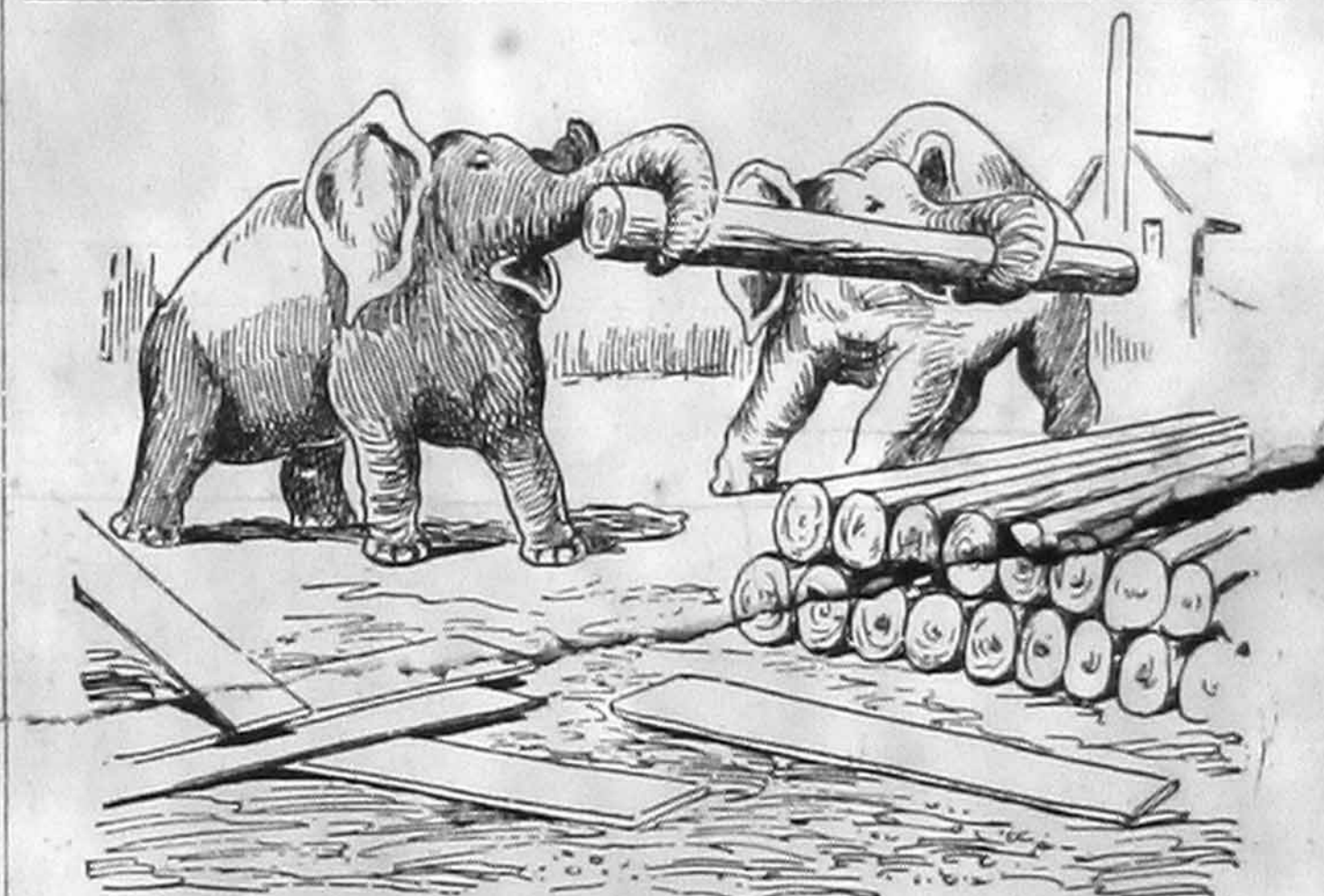
which the log is run. A man directs the movements of the elephants in placing the log within the coil of the chain. The elephant picks up another log by his trunk, and in this manner drags two at a time to the seasoning



KNOWS HIS BUSINESS.

stacks. About eight elephants are employed in this capacity. The work of piling the logs to dry is done by two female elephants. Each winds her trunk about the log near the end, and together they raise it in a horizontal position and place it on the stack.

After the logs are dried sufficiently they are ready for the mill. Two female elephants take the dry logs from the piles and deliver them to a herd similar in training to those working between the water and the seasoning stacks. These take the logs to a track over which a small car runs to the mill. Only one log at a time is placed upon this car. As soon as a log is in position on the car an elephant, trained for this particular part of the work, pushes the car to the mill. Arrived at the mill, the log is pushed from the car to a carrier that passes beneath a buzzsaw. As soon as the log is thus transferred to the carrier the elephant operating the car returns for another log, while another huge beast, trained to do the sawing, operates the carrier and pushes the log against the saw. But the interesting part of the work does not end here, for, as the log is being sawed into the desired boards and timbers, another elephant receives the completed material, piling the slabs on one side and more valuable product on the other.



PILING UP THE LOGS.

also stack them in huge piles, convey them to the mills, saw them, and afterward pile the lumber. Of course each elephant performs only certain parts of the work for which he has been trained, and the entire herd is divided into companies, of from two to eight. One division of the pachyderms does the work in the water, another company carries the logs to the drying or seasoning stacks, others pile them, another class conveys the dry logs to the mill, where some of the elephants do the work of sawing, still others pile the sawed lumber, and another herd carries hay and prepares the food for the great industrial combination of brute strength and intelligence.

But the most wonderful, interesting, novel and most incredible feature of the entire combination is the sight of two monstrously large male elephants that actually act as bosses or overseers of the work. These move from place to place among the working elephants, spurring them on, pushing, driving and frequently chastising a lazy or recalcitrant member of the force.

Very few men are needed to direct the elephants in their work. From six to eight of the animals usually work in the water. These wade or

But two men are required to oversee and direct the elephants used in sawing the logs.

Another detachment of the herd is used in carrying the lumber from the mill to the yards and sheds. For this purpose very long trucks with the low front and back wheels close to each other are used. There are elephants trained for loading the sawed material upon these trucks, while others push the loaded trucks to the sheds. In the lumber yard are the "pilars" or elephants that take the lumber from the trucks and place it in piles for further seasoning.

As stated before, there is one detachment of this strange army of laborers which does the "kitchen work" for the "hotel de elephant," or whatever the feeding-place of these big fellows may be called. Some may be seen carrying hay for the stables, but by far the most interesting sight is the preparation of the food. This is composed of grass, bran and molasses, and is mixed in a large vat. While some are carrying these different components of this highly delectable elephantine boarding-house hash, others are engaged in mixing it with pestles which they dexterously manipulate with their trunks. The narrator observed one of the elephants suddenly stop in his work with the pestle and refused to wield his mixingstick any farther. One of the two big elephants was called to the scene, and picking up the recalcitrant pestle beat him with it over the back and hips until he whiningly returned to his work.

Only about ten men are employed in directing the work of the entire herd of elephants. Those who have seen this novel mill at Moulmein in operation all agree in giving it the credit of being the greatest exhibition of trained animals in the world and say that Hagenbeck's, and, in fact, all other trained animal shows are simply nowhere near "in line" with it. The mill hands, or more properly speaking, the mill trunks of the institution,



PREPARING DINNERS.

swim, according to the depth of the water, to the log boom, and loosening several logs at a time tow them to the

May 10, 1894

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Reading notices, not exceeding five lines, twenty-five cents for each insertion, and five cents a line for each additional line.

Marlinton, W. Va.

Roofing: Tin, Iron, Steel, Felt Roofing with trimmings; and tools to lead, or tools to keep. Can be laid by anybody; shipped every-where.

Paint: red and black for metallic roofing. Creosote Preservative for shingles, posts and wood work.

Ladders: that show on or lengthen; for tinners, carpenters, fruit growers, etc.

Paper: heavy building, for sheathing, lining rooms and floors

Prices: low. Circulars and quotations by addressing.

WM. A. LIST & CO., Wheeling, W. Va.

FURNITURE

Fine Hardwood Furniture Stock always on hand

ORDERS TAKEN

All Handmade WAGON

MAKING AND REPAIRING

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Prices Reasonable

A G BURROWS

Marlinton, W. Va.



CURE

Sick, Fever, and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Distention, Headache, Depression, Icterus after eating, Bile on the tongue, etc. While their most beneficial effects are shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Dr. Dodd's Little Liver Pills are equally effective in Constipation, biliousness and growing the blood, purifying the system, while they also purify all the blood vessels, and promote the blood and purify the blood. Show it they only cure.

HEAD

When they would be about prisoners those who had not tried them. Get your supply from any of the following cities: New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, and other cities. One package will cure you. Price \$1.00.

ACHE

In the form of a teary flow that here is where we make our great work. Our preparation will cure it.

Let your little Liver Pills be very small and very mild. They are not pills, but a natural secretion of the body. They are not pills, but a natural secretion of the body. They are not pills, but a natural secretion of the body.

DR. DODD'S Cure for

COLIC IN HORSES.

Every owner of a horse should keep a box of Dodd's Colic Cure on hand. It will cure the horse in ten minutes. Price \$1.00.

An Institute of Shorthand.

Staunton, Virginia.

It is not an experiment, nor is it in its infancy. It has lived for 22 years and sent to the world's great emporium more young men than all the other business colleges of the United States combined. Its proprietor charges a fair and reasonable compensation for the training it gives, and offers no premium for idleness. Our rates are \$50 for eight months. If a pupil remains longer than eight months, we charge him \$5 per month extra thereafter. If he graduates in less than eight months, we will deduct \$5 per month for the unexpired time. Thus it can be seen that we do not offer any inducement to waste time and money, but on the other hand we do offer an inducement to save both time and money by completing the course inside eight months. After graduation we give two weeks gratis in Typewriting, Shorthand, or Penmanship, as the graduate may elect, and a Life Scholarship granting the holder the privilege to return and review his whole course at any future time, gratis. Our penman, Prof. A. W. Gallentine, formerly professor of Grand Rapids (Mich.) Business College is an artist of rare ability and an expert Shorthand and Typewriter. Prof. Dunmore is giving his special attention to the Theory and Practical Departments this session. 28 years ACTUAL experience has made him thoroughly master of his work. He is a member of the Institute of Accounts of New York City and through this organization and the agency of old graduates holding positions in large cities, he is enabled to aid his graduates to lucrative employment. For catalogue, call on or address J. G. DUNSMORE, President

Commissioner's Notice.

Office of W. H. Grose, commissioner, Huntersville, W. Va., April 1894. Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that in pursuance to an order of reference entered in the chancery cause Elhart, Joyner & Co et als. vs. J. W. Riley, adm'r., et als. made at the April Term of the circuit court of Pocahontas county on the 5th day of April, 1894, I will at my office in the town of Huntersville, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on the 19th day of May, 1894, proceed to take, state and report the following matters of account: 1st. A statement of the debts due from Jacob L. Arbogast, dec'd., with their dates, dignities and priorities. 2d. A settlement of the administration account of J. W. Riley, adm'r. of J. L. Arbogast dec'd., and report the balance due from said administrator to his intestates estate. 3d. Any other matter to be specially stated, deemed pertinent to the undersigned commissioner, or required by any party in interest to be so stated. At which time and place you may attend. W. H. GROSE, Commissioner.

Notice To Creditors.

Elhart, Joyner & Co et als. vs. J. W. Riley, admr., et als. To the creditors of Jacob L. Arbogast dec'd. In pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, State of West Virginia, made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Jacob L. Arbogast dec'd. to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Jacob L. Arbogast dec'd., for adjudication to W. H. Grose at his office in the said county, on or before the 25th day of May, 1894. Witness J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court this 10th day of April, 1894. 6x 36-40 J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk

Commissioner's Notice.

Pursuant to a decretal order of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, entered on the 6th day of April, 1894, in the chancery cause of Jacob Sheets' adm'r. vs. Rachel E. A. Sheets and others, he undersigned commissioner of said court will proceed, at the law office of L. V. McClintic in the town of Marlinton, W. Va., on Friday, the 25th day of May, 1894, to settle and state the following matters of account: 1st. A settlement of the account of J. C. Arbogast as administrator of Jacob Sheets, dec'd.; 2d. An account of the debts due from Jacob Sheets at the time of his death with their amounts, priorities and to whom due; 3d. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated. F. J. SNEYDER, Com'r of Circuit Ct., Pocahontas county. 5. 60

Notice to Creditors.

Jacob Sheets adm'r. vs. Rachel E. A. Sheets and others. To the creditors of Jacob Sheets dec'd. In pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Jacob Sheets to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Jacob Sheets, on or before the 25th day of May, 1894.

A FREE HINT.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED. To buy goods at a low cost the first and most important thing is to find a place where you can purchase same from a dealer who handles nothing but first class goods bought with spot cash. When my business was established I determined to be the leader both in quality and price, and to this end bought very large quantities of goods for spot cash there by effecting a saving of at least 15 to 25 per cent to my customers, and insuring a uniform high grade of product. That the public appreciate this fact is shown by my large and constantly increasing business. In view of these facts can it not be said with perfect truth that to buy first class goods at a low cost, they must be bought at headquarters—namely

P. Goldin, Edray W Va

Geo. Washington and my advertisements alike bear the reputation of truth.

When I say, therefore, that my stock of goods was never larger or marked at lower prices, I naturally expect you will BELIEVE ME.

My stock is more complete than ever before.

Note some of the bargains I am OFFERING

- Men's blk cassimere suits ... \$5 50 Sold last season for ... 8 00 Men's wide wale imported ... 6 50 Sold last season ... 10 00 I have a large lot of pawnbroker's odd coats, Diagonals and Plaids, all tailor made at from ... 3 25 to 5 00 Fine line of pants all styles and sizes at from ... 1 00 to 5 00

My line of DRY GOODS is very complete, and I can offer some rare

BARGAINS IN CASSIMERES, HENRIETTES, BROAD CLOTH, SERGES, SATENS, ETC. 25 dozen shirts, all latest styles, 25 cents to \$1.25 each. Give me a call and be convinced. P. GOLDIN, EDRAY, WEST VIRGINIA. VALUABLE PRESENTS FREE.

We wish to introduce our System Pills into every home. We know that we manufacture the very best remedy on earth for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Kidney Troubles, Torpid Liver, etc., and that when you have tried these pills you will gladly recommend them to others, or take an agency and in this way we will have a large well paying demand created.

As a special inducement for every reader of this paper to try these pills and take an agency at once, we will give to each person who sends twenty-five cents in cash, or thirty cents in stamps, for a box of System Pills, one of the following presents: a handsome gold watch, a good silver watch, a valuable pen lot, a genuine diamond ring, a casket of silverware or a genuine \$5.00 gold piece. Every purchaser gets one of the above presents. There are no exceptions. Shaw Remedy Co., Rutherford, N. J.

35 GORLETE NOVELS NEATLY BOUND and a Year's Subscription to a large 16 page illustrated monthly magazine for ONLY 30 CENTS. This is a most liberal offer as HOUSEHOLD TOPICS, the magazine referred to is a high class paper, replete with stories of love, adventure, travel, and short interesting and instructive sketches of fact and fancy; and in the list of 35 novels are such treasures as "A Brave Coward" by Robert Louis Stevenson; "A Blacksmith's Daughter," by Etta W. Tierce "Nine to Five," a most pleasing story by M. T. Calder; "A Gilded Sin" and "Between Two Sins" by the author of "Dora Thorne;" "The Truth of It," by the popular writer Hugh Conway; and the "Moorehouse Tragedy," rather sensational by Mrs. Jane C. Austin; "A Heroine" a delightful story by Mrs. Rebecca H. Davis; "Wall Flowers" by the popular Marion Harland, and the great story "Guilty or Not Guilty" by Amanda M. Douglass. Space forbids mentioning the other novels, but they are all of the same high grade, popular bright, romantic, spicy interesting stories.

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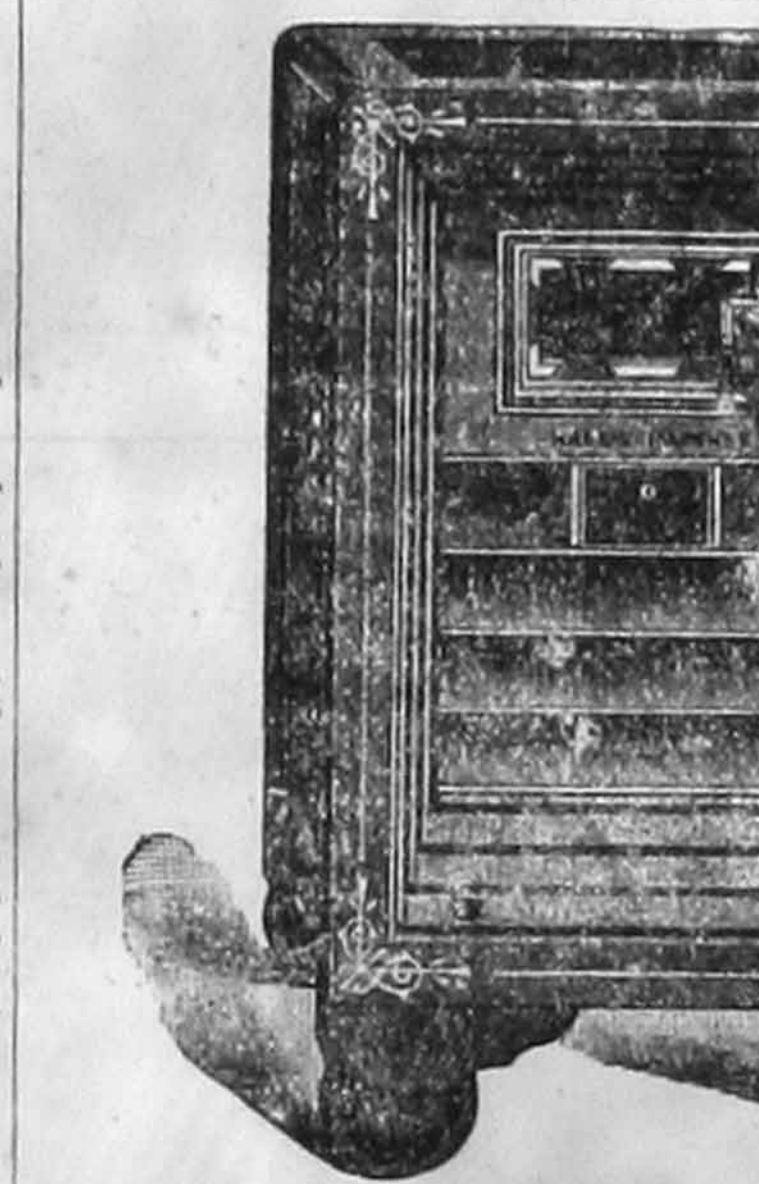
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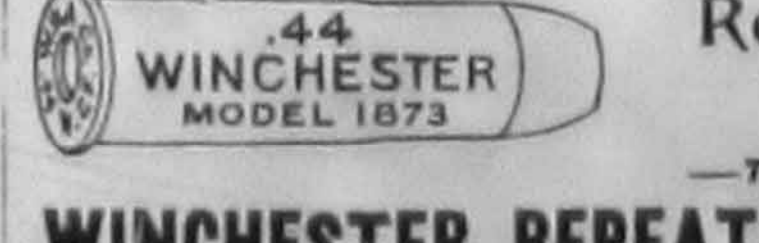


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Official Directory of Pocahontas County

Judge of Circuit Court, A. S. Campbell. Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic. Sheriff, J. C. Arbogast. Deputy Sheriff, Robt. K. Burns. Tax Collector, S. L. Brown. Clerk of Court, J. H. Patterson. Assessor, C. O. Arbogast. Comm'r. Ch. Cl., C. E. Beard, G. M. Kee, Amos Barlow. Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter. Coroner, Geo. P. Moore. Justices: A. L. Gatenwood, Spill Rock - Chase Cook, Edray - W. H. Grose, Huntersville, Jas. E. Taylor, Dunmore, G. R. Curry, Academy, Thos. Bruffy, Loblisa.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Tuesday of April, 3rd Tuesday in June and 3rd Tuesday in October. County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and 2nd Tuesday in July July is levied.

N. C. McNEIL, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Marlinton, West Va. Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and adjoining Counties, and in the Court of Appeals of the State of West Virginia.

L. M. McCLINTIC, Attorney-at-Law, Huntersville, W. Va. Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

H. S. RUCKER, Atty.-at-Law & Notary Public, Huntersville, W. Va. Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE, Attorney-at-Law, Lewisburg, W. Va. Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties. Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. A. BRATTON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Marlinton, W. Va. Prompt and careful attention given to all legal business.

ANDREW PRICE, Attorney-at-law, MARLINTON, W. VA. Will be found at Times Office.

D. O. J. CAMPBELL, DENTIST, Monterey, Va. Will visit Pocahontas County, at least, twice a year. The exact date of his visits will appear in this paper.

D. J. H. WEYMOUTH, RESIDENT DENTIST, Beverly, W. Va. Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM, M. D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office next door to H. A. Yeager's Hotel. Residence opposite Hotel. All calls promptly answered.

J. M. B. HNETT, M. D. has located at FROST, W. VA. Calls promptly answered.

D. RICHARD WILLIAMS, Hightown, Va Highland Co. Will be at Travelers Rest 1 or 2 weeks.

M. F. GIESEY, Artist and Supr's Agent. Room, 19, Kelly Block

RARE AVES.

Recently it was the writer's pleasure to make a journey to Wheeling, the metropolis of West Virginia, where he was welcomed as one of the body assembled there designated as the West Virginia Editorial Association. The representative of this paper was the only newspaper man from the southeastern portion of the State, but still the meeting was well attended generally.

Great kindness was shown the visitors by the business men of the city. On the first day Mr. Schumback, a great brewer, extended the courtesy of the Mozart Park, where the festive editors were regaled with Schumback's justly celebrated beer and a knife and fork tea. Returning to the city attendance at the Opera House was in order where those with a taste for music enjoyed the performance of "Sona's Band." While this may be called a brass band, yet the beautiful music told you tales and conjured up stirring scenes. "The Holy War," as rendered by this band, is to be remembered especially. Even in the latter day Opera House at Wheeling "The trumpets sound

And warlike symphony is heard around." On the second day of the "meet" the business of the order was transacted, the great event being a speech from the Hon. Stuart F. Reed, of the Clarksburg Telegram, President of the Association. In the beginning he appeared to be some two stories high and of commanding presence, but as he proceeded so eloquently he deflated and towered above the assembly till he was "clear out of sight."

In the afternoon, the great event of the occasion took place, when the editors enjoyed the hospitality of Mr. Raymond, the millionaire brewer, at Wheeling Park, the prettiest spot by far in Wheeling. At the banquet in the evening in one of the beautiful summer houses in the park, the hungry editors were filled and toasts responded to by many brilliant West Virginians. Mr. Raymond belongs to that class of Germans, who are undoubtedly the support financially of the business of Wheeling. The writer had the opportunity of meeting a good many of these prominent Germans, and found them all true, kindly gentlemen, who had the interest of their city at heart. Mr. H. F. Behrens, the famous groceryman, taught us a lesson in simple geography, which was the names in their proper order of the three most important cities in the world, namely: "Wheeling, New York, and Hamburg."

From the banquet adjournment was made to the theatre where Hoyts "A Trip to Chinatown" was rendered in very amusing style. We are indebted, indeed, for this performance as it made us laugh to such a wonderful extent that it must have cleared away the mental miasma, that is so apt to infest one's life.

The next day the B. & O. put two coaches at our disposal and in this style we journeyed to Pittsburg. Pittsburg is a very fine city but as it is not in West Virginia we are not so much concerned about it. We would be very ungrateful though not to acknowledge the kindness of the Press of that city, and the courtesy extended in the invitation to witness the baseball game in which Cleveland defeated Pittsburg in the afternoon, and in the evening to attend the performance of Mr. Murray's justly celebrated comic opera "Hearts and Hands."

A trip through West Virginia well repays one in the magnificent scenery, alone. Leaving Wheeling in the afternoon, the journey to Grafton is uneventful. Probably the most interesting part of the road is the Manfington oil field with its innumerable black, greasy oil derricks dotting the country. At Fairmont all the tracks are full of cars loaded with coal, as the strikes elsewhere put double work on the mines near this town. The Monongahela is reached here, and the ascent of the one prong of the one prong of the river begins. In May marked changes in the vegetation is to be noticed as you get higher and higher and the oak trees at the headwaters are barely showing signs of life, while the oaks of Fairmont are in full leaf.

At Beverly the humble citizen of Marlinton finds that the rails that had seemed interminable have broken off, and he has a drive of fifty seven miles to make to reach his inland town. However, this is a thing to be accomplished by steady perseverance, and the whole country is interesting, the first thirty miles lie through the beautiful Tygart's Valley. Then comes the bluegrass country suggestive of Pocahontas county, and soon this country is reached, and it always looks good to one who has traveled in whatever direction he has gone. If it were not for this fact that our county can stand the test when compared with any other, life would be unendurable so far from the rail road.

The arrival at Marlinton completes the journey taken by the editor of this paper to see what his companions in misery are like, and he can tell you that to see West Virginia is not the cheapest show in the world, however pleasant the excursion may be. Pittsburg is as bad as West Virginia, by the way. So here we rest and take up the threads of Pocahontas county life again.

Mr. Murray's justly celebrated comic opera "Hearts and Hands."

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PUBLISHED BY REQUEST OF A PROMINENT REPUBLICAN, BY EUGENE ELICOTT.

The many friends of Hon. Eugene Ellicott are pushing him to the front as a candidate for Congress on the Republican ticket. While the general havoc wrought by the McKinley tariff is being so severely felt it seems to be a bad time for Republicans to have Congressional aspirations, and that the Third Congressional District is one in which no inducement is held out for Republican success even when other things are favorable, yet as a good man is required for the sacrifice we know of no one who could undergo the ordeal with more fortitude than Judge Ellicott.

Judge Ellicott is a gentleman of fine attainments and is personally a splendid gentleman. He has a host of friends in both parties, and we believe him to be the strongest man in the Republican party in the District. We hope he will be honored with the nomination, for we would then feel assured, even if some five thousand Democrats in the District would stay at home on election day, that we would have a gentleman in Congress who would represent fairly the interests of the people. —Logan County Banner.

What Are We Coming To? As goes Chicago so goes the whole West. There has never been a time in the history of the West, when...

circles than just now.

The Central Employers' League have resolved on a lockout against the Building Trades Union. This not only threatens a stop to all building in that city but throws thirty thousand men out of the means of livelihood and not paying rent is threatened by way of retaliation.

A wise and eloquent lecturer, a few weeks since, made this remark: "The great trouble now with all the reforms that are before the people is that the people who ought to hear do not hear. It is that one side is heard in a directors' meeting and the other side is heard in a labor lodge."

The two sides not only do not get together and talk, but they have come to a point where they will not hear. "How well would it be were that "Power from on high" to lead both sides to "look not every man on his own things, but also on the things that pertain to the good of others."

It looks as if a crisis was at hand bringing in a new era in the affairs of men. One of the most significant events in human history was the overthrow of Jerusalem. —Josephus states that just previous to that occurrence "every city was divided into two camps." "Civil commotions were rife in those days especially between the Jews and their neighbors." One of the most disturbing influences was the presence of a dominating foreign element.

Killing an Elephant.

On last Friday, "Tip" the dangerous elephant in the Central Park menagerie in New York city, that had killed at different times seven men and wounded several others, was killed by the administration of cyanide of potassium. —It was with great difficulty they succeeded. They first gave a dose to him at 6 o'clock in the morning concealed in a carrot, but he only got a sufficient quantity to nauseate him, as he discovered it and blew it out of his mouth. It was afterwards tried by putting the capsules into apples and peanut shells, but he rejected them after holding them awhile in his trunk. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when he had recovered from the sickness caused by the poison he had got in the carrot, and was hungry, he was fooled by a ball of moist bran in which there were three ounces of cyanide of potassium, and after 12 minutes of great suffering in which he broke the chain by which he was bound, he was dead. His height was 9½ feet and his weight 5,500 lbs. His age was 28 years. —Then the labor of skinning him commenced. His skin will be stuffed for exhibition in the American Museum of Natural History, and the skeleton will be mounted for the museum.

GYPSIES.

Some days ago a party of Gypsies passed through Marlinton, presenting the usual appearance characteristic of this people.

This strange people are found every in the world and have no fixed abode. There is reason to believe that they are descendants of Ishmael, son of Abraham, and the bond woman Hagar. A German paraphrase made in 1122 shows that the gypsies were known in Austria three centuries before the accepted date of their appearance

a passage reads thus: "So Hagar had this son; they named him Ishmael. It is from him the Ishmaelites descend. They journey far through the world. We call them cold smiths. They have no home nor country. Everywhere they are found alike, abusing people by their knavery. Thus they deceive men—robbing no one openly." Cold smithing or tinkering is the leading handicraft of this people.

The gypsy character, strange medley of good and evil, presents itself as very objectionable to outsiders, while to the gypsies themselves it is all that is fair and lovable.

It is believed that their number does not exceed one million of persons, all told.

Gypsy blood flows in the veins of the Stanleys and the Lees, historic families.

GREEN BANK.

We are having fine weather at writing only a little dry.

Messrs C. J. Elliot and James Patterson are building a large barn for W. A. Gladwell.

V. B. Hiner, the tinner, of Crabbottom, Va., was in this vicinity last week looking after his interest.

Mr. J. H. Hevner of Hightown was here last week.

L. C. Bartlett, the champion painter is painting O. L. Orndorff's house a C. C. Arbogast's store.

Rev. C. L. Potter will hold communion services at the McGlaughlin Church on Back Alleghany on the 27th at 10:30 a. m. Also on the same a like service at the Wanless School House at 3 p. m. and will preach at this place at 8 p. m.

The communion service at this place last Sunday was largely attended and Rev. Potter gave us a fine sermon, which is nothing strange for him to do. Mrs. W. H. Hull met with a very painful accident on the 7th inst. While walking in the hay mow, she stepped on a loose board and fell through fracturing her collar bone and resulting in a general shaking up, which has caused her considerable suffering. She is some better now.

Prof. J. A. Taylor conducted singing at this place last Sunday night which was largely attended. Fine singing. Come again Johnnie!

Road working is in order at this time, and corn working will be in a few days. The prospect for a small crop of fruit is good. It was thought for a time that there would be none, but the indications are that there will be fruit on the old-time apple trees. The wheat is looking fine and with a large acreage of corn and oats we may live another year or two despite the hard times.

May 17 '94. CROAKER.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of West Virginia, county of Pocahontas, to-wit: At rules held in the Clerk's office of the circuit court of said county, on Monday, May 7th, 1894.

L. M. Waugh plaintiff vs. Ella I. Waugh (nee Buzzard) and Eleanor M. Buzzard defendants.

The object of this suit is to enforce a judgment lien against the lands of the defendant, Ella I. Waugh, and to obtain a decree of sale of said Ella I. Waugh's interest in a certain tract or parcel of land situated near Clover Lick in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, and it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant, Ella I. Waugh, is a non-resident of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that she do appear here within one month after the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect her interests in this suit.

Witness: J. H. Patterson, clerk of the court.

be trouble with the farm horse at present is that he is suffering from a fall of body weight, following suddenly on one of feed. The transition from the old and heavy attendant upon the spring on a farm has been too much for him. The change has been too abrupt. The animal is worn out, and will be injured permanently, if more rest is not given him.—New York World.

DOES YOUR BUTTER

None of the thoroughbred breeds of cows have the exclusive production of the butter. What are known as common cows, if well selected and fed as they should be, will make butter in no way inferior to the best. The first premium has gone far more times to the skill of the man or woman who made it than the breed of cows. Seventy-five cent butter is more nearly unaffected by the rich than a reward for any noticeable superiority of the butter. The skill in making, the precise manner of putting it up, and the exact regularity of supplying the seasons customer, are about the only differences. Some recent tests seem to show that the milk of a herd of mixed bloods, well fed and cared for, is the source of the finest flavored butter. Where the high bloods excel is in percent milk and high grade of milk. —American Agriculturist.

PORK PICKLE.

A "Subscriber" wants "a recipe for pickling pork sweet the year round." "Subscriber" to another farm paper says: Have your pork barrel perfect-tight—if it leaks the brine your pork will be ruined. Begin by putting a good layer of salt on the bottom, then cut your "side meat" into pieces of a convenient size and make a tight, closely fitting layer of meat; then put another layer of salt, packing all the crevices full; then another layer of meat, and so on, alternating with salt and meat until all is packed. Your barrel is about full. Don't put on a particle of water, or sugar, or syrup, or anything except salt. The juices of the meat will dissolve the salt and make a pure, sweet brine that should completely cover the meat. Put a board with a stone on the top to hold the mass firmly down and your work is practically done. Remember, on no account add a particle of joint or a dry piece go into this barrel—the salt fluid will within even a day or two ruin the brine. If all this has been properly done—your meat perfectly clean and free from all bloody juices, as it should have been—nothing more remains to be done. But usually it is safest after about six weeks to pour the brine off, heat it until it comes to a boil, then carefully skim off all impurities, let it cool and then pour it back again, and at any time there should not be enough of brine to completely cover the meat some must be prepared and added. It should be borne in mind that the great essentials to success are strong, pure brine, plenty of it, keeping the meat covered with it, and the exclusion of all joints, bones, and soddy pieces of meat. Pork prepared and kept in this way will keep sweet and good for years.

For making bacon the curing process is the same as that above described, the pieces to be taken out as soon as sufficiently salted, and then smoked the same as the hams.—Farm, Field and Fireside.

CLEAN CULTIVATION OF CORN.

There is a good deal of common sense in the suggestions of a correspondent of the Country Gentleman, J. H. Stewart, who writes from Mason County, North Carolina, on the clean cultivation of corn. His experience serves to show that care and attention pay. This is what he says: The past year I have made one more essay in experiments, tending to show results of clean and frequent cultivation of corn. It is too commonly considered that the culture of this and other similar crops is needed only to keep down the weeds. And when the weeds are subdued the corn will go on and make a full crop without any further attention. Thus the habit of spraying by the corn has come into vogue generally when the crop is so advanced as to keep ahead of the weeds, if possible, or at least has vigor enough to grow in spite of them. This I have always contended is a mistake. The corn needs all the food it can get out of the land, and although there may be no weeds to kill it, yet the frequent culture of the land is indispensable to the full supply of food for the crop. The feeding of corn is to be found only in the

how the position of these active roots could be otherwise than a serious check and damage to the crop, by arresting its growth at a most critical time, and thus denouncing the error as a delusion and a snare. But it fortunately had a short life, and we hear nothing of it now.

That those tangled, matted roots are the real feeding organs of the corn plant is shown by the result of frequent shallow culture of the soil. The effect of this is undoubtedly to liberate food from the soil by aiding in the decomposition of the organic matter in it, by that well known ability of porous substances to take in oxygen in great quantity, and thus become decomposed. This function of matter seems to be provided for the very purpose of rapidly decomposing dead organic matter and turning it to useful purposes in feeding plants, and it is very evident that we can aid this very much by fitting the soil to absorb the largest possible quantity of oxygen, which is done by this frequent culture. This loosens and opens the soil, and permits the air to circulate in it, and supplies this oxygen for the rapid decomposition of the plant food in it. What may happen to the nitrogen thus separated from its equivalent of oxygen no one knows as yet; but as we have all along believed that the nitrogen of the air is absorbed by plants in some way, and now we have learned how it is done to some extent, why may not this released nitrogen also be taken up by the roots and made available for plant food, after it forms combinations at present unknown to us?

It is a matter of experience that this culture of crops, of whatever kind they may be, does greatly stimulate the growth, and the past season has only repeated what I have seen every year for thirty years, that the growth of the corn is increased and the maturity of the crop is hastened at least two weeks. One-half of one of my fields has been cultivated eight times, the other half four times, another field has been worked only three times, and the most frequently worked part of the land shows to-day the good effect of the frequent stirring of the soil. It will easily make ten bushels per acre more grain, and that will repay the extra work several times over. This is very important in this locality—4000 feet above sea level; and having a short season for corn, as with the larger growth, the crop so cultivated was mature for gathering the fodder—the custom of the South—two weeks before the other fields are ready, and every ear of corn in the field, even that replanted where the moles destroyed the seed, is ripe and sound.

POULTRY NOTES.

A lazy hen is never a laying one.
Fresh eggs are heavier than stale ones.
Clever will supply all the lime a hen requires.
Common dust is the best exterminator of lice.
Laying hens should be separated from non-layers.
If you crowd your hens you must expect fewer eggs.
Hens and cows should not be given the same quarters.
Lime in some form should be supplied to the chickens.
Grit should be kept where the fowls can get it at all times.
The eggs from fat and clumsy hens are generally infertile.
It is harder to fatten fowl in the winter than in the fall.
It is claimed that it is as profitable to use land for pasture for poultry as for cows.
Dry-picked poultry keeps better than scalded and always commands high prices.
Save all your refuse bones and break them up for the fowls, who will repay you with more eggs.
Green food is greatly relished by poultry and is of great value in preventing constipation.
A lump of stone lime in a corner of the poultry house will do much towards absorbing moisture.
Apoplexy is caused by overfeeding. Many poultry-keepers attribute it to the use of too much corn.
Wood ashes in the poultry yard destroy the color of the legs of the birds and often make them sore.
The non-sitting breeds lay a great many eggs because they are of an active habit and do not get fat readily.
If eggs are cheap in summer, on the other hand the hens will cost little or nothing to keep, so that it will be all profit.
After sulphur has been used to treat

THE plant of a duck farm is simple, says a letter from Eastport, N. Y., to the New York Post. Imagine a long, low building one story high, about fifty feet from the water, and running parallel with the shore; from this building extend the runs or pens, each fifteen or twenty feet wide and about 100 feet long, the lower twenty-five or thirty feet in the water. At night the ducks go into the house at the land end of the run. In Mr. Pye's establishment there are thirty such runs; when the yards are full of ducks, there are from 8000 to 10,000 in all, not counting the very young ones still kept in the steam heated house, where they remain until old enough to go out and fight for themselves.

Beyond Mr. Pye's place some Long Islanders have established smaller yards or farms, while across the river from him three German duck raisers have made the shore their own. Thus the Eastport creek is really bordered on both sides by these runs full of ducks. The system of dividing up the ducks into many runs, has many advantages, chief among which is the possibility of keeping ducks of the same size and age by themselves, and thus not having to search among the whole number for those ready for market when killing day comes, which in this establishment is twice a week. Twice a week a whole run full of ducks are brought to the butcher, a young and expert operator armed with a long sharp knife; the ducks are hung up by the legs a dozen at a time over a long trough, and in less time than it takes to tell it the knife is up their throats and they are left to bleed to death. I do not know whether this system of killing would be approved by the late Mr. Bergh, but it seems to be the common way all over this part of the country, and is said to contribute much to the excellence and pleasing appearance of the duck after death—the flesh is more firm and the color better than when their necks are wrung in the old-fashioned manner.

During the season, which lasts from six to eight months, about 800 ducks a week are sent from Mr. Pye's place to New York, packed in barrels. They weigh from four to six pounds apiece and the retail price varies from fifteen to twenty cents a pound and sometimes is much higher. Strange to say, very few of the ducks are kept here for the sake of the eggs they lay. Mr. Pye buys his eggs from the neighboring farmers, finding that it does not pay to keep breeders for this purpose. The eggs are brought here in quantities and put into incubators for the first part of the time required to hatch them out. A peculiarity of this part of the business is that when the egg reaches a point within a week of maturity, it is put under a hen; the hen seems to give it better care during these last and critical days than any machine can do, and finally brings out the young ducks triumphantly. Thus during the months of breeding these hens are constantly employed in finishing up batches of duck eggs. At last as a hen brings out her young brood of ducklings they are taken from her and more eggs are put into the nest. This goes on for months until the poor hen is exhausted and is then given the rest of the season to recuperate in.

When the duck reaches the age of four months it is ready for market. Diseases of any importance are said to be almost unknown, partly, perhaps, because the ducks are kept separately in small groups in the different runs, so that any trouble that may make its appearance is promptly stamped out before it extends further. I happened to get to Mr. Pye's farm just before feeding time, about three o'clock in the afternoon. Two men were preparing the supper, which was mixed in an immense trough and consisted of meal and chopped creek grass, which latter is brought in by the boatload of many tons. When the yards are full the daily meal requires about a ton and a half of food. As a great delicacy the ducks are given "scrap," a hog product said to be unexcelled for its fattening properties.

Cleanliness is an essential feature of the business in order to ward off disease, and the runs are beautifully clean. This, however, is partly due to the ducks themselves, for where there are so many of them, they eat up every scrap of food, every bit of refuse, that is to be found in their yards. When the men appear with their wheelbarrows, the outcry from the thousands of ducks is deafening; they rise in one mass from the water and rush up on the land towards the end of the run where they receive their food. I asked one of the men

ing the value of the crop raised.

SELECT SIFTINGS.

Italy yields the finest coral.
Alaska has enormous coal deposits.
Patti, the cantatrice, doesn't open letters herself.
The Chinese built suspension bridges over 2000 years ago.
In England it is imperative that children be vaccinated.
The log was first used in navigation by Pigabetta early in the sixteenth century.
Copper sheathing was first used for vessels of the English navy about the year 1770.
The Naval Asylum of the United States was established in 1835 near Philadelphia.
The formation in European armies of the two-rank line introduced about seventy years ago.
The use of cavalry as infantry was brought to the highest perfection during the Civil War.

The first naval expedition on record was that of the Argonauts, probably pirates, B. C. 1263.

For over 500 years the Egyptian monarchs maintained a strong body of Greek mercenaries.

Massachusetts is first in fisheries, second in commerce, third in manufactures and printing.

Indiana is third in wheat, fourth in corn and hogs, seventh in cattle and railways, eighth in coal.

Texas is first in cattle and cotton, second in sugar, sheep and mules, seventh in cows, eighth in hogs.

A gentleman must kiss every lady he is introduced to in Paraguay. It is the custom in that country.

The first war vessel captured by an American ship was the Edward, taken by the Lexington, April 17, 1777.

Since the establishment of our life-saving service, in 1871, 9989 persons have been succored at the stations.

In China gold and silver are merely commodities, whose price is regulated by the laws of supply and demand.

The rei of Brazil is an imaginary coin, no piece of that denomination being coined. Ten thousand reis equal \$5.45.

Tans Without Bark.

It is said that a German resident of Philadelphia has invented a process which will tan leather in six hours without the use of bark, and make an article superior to the best bark-tanned hides. After he got his patent he tried for several years to interest leather men in it, but they simply laughed at him. One firm, however, as an experiment, looked up the patent, and tried the new method without consulting the patentee. The trial, it is said, was a great success, the leather being produced more cheaply than by the old method, and of a quality so superior that wherever it was introduced it drove out the old leather, as the electric light has driven out gas. Competitors of the experimenting firm saw their trade going, and they could not understand how the better leather that was making inroads upon their business was produced. But the German inventor understood, and saw his opportunity. He went to one of the injured firms and explained that it was his patent process that made the new leather, and after some negotiations he sold the patent for \$20,000 or \$25,000, with a contingent provision that, in case the patent proved a success, he should have about as much more. He promptly invested his money in a good farm, with which he is said to be perfectly content, and while he is enjoying himself on this the purchasers of the patent are endeavoring to establish under it their sole right to make the improved leather.—Picayune.

Spool Making.

Here, for instance, are huge stacks of timber, and our ears are greeted with the hum and birr so certainly associated with a saw mill. This long range of buildings is entirely devoted to the making of spools. The machines employed are various. Here the wood is being cut into short lengths; there a hole is being punched through the small round pieces; while yonder, a machine shapes the rough wood into a smooth spool in one swift stroke.

It is by means of the wood required to make these spools that we get some conception of the enormous output of this factory. Each day there is as much thread finished here as would wind round the world several times.

The Fashionable Peep.



This model for winter wear shows one of the newest forms of traveling wrap. It is a revival of the old-time pelisse, and when made of broadcloth and trimmed with bear it is particularly effective.—Chicago Record.

As Good as Coffee.

In the island of Reunion is a plant known as the wild orange, which produces a fruit, green at first, afterward bluish, and verging into purple as it ripens. This has been tested and found to make a beverage in every way equal to coffee, and at a much lower price.

The product is called "mussaenda," and it can be used alone or mixed with pure coffee. It is announced that about 24,000 acres of this plant are now being cultivated.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Picture of Twenty Cranks.

When Norcross attempted to loosen Uncle Russell Sage's purse strings dynamite a couple of year's ago, as usually happens after such an event,



COMPOSITE PHOTOGRAPH OF TWENTY CRANKS

other cranks with manias more or less violent sprung up on every side. The New York World selected ten of the most notable specimens of this crop, and with the aid of a camera made them into a composite picture which



THE OVERWORKEN HORSE.

The trouble with the farm horse at present is that he is suffering from a spell of hard work, following suddenly upon one of rest. The transition from the do-nothing of the winter to the rush and hurry attendant upon the spring on a farm has been too much for him.

COWS FOR BUTTER.

None of the thoroughbred breeds of cows have the exclusive production of fine butter. What are known as common cows, if well selected and fed as they should be, will make butter in no way inferior to the best.

PORK PICKLE.

A "Subscriber" wants "a recipe for pickling pork sweet the year round." A "Subscriber" to another farm paper says: Have your pork barrel perfectly tight—if it leaks the brine your pork will be ruined.

CLEAN CULTIVATION OF CORN.

There is a good deal of common sense in the suggestions of a correspondent of the Country Gentleman, W. H. Stewart, who writes from Macon County, North Carolina, on the clean cultivation of corn.

POOL MAKING.

Here, for instance, are huge stacks of timber, and our ears are greeted with the hum and birr so certainly associated with a saw mill.

It is claimed that it is as profitable to use land for pasture for poultry as for cows. Dry-picked poultry keeps better than scalded and always commands high prices.

POULTRY NOTES.

A lazy hen is never a laying one. Fresh eggs are heavier than stale ones. Clover will supply all the lime a hen requires.

TALES WITHOUT BARK.

It is said that a German resident of Philadelphia has invented a process which will tan leather in six hours without the use of bark, and make an article superior to the best bark-tanned hides.

SPool MAKING.

Here, for instance, are huge stacks of timber, and our ears are greeted with the hum and birr so certainly associated with a saw mill.

VISIT TO A BIG ISLAND DUCK FARM.

The plant of a duck farm is simple, says a letter from Eastport, N. Y., to the New York Post. Imagine a long, low building one story high, about fifty feet from the water, and running parallel with the shore.

SELECT SIFTINGS.

Italy yields the finest coral. Alaska has enormous coal deposits. Patti, the cantatrice, doesn't open letters herself.

The yearly number of ducks sent to market from this one farm must be about 20,000. Two men are employed the year round, and a third in busy times.

THE FASHIONABLE.

This model for winter wear shows one of the newest forms of traveling wrap. It is a revival of the old-time pelisse, and when made of broadcloth and trimmed with bear it is particularly effective.

Other cranks with manias more or less violent sprung up on every side. The New York World selected ten of the most notable specimens of this crop, and with the aid of a camera made them into a composite picture which exhibited some startling results.



COMPOSITE PHOTOGRAPH OF TWENTY CRANKS.

PICTURE OF TWENTY CRANKS.

When Norcross attempted to loosen Uncle Russell Sage's purse strings dynamite a couple of year's ago, as usually happens after such an event,



OTHER CRANKS WITH MANIAS MORE OR LESS VIOLENT SPRUNG UP ON EVERY SIDE.

Immediately following the assassination of Mayor Harrison another tidal wave of the same sort struck New York, and to that remarkable photo-

Mr. D. L. Barlow's announcement will be noticed in this week's paper as a candidate for the office of County Superintendent of Free Schools. Mr. Barlow has served in this capacity quite satisfactorily, and will make a good Superintendent if re-elected. He is a well educated young man of studious and business like habits.

In another column will be found the announcement of Mr. E. I. Holt of Academy, who offers for election as Senator.

In regard to the Senatorial matter this county cannot afford to be divided against itself. The nomination was lost once before because there were two good men in the field. The next time Pocahontas had no man who wanted to be Senator, and consequently it was not forced upon her. This year we may hope to be treated with consideration if we place one good man before the convention. Mr. E. I. Holt is the only avowed candidate as yet that we have. Mr. L. M. McClintic, of this place, has long been talked of as a prospective candidate throughout the district. Either of these gentlemen would make a good representative, and should both announce themselves, either will be willing, without doubt, to stand for the nomination, or not, according to the decision of this county.

During the past month a panic seems to have struck the candidates who offered for nomination throughout the State, and many withdrawals have been made. This pulling up at the quarter-mile post instead of making a good honest try to the finish, is particularly soothing to some proud and haughty spirits who have entered the race unadvisedly. Or, maybe, as this simile to racing has been used a different phase to the withdrawal question may be set out in the following lines from a well known song:
"Stopped in the straight when the race was his own.
Look at him cutting it, cur to the bone!
But ask, ere the youngster be rated or chidden,
What did he carry, and how was he ridden?
Maybe they used him too much in the start,
Maybe fate's weight-cloths are breaking his heart."

Both Pocahontas and Monroe counties claim the Senator from the district composed of the two counties named, Greenbrier, Summers and Fayette. Owing to the boundary line dispute between Greenbrier, Monroe and Summers, over which there is a great deal of feeling, Greenbrier and Summers will probably unite with Pocahontas in the convention. In that event L. M. McClintic, a young attorney of Marlinton, will probably be nominated.—*Wheeling Register*.

It does seem that it is as good a plan for our practically isolated county to wait the pleasure of the rest of the district in this matter, as to try to impress the other counties with a sense of their duty. The Senatorship seems to naturally gravitate towards us this year. No better man could be sent from this district than Mr. McClintic.

His record as an unswerving Democrat is without blemish. His election would insure a good level-headed representative.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Levi Gay Esq. has authorized us to announce him as a candidate to represent Pocahontas county in the next House of Delegates of West Virginia, subject to the Democratic Convention.

We are authorized to announce E. I. Holt of Academy as a candidate for the State Senate from the 5th Senatorial District, subject to the act on of the Democratic Convention to meet at Hazleton, August 2nd, 1894.

We are authorized to announce Mr. D. L. Barlow as a candidate for County Superintendent subject to the action of the Democratic Convention.

Wool Wool Wool!

50,000 lbs. of unwashed and tub-washed wool wanted for cash.

Staunton, Va. P. B. Sublet & Son.

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, W. Va. rendered on the 6th day of April 1894, in the chancery cause of John T. Dixon vs. Smail Harper, the undersigned special commissioner appointed in said decree, will proceed on Tuesday, June 19th 1894, at the front door of the Court House of said county at public auction to the highest bidder to rent from year to year for a term of years sufficient to pay the plaintiff's debt and the costs of suit and sale, and for a period not exceeding five years the following tracts of land, lying in said county, belonging to the defendant Samuel Harper, to-wit: 1450 acres of Alleghany Mountain, 77.80 acres and 28 acres on East Brushy Mountain, and five tracts of 5, 10, 542.80, 25 and 94.40 acres respectively on Knipp's Creek. The last tract of 94.40 acres is in a high state of cultivation has all necessary farm buildings and a fine orchard on it, and is the tract on which the defendant, Samuel Harper, now resides.

Terms. The renter must give bonds with good personal security, payable at the end of each year, the year to end on the 1st day of April of each year, with condition to return the said property in as good state of repairs as he found it, usual wear and tear excepted.

W. A. BRATTON, Special Commissioner
I, J. H. PATTERSON, clerk of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, W. Va., do certify that W. A. Bratton, the above named Special Commissioner, has given bond as required by law. J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, rendered on the 6th day of April, 1894, in the chancery cause of Sally Gum's Adm'r. vs. E. O. Moore et al. The undersigned special commissioner will proceed to sell on Tuesday, June 19th, 1894, in front of the court house door of Pocahontas county, at public auction to the highest bidder, the lands of the defendant, E. O. Moore, situated in the county of Pocahontas near Green Bank, and being the same land of which Sally Gum died seized and possessed, and the same land conveyed to her by S. L. Gibson and R. S. Turk, special commissioners; less 50 acres, more or less, conveyed by the said Sally Gum to Enos R. Tallman (see Exhibits A, B and C of the bill) The said land is situated within one mile of the village of Green Bank, is fertile and a large part thereof is in a fine state of cultivation, and upon it a comfortable dwelling house and out buildings, and would make a desirable home.

Terms of Sale. Enough cash in hand to pay the costs of suit and expenses of sale, and the residue upon a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months, the purchaser giving bonds with approved personal security for the deferred payments, bearing interest from date, and a lien to be retained until all the purchase money is paid.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Special Commissioner
JOHN W. STEPHENSON, Com'rs.
I, J. H. PATTERSON, clerk of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, certify that the commissioners above have executed bond as required by law. J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.

Commissioner's Sale:

In pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of Pocahontas county rendered on the 6th day of April, 1894, in the chancery cause of Sally Gum's adm'r. vs. E. R. Tallman and al., the undersigned special commissioner will proceed to sell on Tuesday, June 19th 1894, in front of the court house of Pocahontas county, at public auction to the highest bidder, 50 acres of land sold by the late Sally Gum to the defendant, Enos R. Tallman, by deed dated the 10th day of December, 1889. Said land is situated in Pocahontas county near the village of Green Bank, adjoining the lands of J. P. Mooman and others. Most of said land is cleared and under fence.

Terms of Sale: Sufficient cash in hand to pay the costs of suit and expenses of sale, and the residue upon a credit

of 6 months, the purchaser to give bond, with approved personal security, for the deferred payments, bearing interest from date, and a lien to be retained until all the purchase money is paid.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, Special Commissioner
JOHN W. STEPHENSON, Com'r.
I, J. H. PATTERSON, clerk of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, certify that the commissioners above have executed bonds as required by law. J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, rendered on the 5th day of April 1894, in the chancery cause of James Barkley's adm'r. vs. James Barkley's heirs and others, the undersigned special commissioners will proceed to sell on

Tuesday, June 19th, 1894, in front of the court house of Pocahontas county, at public auction to the highest bidder, all the land belonging to James Barkley at the time of his death, situated about two miles from Huntersville, in Pocahontas county, adjoining the land of M. A. Friel and others, being the same land conveyed to the said James Barkley by Montgomery A. Friel and wife by deed dated 23d day of June, 1886. Said land has upon it a comfortable dwelling-house, and a grist mill in good running order.

Terms of Sale: Sufficient cash in hand to pay the costs of suit and expenses of sale, and the residue upon a credit of one and two years, the purchaser giving bonds, with approved personal security, for the deferred payments, bearing interest from date, and a lien to be retained until all the purchase money is paid.

L. M. MCCLINTIC, J. T. MCALLISTER, Special Commissioners.
I, J. H. PATTERSON, clerk of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, certify that the commissioners above have executed bond as required by law. J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.

CLUBBING RATES.

THE REGISTER

AND

THE TIMES

\$2 for both papers.

We will offer to those paying up back subscription to the TIMES and a year in advance or any subscriber who advances his subscription one year from this or later date, both the above papers one year for \$2.00.

The Register contains 12 pages per week of carefully selected reading matter.

Commissioner's Sale

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit court of Pocahontas county, rendered on the 21st day of June, 1893, in the chancery cause then heard together of F. H. Hull's Adm'r. vs. F. H. Hull's heirs, and E. T. Dudley and others. The undersigned Special Commissioner will proceed on

TUESDAY, JUNE 19th, 1894, to sell in front of the door of the court-house of said county to the highest bidder at public auction a tract of

1028 ACRES OF LAND lying in District No. 2 of Pocahontas county, W. Va., belonging to F. H. Hull, E. P. Hull and Lillie E. Huff, jointly, the metes and bounds of which are recorded at pages 430 and 421 of Deed Book No 23, in the clerk's office of the county court of Pocahontas county.

Terms: Cash to amount of costs of suit and expenses of sale, and bonds to be given with good security for the residue of the purchase money, payable in three equal installments at 1, 2 and 3 years from day of sale, with interest from that day, the legal title to be retained as ultimate security.

R. S. TURK, L. M. MCCLINTIC, Special Comm'rs.
J. W. STEPHENSON
I, J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, West Virginia, do certify that L. M. McClintic and John W. Stephenson, two of the above named Special Commissioners, have given bond as required
111-97 J. H. PATTERSON, clerk

PILES
Relief in 10 to 15 days...
D. B. BUTTS, 82 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

HAT FOLKS
Reduced to 25 cents per month...
D. B. BUTTS, 82 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Cotton Root Pills
LADIES' FAVORITE.
Always reliable and perfectly safe...
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DEWARD 120 W. 9th ST.
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Established 30 years...
D. B. BUTTS, 82 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

THE KEELEY CURE
FOR DRUNKENNESS
OPIMUM
CHLORAL
COCAINE
NERVOUS PROSTRATION
TOBACCO AND CIGARETTE HABITS.

The Keeley Institute at Charleston, West Virginia, gives the GENUINE KEELLY REMEDIES - and they are administered by physicians who are not only skillful in their professions but who have had a thorough course of instructions at the parent Institute at Dwight.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,
Charleston, W. Va., or Wheeling, W. Va.

JUDGE W. H. DODGE, President. C. A. BARNES, Vice President and Treas.
LESLIE PRATT, Secretary and General Manager.
M. B. DOONE, M. D., Chief Medical Director.

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prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day and night. A competent Pharmacist will have charge of the Prescription Department.

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E. A. Smith & Son's Old Stand.

INSURE NOW.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co.
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN,

Offers the cheapest and best insurance of any of the Old Line Companies.

Assets	January 1 1893	\$56,236,089 12
Surplus	January 1 1893	\$ 9,467,384 54

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Transacting a larger business than any other purely American company.

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W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE GENUINE WELT.

Unrivaled in the world. All styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Break them down.

THIS IS THE BEST \$3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.
ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

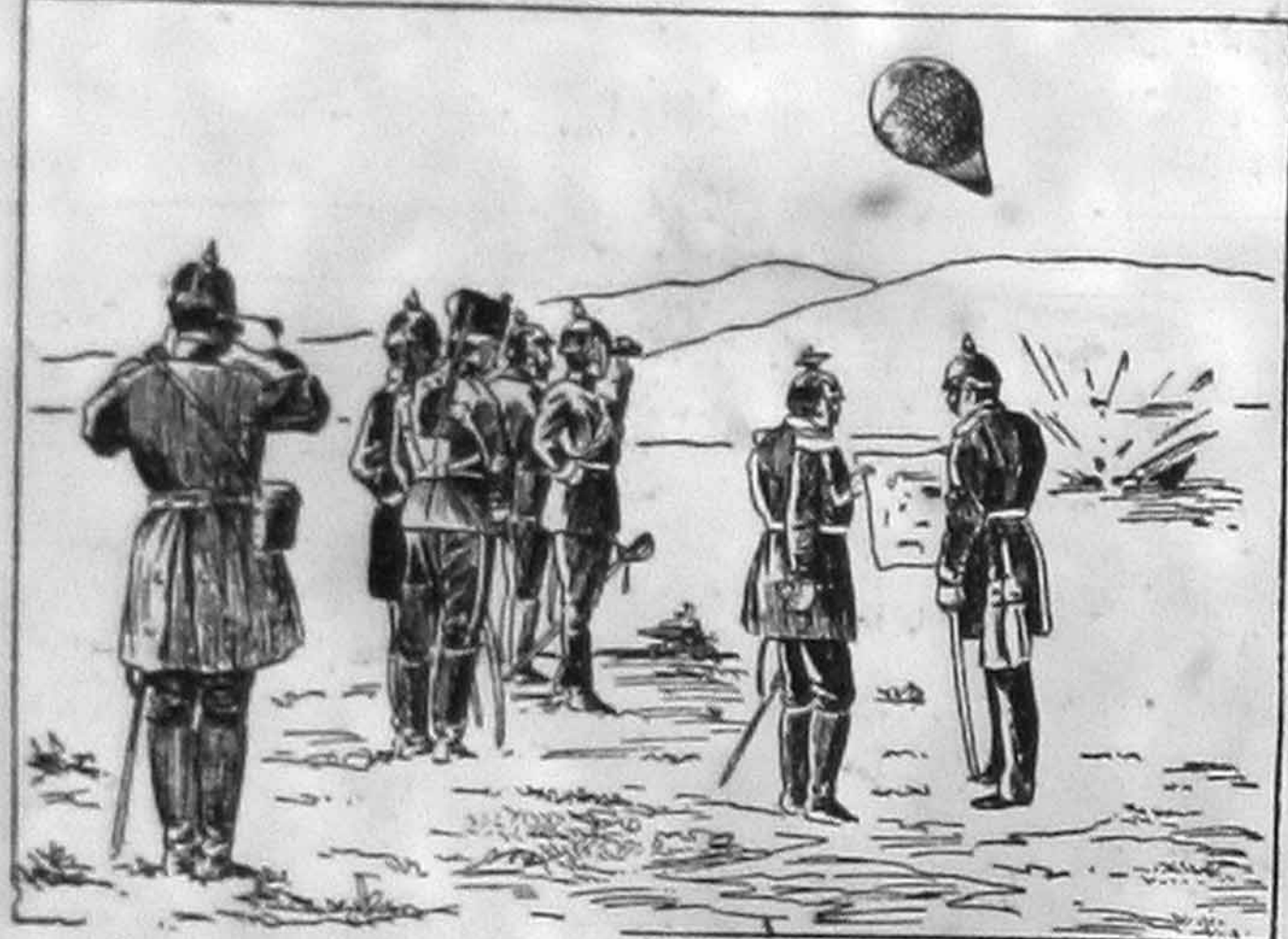
For sale by **BARLOW & MOORE, Edray.**

PLAN OF A GERMAN CAPTAIN FOR REVOLUTIONIZING WAR.

Many Ascents by Balloons. — The Science of Aeronautics Part of Military Education in the Realm of the Kaiser.

BARON MAXIMILIAN WOLF Von Stolberg Schroeder is all at a Kearney street hotel. For the convenience of friends the gentleman is content to be addressed as Captain Wolf. He is a retired officer of the German army, a typical son of the Faderland. The Captain does not speak English fluently but employs gestures with the freedom of a Frenchman, and a very similar air. He is solid, black-bearded, spectacled, a student by the very look of him. The only picture he had was taken some four years ago, and since that time he has visibly matured. The German navy, says the Captain, "has about 400 balloons designed for carrying and dropping bombs. The bomb is released automatically—by clock work. It is easy to drop bombs into a city by studying currents, but to hit a ship would be extremely difficult. A land force attacking a naval force thus would be at

great disadvantage, and probably lose its ammunition. Before sending up a bomb balloon it is necessary to send up some dummies so as to determine the currents. It is impossible to do this with such certainty that a ship could be selected as a target. An entire fleet, closely grouped, would make a fine target though. The Captain has paid particular attention to aeronautics as a branch of military science. It is partly for the purpose of spreading knowledge that careful experiments in this direction have given him that he now visits this country. He would like to form a sort of school of soldier balloonists—a reserve. "You haf with Mexico a war. Go up in balloons. No ship can come near and be not seen, nor torpedo boats. There is no studio in this country for such." "Have you made many ascensions yourself, Captain?" he was asked. "Oh, 547 trips now. Never very long ones. Once I was upstairs twelve hours and floated from Berlin to Danzig." Captain Wolf has, like other sergeants, invented a flying machine. He does not, like other aeronauts, place unbounded faith in it. He thinks it will be a success. He is sure that the principle is correct and that the mechanism is superior to any other ever devised for the purpose. But it will take much money to find out. The Government ought, it seems to him, to take an interest in so important a matter. There is a Deutscher Balloon Sport Club that has among its members the finest army engineers, the best chem-



DROPPING BOMBS ON AN ENEMY.

say. The engine occupies the centre. The air paddles are worked by an endless chain and will revolve with great speed. The well body will be filled by the employment of ammonia. Equilibrium is secured by the wind-like fans.

While the realm of cloud and sky has engaged most of the attention of Captain Wolf he has not neglected other lines. Among his inventions is a bomb, that sinks when hot, rises when cool, and rising blows any passing enemy from the water, or, as the Captain yesterday expressed, "Poof! There you are." In his collection of pictures are several showing experiments by the German Balloon Club, the different shaped balloons, the methods of securing them in storms. He has drawn up a plan for a balloon shelter, in which the extended bag may be housed. It is flanked by music stands and refreshment booths. Altogether the Captain is a most enthusiastic aeronaut, so much so, indeed, that the bomb that blows hot and blows cold is likely to suffer from neglect. "They had a great fair in Chicago, Captain?" "Yes," responded he, with a shade of doubt, "a great far, but not half the chance for ballooning that there is here."—San Francisco Examiner.

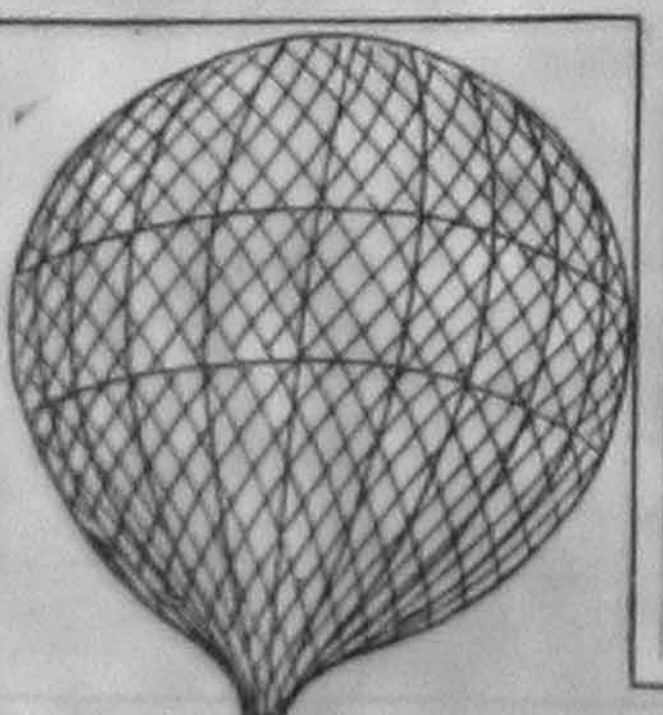


BARON VON STOLBERG SCHROEDER.

"Think what a magnificent thing to have a fleet of air-ships! How the present methods of army and navy would be revolutionized! Where would the modern cruiser find to hide? What the good of a march across the Alps? I tell you the air-ship must come. It may not be my ship, but the future will see it. Wise men have said it, and not dreamers; men who do the thinking of the times. Maybe my ship will never be made. I have only models. To build it full size would cost thousands of dollars, and—"

Once more the German Captain gave a French shrug.

But for all Captain Wolf was so assured that the picture of his air ship would be self-explanatory, it would not thus strike the average beholder ignorant of the mysteries of sky-sail-



SENDING UP A SCOUTING PARTY.



some secret manner responsible for maintenance of buoyancy, and the air paddles not unlike the screws of a small boat. It may be confessed that the airship in its present stage does not suggest a spin through the clouds, but Captain Wolf doubtless knows more about this than the people to whom he displays his plans and his hopes. "I have never been any place else," said the aeronaut, "where the conditions for ballooning were so favorable as here. I think there is no other city where there could be found a panorama of nature so magnificent; the ocean, the Golden Gate, the bay, the mountains beyond, and then San Francisco scattered over her hills. Wonderful! I would like to remain here and teach the young men—your private military—the balloon arm of the service. Germany prizes it highly." Captain Wolf is so different from the usual aeronaut who ventures to the coast that it is difficult to realize that he is one of the craft. The ordinary balloonist is a foolhardy fellow who makes reckless risks of his neck and limbs, but with no idea of any scientific value being connected with his calling. He usually dubs himself "professor," a case of pretense that a good look at him exposes. Captain Wolf, on the contrary, is a student and scholar, and would be accepted as such on his appearance alone.

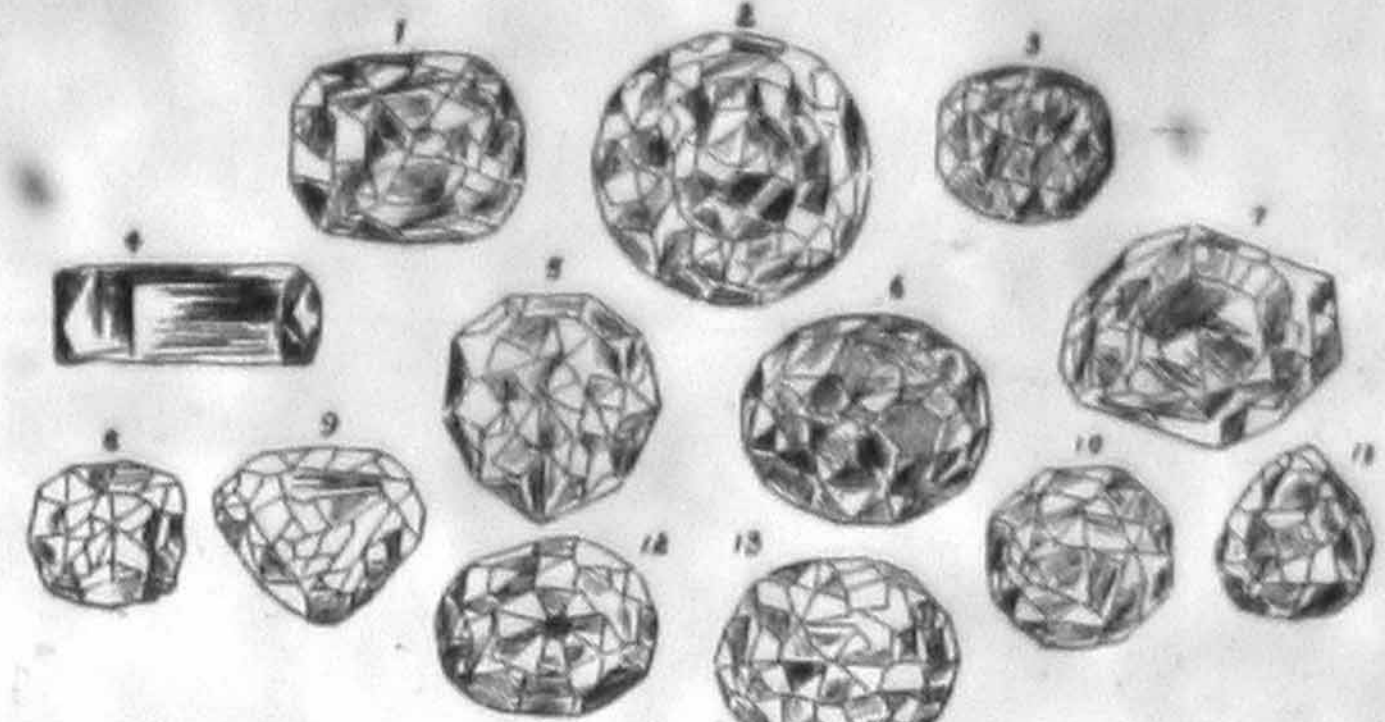
Mysterious Growth of the Mushroom. One of the popular mysteries of fungoid vegetable growths is the development of the mushroom. Question the average Missouri farmer on this point and he will tell you that "mushrooms never have seeds," and that they "spring up in a single night." The "springing up" part is all right as far as the fungi's above-ground development is concerned, but as a matter of fact the mushroom lies for days, and in dry times for weeks, just under the surface, fully developed, waiting for a warm, damp night in order to properly make his debut in open air. Then, too, they have seeds (spores), and not a few of them either, some species exhibiting as many as 10,000,000 in a single agaric, which develops on the underside of the fungus.—St. Louis Republic.

Hen Against Hawk. There was an interesting ornithological exhibition in the dooryard of George Benefield, near Raymondville, a few days ago. An old hen and her brood, parties of the first part, were wandering about the yard in search of grasshoppers, when a big speckled hawk, party of the second part, sailed down from a neighboring oak and pounced upon a chicken. The old hen flew to the rescue, and a terrific battle ensued. The hawk appeared to be in a paroxysm of rage and heeded not the approach of the party of the third



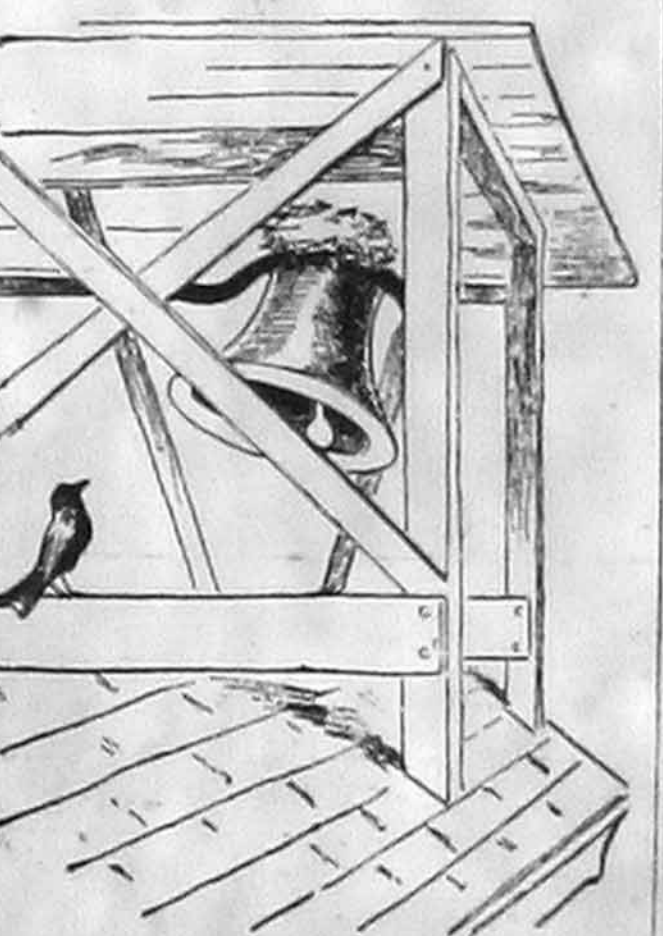
A TERRIFIC BATTLE ENSUED.

part in the person of Miss Effie Cowden, who was standing but a few steps away when "the war began." She seized the hawk by its wings and thought to wring its neck, but it wasn't that kind of a hawk. It turned upon and made desperate efforts to strike her in the face with its beak. There is no telling how long the combat would have continued or how it would have terminated if Mrs. Benefield had not come to the rescue. St.



- 1. The English Lottery diamond.
- 2. The Great Mogul.
- 3. The Blue diamond.
- 4. The Shah of Persia.
- 5. The Florentine.
- 6. The Koh-i-Noor after cutting.
- 7. The Koh-i-Noor before cutting.
- 8. The Pole Star.
- 9. The Nassak.
- 10. The Paeha of Egypt.
- 11. The Sancy diamond.
- 12. The Star of the South.
- 13. The Orloff diamond.

A Queer Nesting Place. The nest shown in the picture was built by a pair of robins at Upper Woodstock, New Brunswick, in the belfry of a factory one Sunday last spring. The factory bell rings morning, noon and night, and at 6 o'clock on Saturday afternoon it had rung for the last time in the week. The bell hung idle all day on Sundays, and the robins seem to have noticed it. So they began their work almost before the last sound had died away and worked until the darkness of night overtook them. The robins in that village have been molested so often by nest-robbing boys and cruel cats that for many years they have left the orchards and the trees, where they dearly love to build, and have sought more sheltered situations in buildings and sheds. This accounts for the choice

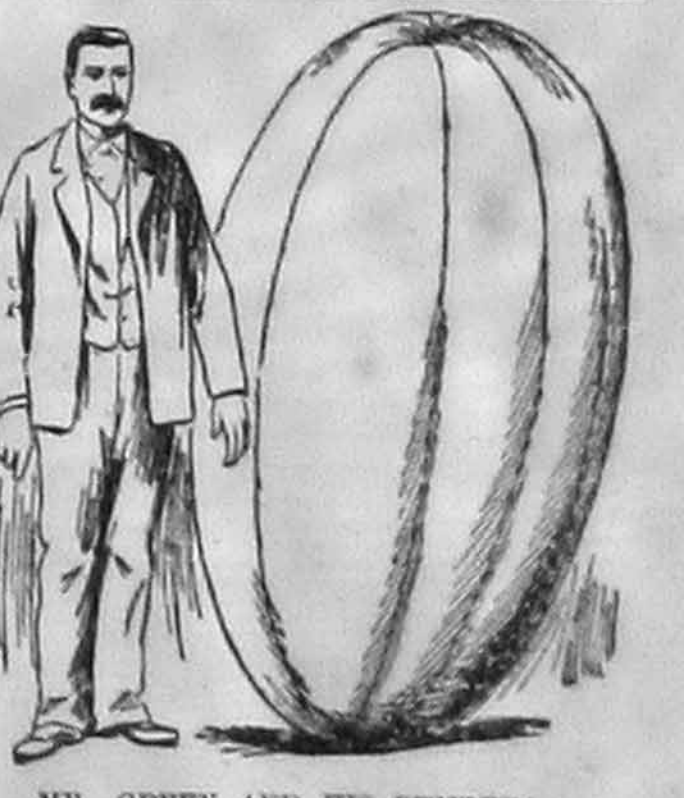


of such a nesting place, that seemed so safe, although it overlooked the little village and was in plain sight of all the passers-by.

The next morning found the pair again at work. All day loungers at the village hotel across the street saw them going to and fro and scarcely stopping to snatch a bit of food. By evening they had built upon the flat top of the black bell a structure that needed only few more bits of grass to finish it. But in their haste the little housebuilders had not considered that on Monday morning the bell would go to ringing again. The foreman of the factory, who was kind-hearted man, was afterward heard to say that the bell was not really needed, and that he would not have allowed them to be disturbed if he had known that they were there; but neither he, nor the boy whose duty it was to pull the bell rope, knew that a pair of robins had taken possession, and at the first swing of the great bell the nest fell off. It appeared on examination that if a little more mud had been used, and if it had had time to harden, so as to become as solid as other nests that robins often build (and perhaps if they had not worked on a Sunday), the nest on the bell would have remained in place. In that case the little mother, sitting on her five blue eggs, and later on, the hungry youngsters themselves, might have been rocked in that swinging, clanging cradle, morning and night and twice at noon. But on that Monday morning a torn nest lay upon the roof beneath the belfry, and two robins were flying about, chirping disconsolately. Soon, however, they took heart again, looked for a better nesting place, and found it, not far away, upon a wide, flat beam in one of the sheds. There their troubles were at an end until the little, big-eyed, hungry nestlings had pecked their way out of their shells a few weeks later.—Our Animal Friends.

How Cats Are Treated in the West. When a town is overrun with cats a citizen is detailed to gather them up and ship them in a freight car to the next town, where they are turned loose. When the people of the town that gets these cats discover what has happened, they do the shipment act themselves. Thus all the railroad towns get a serenade, the cats get a free ride and chance, at the expense

A Pumpkin Over Six Feet High. With the building of the Burlington and the M. K. & E. railroads across Missouri Point, and the construction of two great bridges, there has come to many a knowledge of that hitherto comparatively unknown section of country which has been a revelation. For many years the people have lived as though that region were still the land of the pioneer, and the cabin of logs or plain boards has been the home of the majority. More lately these have begun to give way to commodious homes, better schoolhouses have been erected, and an occasional church may be found, while the newspaper has found its way to many of the inhabitants and books are common. One thing has been frequently said of that country, and that is, "it is the most fertile spot of land in the United States." Out of sight from the river on either side, back, hidden among the trees and on the higher ground of the Point, may be found some of the finest farms to be seen anywhere, and the thrifty dwellers on them raise some of the most tremendous crops on record. This land is virgin soil, and has never known the beneficial effects of fertilizers. The trees have been cleared away mostly by the simple process of girdling them and leaving them to dry and then burning them with the underbrush. On this land there has been raised corn sixteen and eighteen feet high with long and heavy ears in plenty, wheat as high as a man's head and thick as the heaviest grass, oats in enormous quantities, potatoes so plentiful that they became almost a drug in the markets accessible, and other crops in proportion. As a specimen of the luxuriant growth of produce of all kinds in this highly favored farming country the accompanying cut of an enormous pumpkin raised, with others of like proportions, on the farm of Mr. Albert Green may be cited. This pumpkin is over six feet high standing on end, and so unwieldy as to require the united efforts of three men to lift it. It looked so huge that Mr. Green, who may be seen standing beside it, determined to have



MR. GREEN AND HIS PUMPKIN.

it photographed, so that he might preserve it as a sample of the products of his farm. More than a bushel of seeds were taken from it and sold at \$1 per pint. One wonders how many luscious pumpkin pies might be made from its solid meat, and at a quarter of a pound to a pie there would be just 1860 of them.—St. Louis Republic.

A Deer Among the Cattle. While a big herd of cattle, being driven from the ranch to market, was passing through the Snohomish Valley, Wash., an immense deer, the largest ever seen in those parts, bounded out of the woods and joined the drove. Partly because of the difficulty of cutting out the animal from the middle of the herd, where it quickly worked its way, and partly through curiosity as to what it would do, the cowboys did not molest it. The deer remained quietly walking with the herd for eight hours, and finally entered into a corral with the cattle at Snohomish, where it was captured.

At Budapest, Hungary, a sculptor named Fessler, who adorned many of

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PAINT red and black for metallic roofing. Greenstone Preservative for shingles, posts and wood work.

LADDERS that short or lengthen; for tinners, carpenters, fruit growers, etc

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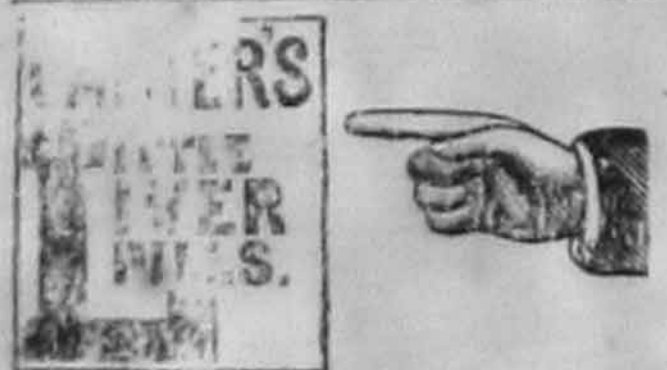
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CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a disordered system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Dyspepsia, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally effective in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also cure all the troubles incident to the liver and bowels, &c. Even if they only cured

HEAD

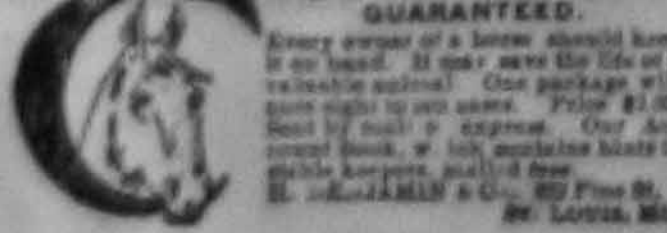
As they would relieve the troubles of those who suffer from the following complaints, but for the sake of the system, it is better to take these pills, and with them these little pills will cure, so many more than they will be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

In the face of a young boy that here is where we make a cure of head. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes a dose. They are equally effective in curing all the troubles incident to the liver and bowels, &c. Even if they only cured

DR. DODD'S Cure for COLIC IN HORSES. GUARANTEED.



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Is not an experiment, nor is it in its infancy. It has lived for 22 years and sent to the world a great emporium more young men than all the other business colleges of the two Virginias combined. Its proprietor charges a fair and reasonable compensation for the training it gives, and offers no premium for idleness. Our rates are \$50 for eight months. If a pupil remains longer than eight months we charge him \$5 per month extra thereafter. If he graduates in less than eight months, we will deduct \$6.25 per month for the unexpired time. Thus it can be seen that we do not offer any inducement to waste time and money, but on the other hand we do offer an inducement to save both time and money by completing the course inside eight months. After graduation we give two weeks gratis in Typewriting, Shorthand, or Penmanship, as the graduate may elect, and a Life Scholarship granting the holder the privilege to return and review his whole course at any future time, gratis. Our penman, Prof. W. Ballentine, formerly professor of Grand Rapids (Mich) Business College is an artist of rare ability and an expert Shorthand and Typewriter. Prof. Dunsmore is giving his special attention to the Theory and Practical Departments this session. 23 years ACTUAL experience has made him thoroughly master of his work. He is a member of the Institute of Accounts of New York city and through this organization and the agency of old graduates holding positions in large cities, he is enabled to aid his graduates to lucrative employment. For catalogue, call on or address J. G. DUNSMORE, President

Commissioner's Notice.

Pursuant to an order of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, (W. Va.) entered on the 6th day of April, 1894, in the two consolidated causes in chancery of Levi Gay, Adm'r. of Martha J. Carter, dec'd., vs. Wm. Skeen et al., and James Sharp's Ex'or. vs. James Sharp's heirs et al., the undersigned commissioner of said court will proceed at the law office of L. M. McClintic in the town of Marlinton, W. Va., on Saturday, the 2d day of June, 1894, to take and state the following matters of account: 1st. What amount of judgment liens, if any, remain unpaid in the first of these causes with their dates, dignities and priorities and to whom due; 2d. What amounts are due from Wm. Skeen as ex'or. of James Sharp, dec'd., in the second of the above causes and to whom the same are payable; 3d. A settlement of the account of H. S. Rucker, Special Receiver in the first of the above causes if he shall find any error in the report heretofore made by him; 4th. An account of all debts of Wm. Skeen, dec'd., placing them in the order of priority; 5th. A settlement of the administration accounts of J. C. Arbogast, S. P. C., and as such Adm'r. of Wm. Skeen, dec'd.; 6th. An account of the real estate of which Wm. Skeen died seized with, its location, value and title. L. M. McCLINTIC, Com'r. of Circ. Ct. Pocahontas county. \$9 20 4t

Notice to Creditors.

To the creditors of Wm. Skeen, dec'd. In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Pocahontas made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of Wm. Skeen to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Wm. Skeen for adjudication to L. M. McClintic, Commissioner, at his office in the said county on or before the 2d. day of June, 1894. witness: J. H. Patterson, Clerk of the said court this 14th day of April, 1894 \$4.80 J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.

Commissioner's Notice.

Pursuant to a decretal order of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county, entered on the 6th day of April, 1894, in the chancery cause of Jacob Sheets' adm'r. vs. Rachel E. A. Sheets and others, the undersigned commissioner of said court will proceed, at the law office of L. M. McClintic in the town of Marlinton, W. Va., on Friday, the 25th day of May, 1894, to settle and state the following matters of account: 1st. A settlement of the account of J. C. Arbogast as administrator of Jacob Sheets, dec'd.; 2d. An account of the debts due from Jacob Sheets at the time of his death with their amounts, priorities and to whom due; 3d. Any other matter deemed pertinent by the commissioner or required by any party in interest to be specially stated. F. J. SNYDER, Com'r of Circuit Ct., Pocahontas county. 5.60

Notice to Creditors.

Jacob Sheets adm'r. vs. Rachel E. A. Sheets and others. To the creditors of Jacob Sheets dec'd. In pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Jacob Sheets to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said Jacob Sheets for adjudication to F. J. Snyder, commissioner at his office in the said

county, on or before the 25th day of May, 1894. Witness, J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court, this 10th day of April, 1894. 6w86:40 J. H. PATTERSON, clerk

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25 Years' Experience in treating all varieties of Rupture enables us to guarantee a positive cure. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write.

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State of West Virginia, county of Pocahontas, to-wit: At rules held in the Clerk's office of the circuit court of said county, on Monday, the 7th day of May, 1894, H. S. Rucker et al.

vs. A. M. Pullin et al.,—

The object of this suit is to set aside as fraudulent the deed from A. M. Pullin and wife to J. W. L. Shue, bearing date 9th day of May, 1889, also a deed from J. W. Q. Shue to Mary J. Pullin, bearing date May 10th, 1889, and also to set aside the deed from Mary J. and A. M. Pullin to J. F. Cutlip, dated 24th of February, 1891, and subject said tract or the purchase money due from said J. F. Cutlip to payment of judgment due plaintiff of \$66.85 with interest thereon from Dec. 20th, 1890, and the costs thereof and of this suit, also to subject said land to the payment of all other judgment liens thereon, and to this end to enjoin L. M. McClintic, Special Commissioner, from collecting the purchase money from J. F. Cutlip, and for general relief. And it appearing by affidavit filed that A. M. Pullin and Mary J. Pullin are non-residents of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit. Witness: J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court, this 7th day of May, 1894. J. H. PATTERSON, clerk. H. S. Rucker, p. q.

NOTICE TO TAKE DEPOSITIONS.

To A. M. Pullin and Mary J. Pullin take notice, that on the 12th day of June, A. D., 1894, between the hours of six o'clock a. m. and six o'clock p. m., at the law office of H. S. Rucker, in the town of Huntersville, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, we will take the depositions of B. C. Hill and others, to be read as evidence in our behalf, in a certain suit in chancery now pending in the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, and State of West Virginia, in which we are plaintiffs and you and others are defendants. If from any cause the taking of said depositions shall not be commenced or completed on the day aforesaid, the same shall be continued from day to day, or from time to time, at the same place and between the same hours, until the same shall have been completed. H. S. RUCKER, B. C. HILL and MARY E. HOLLINSWORTH By counsel. H. S. Rucker, Sol.

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We wish to introduce our System Pills into every home. We know that we manufacture the very best remedy on earth for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Kidney Troubles, Torpid Liver, etc., and that when you have tried these pills you will gladly recommend them to others, or take an agency and in this way we will have a large well paying demand created. As a special inducement for every reader of this paper to try these pills and take an agency at once, we will give to each person who sends twenty-five cents in cash, or thirty cents in stamps, for a box of System Pills, one of the following presents: a handsome gold watch, a good silver watch, a valuable pen lot, a genuine diamond ring, a casket of silverware or a genuine \$5.00 gold piece. Every purchaser gets one of the above presents. There are no exceptions. Shaw Remedy Co., Rutherford, N. J.

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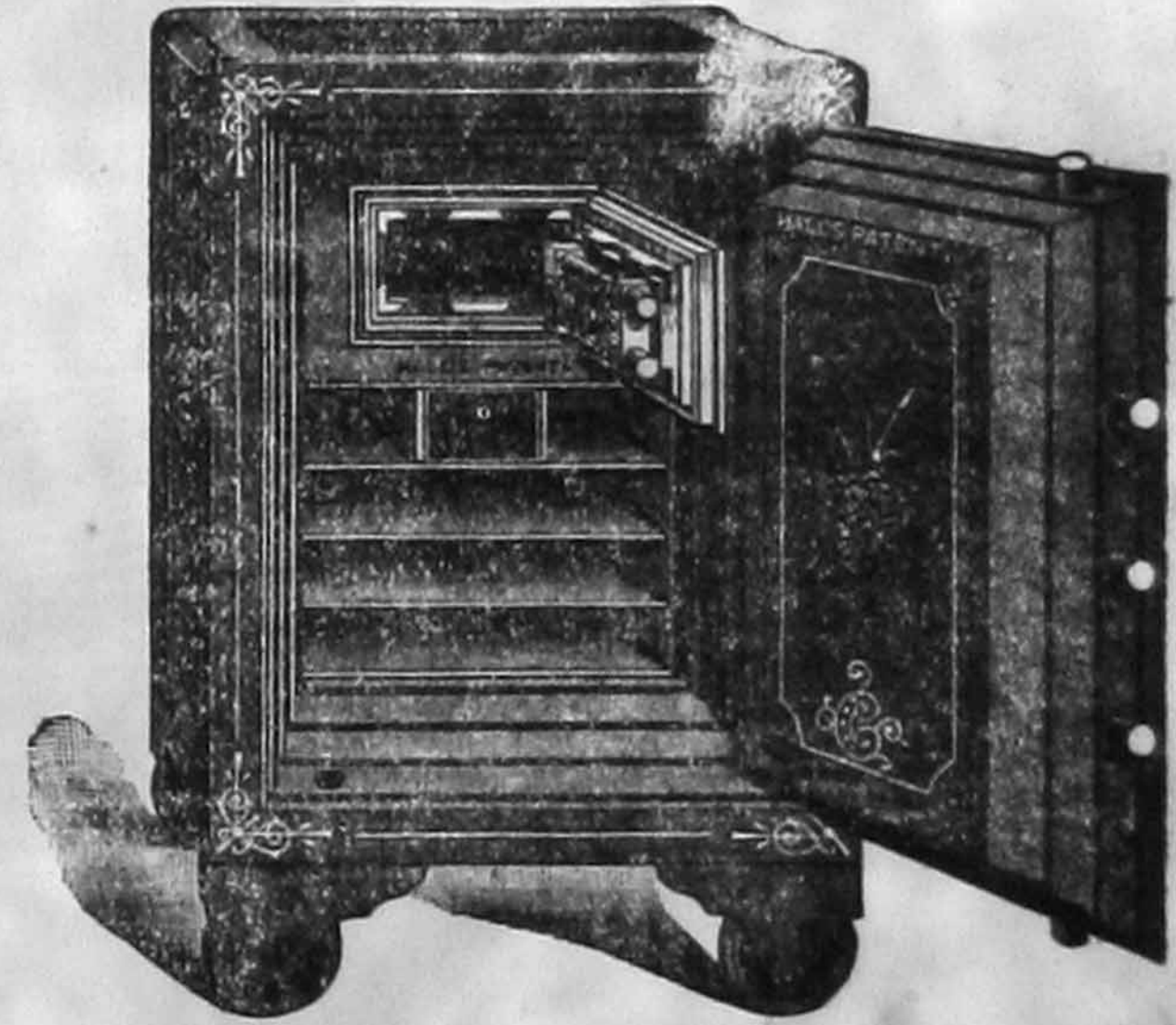
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POCAHONTAS TIMES.

This Paper is Devoted Especially to the Interests of the Farming Class.

VOL. II, NO. 45.

MARLINTON, WEST VIRGINIA, THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1894.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM

Official Directory of Pocahontas County

Judge of Circuit Court, A. N. Campbell.
 Prosecuting Attorney, L. M. McClintic.
 Sheriff, J. C. Arbogast.
 Deputy Sheriff, Robt. K. Burns.
 J. & C. Co. Court, S. L. Brown.
 Clerk of Court, J. H. Patterson.
 Assessor, C. O. Arbogast.
 Com'r's Co. Cl., (C. E. Beard, G. M. Kee, Amos Barlow, Geo. Baxter, Geo. P. Moore.)
 Co. Surveyor, Geo. Baxter.
 Coroner, Geo. P. Moore.
 Justices: A. C. L. Gatewood, Split Rock - Chas. Cook, Edray - W. H. Grose, Huntersville - Jno. R. Taylor, Dummore - G. R. Carry, Academy - Thos. Bruffy, Lobelia.

THE COURTS.

Circuit Court convenes on the first Tuesday in April, 3rd Tuesday in June and 3rd Tuesday in October.
 County Court convenes on the 1st Tuesday in January, March, October and second Tuesday in July July is levy term.

N. C. McNEIL,
 ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
 Marlinton, West Va.

Will practice in the Courts of Pocahontas and adjoining Counties, and in the Court of Appeals of the State of West Virginia.

L. M. McCLINTIC,
 Attorney-at-Law,
 Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas and adjoining counties and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

H. S. RUCKER,
 Atty.-at-Law & Notary Public,
 Huntersville, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Pocahontas county and in the Supreme court of Appeals.

J. W. ARBUCKLE,
 Attorney-at-Law,
 Lewisburg, W. Va.

Will practice in the courts of Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties.
 Prompt attention given to claims for collection in Pocahontas county.

W. A. BRATTON,
 ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
 Marlinton, W. Va.

Prompt and careful attention given to all legal business.

ANDREW PRICE,
 Attorney-at-law,
 MARLINTON, W. VA.
 Will be found at Times Office.

D. O. J. CAMPBELL,
 DENTIST,
 Monterey, Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County, at least, twice a year.
 The exact date of his visits will appear in this paper.

DR. J. H. WEYMOUTH,
 RESIDENT DENTIST,
 Beverly, W. Va.

Will visit Pocahontas County every Spring and Fall. The exact date of each visit will appear in THE TIMES.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM, M. D.,
 PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
 Office next door to H. A. Yeager's Hotel. Residence opposite Hotel.
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A HISTORICAL ITEM.

In 1765, the Indians raided the Mayse home, in Bath county, a few miles from Bath Alum. Joseph Mayse, aged 13 years, his mother and an unknown white girl were taken prisoners.

About five or six miles from the Mayse residence the party halted on the top of a high ridge by a large rock to rest awhile. The Indian leader, an old man, sat on this rock. Around his shoulders hung a bear's intestine, filled with cornmeal mush, this he would squeeze out and eat for his snack. Thence the Indians proceeded on a bee line westward over the Warm Spring Mountain and the evening of the first day camped on Muddy Run, about five miles north east of the Warm Springs.

On the second day they crossed Jackson's River near Judge Warwick's, Back Creek Mountain, and camped near the mouth of Little Back Creek, now Mt. Grove. The boy-prisoner, Joseph Mayse, was placed to sleep between two warriors. He was made very uncomfortable by a large root of the tree under which they had lain down to sleep. His sufferings becoming too painful to endure, he took one of the Indians by the hand and placed it on the source of his misery, he understood the trouble and made the other lie over and give the young prisoner a softer place to sleep. The third day they crossed the Alleghany and camped about half way between Marlinton and Huntersville. Early on the fourth day just after crossing the Greenbrier River at the Island ford, the Indians and their prisoners were overtaken by a pursuing party.

The young prisoner was on a pack horse, and it becoming frightened when the skirmish opened, ran off and became entangled in some grape vines. The young rider was pulled off into a thicket of nettles. The Indians were so closely pressed they had not time to turn and kill the boy.

The Indians were pursued some distance up Stony Creek and Indian Draft, but could not be overtaken. In their return the pursuing party picked up the young prisoner, still in the nettles near the fording, and took him back to the settlement.

The late George Mayse Esq., of the Warm Springs, was a son of this prisoner. Eight or nine years after his captivity Joseph Mayse was a soldier in the battle of Point Pleasant, and was severely wounded. Forty-six years afterwards his wounded leg was amputated above the knee, by Dr. Charles Lewis, who came all the way from Lynchburg, and remained with his patient six weeks. Joseph Mayse served as magistrate between forty five and fifty years, was twice high sheriff. His memory was considered as reliable as an "official record." His health was such he was never known to take a dose of medicine, and never knew what whiskey and coffee taste like. He died "serene and calm" in April, 1849, in the 89th year of his age.

The other prisoners, the mother and nameless white girl, were taken to the Indian towns near Chillicothe, about two hundred and seventy-five miles from Marlinton, by the route taken by their captors. From Chillicothe they made their way towards Detroit. By the aid of the friendly Indians they received direction and finally reached Pennsylvania and thence home, after an absence of about fifteen months.

When her son was wounded at Point Pleasant, Oct. 11, 1774, and she heard where he was she went with a led horse two hundred and fifteen miles and brought him home, early in November.

CAVE ON CLOVER CREEK.

Notice of the cave found on Capt Walt Allan's land has appeared in the TIMES. A week or so ago your correspondent was one of a party of six which made an exploration of it. We went in for about 350 feet. We first went down a grade for a few yards, and then on a level for a short distance. A descent of 15 or 18 feet had then to be made, partly by means of a pole. A level space intervened between the bottom of this fall and another descent of 30 feet, which was made by means of a rope. Crawling through a very small passage we entered the largest cavern; it is about 100 feet to where an offset intervenes down which we let a lantern 52 feet before it reached the bottom. We could not throw a stone to the end of the last cavern.

There is plenty of good water in the cave, and the formations from the drippings are in all shapes and colors and hard as flint. Some of them are from 6 to 12 inches long and are in the shape of a pipe stem. They are perfectly hollow and are easily broken. Others are in the shape of a blacksmith's mandril and stand from 12 to 24 inches high. We want to make another exploration soon to see what more can be found out about the cave.

H. T.

About Camden-on-the-Gauley.

Camden on the Gauley is situated about 103 miles from Clarksburg, seven miles from the mouth of Williams River, six miles from the mouth of Cranberry, seven miles from the Cherry, and about thirty eight miles from the Greenbrier at Marlinton.

Business is flourishing there. There are about twenty sawmills in ten miles square besides the "Champion" which cuts about 120,000 ft. daily. The legions of stocks tower 30, 40, and 50 ft. high, beside the shipment of 100,000 ft. daily.

A fine hotel stands on the hill facing the settlement, and just across the river is a beautiful park of seventy five acres. There are four stores and quite a number of houses. It will be the prettiest city of the State in the near future. The surrounding country is very fertile. I saw some of the finest trees I ever saw in my life. Anyone wishing a job of hauling can get it there. There is a great controversy over the title to a certain tract of about 100,000 acres adjoining the lands of the W. Va. P. R. R. Both parties have erected houses and moved families in and are guarding them with Winchester. I would like to have the lawyer fees to stop some leaks.

W. B. HILL,

Lobelia, W. Va.

Estimating with the posts already heard from as a basis, it is considered that over 50,000 veterans will parade at Pittsburg September 11th next, during the 28th National Encampment. Pennsylvania will have fully 15,000 men in line, Ohio 6,000, New York 2,500, and other states will be represented in proportion. Pittsburg and Alleghany County will alone have 4,000 or 5,000. Free quarters have already been assigned to over 11,000 comrades and yet the encampment is four months away. There will be 2,000 mounted men in the process

tion, which is expected to consume over eight hours in passing a given point. The decorations and illuminations will be on a scale of magnificence never before known in Western Pennsylvania.

THE SULPHUR SPRING SERVICER.

On May 20th memorial services were conducted at the Sulphur Spring, near Edray, by Rev. Geo. P. Moore, in pursuance to an announcement made by the Rev. Samuel Young 39 years ago on that day that he would either preach himself from a certain rock there or some one would preach his funeral service. In spite of the inclement weather, about four hundred people assembled for the open air service. Rev. Young announced as the text for this day Gen 50: 24 and 25. Mr. Moore preached from Psalm 130: 7, as Rev. Young directed by writing on the margin of his book, "Preach this May 20th, 1894; preach it from the rock; preach my virtues, if any, and withhold not my vices."

Those present last Sunday who were there 39 years ago were: Henry Barlow, George P. Moore, Levi Gay, S. M. Gay, J. C. Gay, C. B. Faurenan, N. W. Duffield, Wm. A. Gay, Samuel Gay, G. H. McLaughlin, J. A. McAllum, Josiah Barlow, Aaron Moore, A. T. Moore, Mrs. George W. McKeever, Mrs. S. E. McClure, Mrs. J. W. Tyler, John J. Gay, and Mrs. Nancy Smith; nine teen persons in all.

HILLSBORO.

Dept Sheriff R. K. Burns who has been quite sick for the past two weeks is recovering.

Mr. Wm McClure has closed his carding machine near this place as he is getting too old for that kind of work.

An outing party of about twenty ladies and gentlemen intended to visit Hill's Creek Falls last Saturday but was prevented by the rain.

Miss Bella Clark's school at Frost closed on the 18th inst. after a successful term. The following young ladies received distinctions: Misses Myrta - M. Herold, Lillie Gibson, Icie May Hannah. Misses Herold and Gibson were enrolled in the highest grade or graduating class. Miss Herold made an average of 95; Miss Gibson 90. At the final examination Miss Hannah made an average of 94 per cent in the second grade.
 May 24 1894. JEAN.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of West Virginia,
 county of Pocahontas, to-wit:
 At rules held in the Clerk's office of the circuit court of said county, on Monday, May 7th, 1894.
 L. M. Waugh plaintiff
 vs.
 Ella I. Waugh (nee Buzzard) and Eleanor M. Buzzard defendants.
 The object of this suit is to enforce a judgment lien against the lands of the defendant, Ella I. Waugh, and to obtain a decree of sale of said Ella I. Waugh's interest in a certain tract or parcel of land situate near Clover Lick in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, and it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant, Ella I. Waugh, is a non-resident of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that she do appear here within one month after the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect her interest in this suit.
 Witness: J. H. Patterson, clerk of the said court, this 7th day of May, 1894.
 J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.
 Andrew Price, p. q.

Wool! Wool! Wool!

50,000 lbs. of unwashed and tub washed wool wanted for cash.
 Staunton, Va. P. B. Sublet & Son.

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the circuit court of Pocahontas county rendered on the 6th day of April, 1894, in the chancery cause of M. J. McNeel vs. Lanty W. Herold and others, the undersigned special commissioners will proceed to sell on

TUESDAY, JUNE 19TH, 1894,
 in front of the court house door of Pocahontas county, at public auction to the highest bidder, the one-half undivided interest of the defendant, L. W. Herold, in 120 acres of land situate in Pocahontas county on the waters of Knapp's Creek, on the West side of the wagon road leading from Huntersville to Frost, being the same land conveyed to Lanty W. Herold and M. F. Herold by Andrew Herold by deed dated April 1st, 1876 - (Exhibit "L" of the bill). - Also, 14 acres or more of land situate in the village of Frost, in this county, composed of two adjoining parcels, one of which is the residue of a tract of land conveyed to the said L. W. Herold by Charles P. Jones, Commr., by deed dated April 9th, 1890, after conveying 2 acres to H. F. Herold by deed dated April 10th, 1890. And the other parcel contains 1/2 acre and the title was derived from the late J. B. Hannah. The 120 acres of land is mostly in blue-grass sod is fertile and fine grazing land. The 14 acres of land in Frost has upon it a commodious dwelling house, together with all necessary out buildings, and is admirably suited for hotel purposes.

TERMS OF SALE:

Enough of cash in hand to pay the costs of suit and expenses of sale, and residue upon a credit of 6 and 12 months, the purchaser giving bonds with approved personal security for the deferred payments, bearing interest from date, and a lien to be retained until all the purchase money is paid.
 H. S. RUCKER, } Special
 L. M. McCLINTIC, } Commrs.
 I, J. H. Patterson, clerk of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, certify that the commissioners above have executed bond as required by law. J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.

Commissioner's Sale.

Pursuant to a decree of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, rendered on the 6th day of April, 1894, in the chancery cause of S. P. Patterson et al vs. J. W. Dilley et al, the undersigned special commissioners will proceed to sell on

TUESDAY, JUNE 19TH, 1894,
 in front of the court-house of Pocahontas county, at public auction to the highest bidder, the life estate of the defendant, J. W. Dilley, in two tracts of land adjoining each other and containing 138 acres, situated in Pocahontas county, on Brown's Mountain, being the same land devised to the said J. W. Dilley by his father, John Dilley by will made on the 30th day of June, 1875, (Exhibit "J" of the bill), and upon which the said J. W. Dilley lately resided. The land is fertile and a considerable portion thereof is in the state of cultivation and has upon it a comfortable dwelling house and necessary outbuildings and an excellent orchard.

TERMS OF SALE

Sufficient cash in hand to pay the costs of suit and expenses of sale, and the residue upon a credit of nine, eighteen and 27 months, the purchaser giving bonds with approved personal security for the deferred payments, bearing interest from date, and a lien to be retained until all the purchase money is paid.
 L. M. McCLINTIC } Special Com-
 H. S. RUCKER } missioners
 I, J. H. Patterson, clerk of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, certify that the commissioners above have executed bond as required by law. J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.

Forty thoroughbred Berkshire and half-bred hogs for sale at a reasonable price.

W. McCLINTIC,
 Buckeye W. Va.

world is estimated to be \$100,000,000.

The Swiss Government has ordered that hereafter all slaughtered cattle must be made innocuous before the knife is used.

The San Francisco Chronicle estimates that at the present rate of conquest and colonization savage Africa will be a thing of the past before the first quarter of the twentieth century is rounded out.

A correspondent of the Baltimore Sun asserts that "there is no such thing in all this world as sewer gas," and, further, that "there is no evidence whatever in fact and no ground for believing in the theory that the emanations from a sewer are in any way unwholesome."

Many lakes have been formed along the banks of the South Canadian River in Oklahoma, some of which are many square miles in extent. They are named, explains the New York Post, by the sand blowing out of the river until a high embankment is formed along the shores, and behind the bank are formed the lakes.

An elderly gentleman of wide travel and close observation remarked recently, after reading the story in the New York Times of a cruel murder, that he had long been of the opinion that the greatest calamity that has befallen the human race in modern times was the invention of the revolver. It is too easily carried, and too handy.

The report from South Africa that the British recently slaughtered the Matabeles like sheep is probably well founded, says the San Francisco Chronicle. The English have never been noted for their tender regard of the aborigine. The pioneers of South Africa, like those of Australia, regard the natives as hindrance to the development of the country, and any pretext which can be used to justify killing or driving them out of a district is eagerly welcomed.

The St. Louis Star-Sayings thinks that "one of the most gratifying signs of the times is the operation of the law requiring all navy ships to be built at home, from materials of domestic production; American ships on American bottoms and the establishment of ship yards capable of turning out vessels of war of the highest speed and capacity. It is a growing enterprise and gives employment to thousands of American laborers, and soon we may anticipate that instead of going to other countries for ideas and methods in ship armor and gun construction we shall have the foreigners coming to us to learn."

America holds the record in many natural wonders and artificial triumphs, boasts the Washington Star. The largest lake in the world (Superior), the longest river (Missouri), the largest park (Yellowstone), the finest cave (the Mammoth), the greatest waterfall (Niagara) and the only natural bridge (in Virginia) are all to be found within the borders of the United States, and here the biggest fortunes are made, the most energetic commercial enterprises undertaken, the largest deals are effected, and the most wonderful inventions are perfected, while the country produces a greater amount of raw material than any other.

The zone system of railroad rates which is so successfully operated in Hungary, has made a deep impression upon James L. Cowles, well known in railroad circles. He says: "Distance costs practically nothing in the transportation of freight or of passengers, and, therefore, distance should be disregarded in the discrimination of rates. The rate now charged for the shortest distance for any particular service is the rate that should be adopted for all distances. When once a train starts from Boston to San Francisco, there isn't a man living that can tell the difference in cost of running that train, whether a passenger leaves the train at the first station out of Boston or goes through

As we thought they would surely be,
And the blossoms were not so pearly white
As of yore, on the orchard tree.
But the summer has gone for all of that,
And with sad reluctant heart
We stand at rich autumn's open door
And watch its turn depart.
The skies were not just so blue, perhaps,
As we hoped they would surely be,
And the waters were rough that washed our
boat.
Instead of the old calm sea:
But the summer has gone for all of that,
And the golden rod is here;
We can see the gleam of its golden sheen
In the hand of the aging year.
The rest was not quite so real, perhaps,
As we hoped it might prove to be,
For instead of leisure came work sometimes
And the days dragged wearily:
But the summer has gone for all of that,
The holiday time is o'er,
And busy hands in the harvest field
Have garnered their golden store.
The summer was not such a dream, perhaps,
Of bliss as we thought 'twould be,
And the beautiful things we planned to do
Went amiss for you and me;
Yet still it is gone for all of that,
And we lift our wistful eyes
To the land where beyond the winter snows
Another summer lies.
—Kathleen R. Wheeler, in Lippincott's.

THE LAST SCHOLAR.

BY ROBERT BEVERLY HALE.



I used to be the fashion to go to Miss Lepington's school when my mother was a girl. Schools came into fashion just as crinolines and puffy sleeves do. I know for a number of reasons that it was the most fashionable girls' school in my mother's time; and what makes it perfectly certain is that my mother would never have gone to it unless it had been. Miss Lepington used to limit the number of scholars to forty; and there were many stories current as to the early applications made for a place in that school. It was no uncommon thing for a happy father to send in an application as soon as a daughter was born; and it was said that when Tom Snelling and Eunice Dunbar were engaged, they wrote to Miss Lepington that in case they were married and had a daughter they wanted a place reserved for her. I don't exactly know whether to believe that or not. I do know that my mother applied only six years beforehand; but then her mother knew Miss Lepington very well, and so Miss Lepington was probably willing to strain a point. But things cannot always stay in fashion. Hoop skirts went out of style after a time, and ever so many crinoline makers were ruined. Even these beautiful great sleeves must go out of fashion. I greatly fear that they may have disappeared before this story comes out. And Miss Lepington's school went out of fashion, too. You see, Miss Lepington would not have German taught at her school; and there was Miss Cartwright's school that had a second cousin of Goethe's as a German teacher; and nowadays, of course, every girl ought to know German. That was only one reason out of a dozen for the falling off in pupils. Miss Lepington must have noticed the diminution in applications; but she did not seem to. She was sterner than ever in her requirements. She had never taken any one whose grandfather was not "somebody," she said, and she never would. So at last the time came when there were only thirty-five pupils; and then the remaining ones dropped off, one by one, in a way that pains me to tell of. But Miss Lepington never thought of giving up teaching. She was just as erect as in the old days, and a little stricter; and she taught just as well as ever—much better, I don't doubt, than Miss Cartwright, whose ancestors were I don't know what when the Lepingtons were looting at their ease in Lepington Manor, or fighting for their king at Agincourt. I suppose one reason the pupils stopped coming was because Hanover street deteriorated so. Every one lives on Enderby square now, or else on Collingwood avenue, and you can't really expect a girl of fifteen to walk past all those queer shops on Hanover street. It is a strange old place, and one wonders how it could ever have been so fashionable. Miss Lepington had a nephew, Denis Smith, of Smith, Allen & Company. They lived together in an old house on Puritan square. He was rich, and she must have been quite well off herself. He was so wrapped up in his business that he never knew much about her school. He may have had some little suspicion of what was going on; but one of his business rules

The school grew smaller and smaller, till there were only two pupils left. Then ten of these left in a body to go to Miss Cartwright's. Then the rest deserted, one by one, until—I don't like to say it—until Constance Alford was the only pupil in Miss Lepington's school. And now the worst is said, for if any one were to have a school with one scholar, Constance would be just the scholar to have. She always seemed to me more like a character in a story than a girl in every day life. She was very beautiful, in the first place, and very amiable, and very good; and she was, as you see, so loyal that she stayed with Miss Lepington after every one else had deserted her. "I shall undertake the first class in French myself this morning, Constance. I have severed my connection with Mlle. Deroulet, and until such time as I have a new instructress, I shall discharge the duties of the position myself." Constance took out her French books and followed Miss Lepington out of the deserted schoolroom into the recitation room. "Read, Constance, if you please." Constance read. She read so sweetly in any language that it was hard even for Miss Lepington to find fault. I should like to hear her read Russian, but then I was always very fond of Constance Alford. "Look out for your 'puis,' Constance. Did not Mademoiselle tell you how to pronounce that word? Now after me: 'puis.'" "Puis," said Constance. "That is more tolerable; but practise it, my dear, before the mirror. The lips must move in one particular way. You can always discover a Parisian by the way he pronounces 'puis.'" And so on, till at last the French was over. Then there was the study hour, and then the English literature class, which Miss Lepington taught herself, for she had "severed her connection" with all the assistants except old Miss Nutting, who came in to teach drawing once a week. And Constance Alford often told me that she was very glad to get rid of the other instructors, for Miss Lepington was an excellent teacher, though perhaps a trifle too narrow in some ways. After English literature came recess. This was the first break in the dignity of the school. Constance found a chair and drew it up close to Miss Lepington's, and then they ate their lunch together, and talked affectionately, for they were very fond of each other. "Did you know I was eighteen years old to-day?" said Constance. "Why, my dear child?" cried Miss Lepington. "And I have not given you a present." "Yes, you have, dear," said Constance (she never called Miss Lepington "dear" during school hours). "You give me a present of something every time you teach me. But I have something to tell you; but I hardly dare." "Not quite so many 'buts,'" said Miss Lepington, stroking her favorite (and only) pupil's hand. "Yes, dear, all the 'buts' I want in recess," said Constance, mischievously. "What do you think I have done?" "Become engaged to be married?" Constance burst out laughing. "Right the first time! Oh, how romantic you are, dear! I never should have believed it." Miss Lepington blushed. "Not romantic, my child. Perhaps it is that I know a little of the world. My dear Constance, I hope that you will be very, very happy. I am confident that the gentleman both is and will be so. Who is he?" "Jack Mackenzie," said Constance. "He's splendid. But I haven't told you everything. I thought—I hoped you wouldn't mind—I—well—I think that he rang the door bell just now. Did you hear it? I asked him to come here to see you and me. You don't mind, do you, dear?" Miss Lepington tried to look stern; but she couldn't. No one could look stern at Constance. Miss Lepington did look in the glass to see that her hair was all right, and then changed her spectacles for her eyeglasses. "You were indiscreet, my child, to ask a young gentleman to a girls' school; but since he is here, of course we must welcome him. Jane, show Mr. Mackenzie in." "I hope you will pardon my intrusion," said Jack as he came forward. "But I was so anxious to meet the lady who has been so intimate with Constance; and Constance would have me see you where she had known you and grown so fond of you. Will you forgive me?" Miss Lepington blushed again. She was not used to fine speeches from young men. "No one can be displeased with Constance," she said, "and I begin to think that her fiancé shares her immunity." After that the three had a nice talk about the old school; and Constance told several anecdotes, which Miss Lepington had never heard before, about things that had gone on under the teacher's nose; and Miss Lepington told the two young people stories about the school she had been class-

too. They took hold of each other's hands and stood facing Miss Lepington. And then suddenly Miss Lepington understood what was going to happen. Jack had come to take Constance away. Miss Lepington was a consummate mistress of her emotions, and yet Constance is very sure that her dear old teacher's eyes were full of tears. "Good by, Constance," she said, after a pause. "I need not tell you to be a good girl. See that you deserve her, Mr. Mackenzie." "I can't," said Jack, "but I'll try." Constance and Miss Lepington kissed each other and parted; and the two lovers went out, leaving the teacher alone in the deserted schoolroom. Just as they passed the doorway, Constance looked back and saw Miss Lepington with her head bowed over the desk. Constance had never seen that head bowed before. "Denis!" said Miss Lepington the next morning at breakfast. "I am going to discontinue teaching. Yesterday was the last day of school." Mr. Denis Smith looked up with his egg spoon half way to his mouth. "Have your pupils been dropping off?" he inquired. "Yes. One of the dearest I ever had left yesterday." "Why, that's too bad. But think of the rest of them," said Mr. Smith sympathetically. "Don't leave them suddenly this way." "Thank you for your kind interest, Denis. But I assure you there is no alternative. Let us change the subject. Have you heard that Miss Alford and Mr. Mackenzie are engaged to be married? I have been thinking of what I shall give them for a wedding present, and have finally definitely decided upon the school-house. I have no further need of it." And that is how Constance and I came to set up housekeeping in Hanover street.—Munsey's Magazine.

A Rawhide Cannon.

A Syracuse man named La Tulip, has invented a cannon known as the La Tulip rawhide gun, of which great things are expected. One of the guns, made by its inventor, was tested at Onondaga Valley. It weighs in the neighborhood of 400 pounds, while the cannon of the same calibre in use by the army weighs nearly 1500. Its peculiarity lies in its lightness and the easy manner in which it can be transported. Across the breech it measures about fourteen inches, and tapers to about six at the muzzle. A forged steel cone forming the barrel runs to the full length, and is only three-quarters of an inch in thickness. Then comes layer after layer of the finest rawhide, compressed until it has the strength of steel. In fact, its toughness and staying powers are said to exceed steel. The rawhide is put on in strips coiled around and around, and is several inches in thickness. On top of this lie two coils of steel wire wound to its strongest tension and then filed smooth. The cap placed at the breech can be easily removed for inspection of the rawhide filling. The tests were pronounced successful, and further trials will be had. A five-inch bore will be constructed as soon as possible, and when mounted upon a movable carriage it will then demonstrate whether it can be used effectively. The five-inch cannon will be smooth bore and used to discharge dynamite cartridges, a trial of which will be made. Frederick La Tulip, the inventor, has been a worker of rawhide for twelve years and is conversant with it in every detail.—Rome (N. Y.) Sentinel.

Origin of the Word "Trolley."

Most persons who use the word "trolley" probably do not know the origin of this term, or why this name was given to that apparatus by which the electricity is conveyed from an aerial wire. Twenty years ago, the word was used to designate "a form of truck which can be tilted, for carrying railroad materials or the like." This is the only definition of the word in Webster's Dictionary of the edition of 1848. In the edition of 1892 of the same work, three other definitions are added. 1. "A narrow cart that is pushed by hand or drawn by an animal." It is noted that this meaning of the word is in use in England, not in the United States. 2. "A truck from which the load is suspended on some kind of cranes." This meaning is technical, according to Webster, and employed only in speaking of machinery. 3. "(Electric railway.) A truck which travels along the fixed conductors, and forms a means of connection between them and a railway car." It is easy to see how the primitive form of the electric trolley, which travels upon the wires, came to receive its name from the resemblance to other types of trolley; and the name, having been immediately given to its primitive form, was naturally retained when the method of connection was changed from a little truck moving on a wire, to a mast having at its end a wheel pressing on the lower service of the wire.—Detroit Free Press.

pounds is worth half as many dollars. The python lays eggs and hatches them by developing a high degree of heat. It is said that people eat twenty per cent. more bread when the weather is cold than when it is mild. Paris now gets its water supply from six great springs. It travels through eighty-three miles of aqueducts. The Mediterranean has been commonly supposed to be a sea without tides; but, as a matter of fact, at Venice there is a tide in the spring of from one to two feet. The cave animals of North America, according to Professor A. S. Packard, of Brown University, comprise 172 species of blind creatures, nearly all of which are mostly white in color. The campus at Yale College is now lighted by electric light. This is said to be the first time in the history of the college that lights of any kind have been displayed on the campus. The pain caused by the bite of a mosquito is caused by a fluid poison injected by the insect into the wound in order to make the blood thin enough to flow through the mosquito's throat. In calculating "exact time" at the National Observatory at Washington, the astronomers do not, as is generally supposed, use the sun as a basis of their calculations. Such deductions are made only from the relative position of the "fixed stars." The largest sun spot ever noted by astronomers appeared in the fall of 1867. It was 280,000 miles long and 190,000 miles wide. Four hundred planets the size of the earth, could have been laid side by side in that "spot" without touching each other. A disease known as peach fever is common among the employes in the fruit packing and canning establishments of Maryland and Delaware. The more experienced workers seem to become proof against the irritant after some years in the business. There is no evidence to show that the disorder is contagious. Neither the turtle, tortoise nor teardrop is provided with teeth. There is a belief that a turtle can bite off a finger, but the turtle can do nothing of the kind. Its jaws are very strong and the horny membrane that runs around the jaw, where, in other animals teeth are found, is so hard and tough that the turtle can crush the bones of the hand to a pulp, but as for biting off a finger, the feat is an impossibility.

A Costly Walk.

It has been left to a St. Louis business man to construct a gravel walk, neither long nor strikingly beautiful, that is a modern if comparatively humble rival of the glistening highways of fiction and fable, for it represents \$15,000 hard cash. Edward P. Kinsella, Vice-president of the Hanley-Kinsella Coffee Company, is the proud possessor of this unique walk. It is composed of several tons of Brazilian pebbles that came to him in an ordinary business way during the past few years. This firm are heavy importers of Brazilian coffee. Before the berries are ready to be roasted for the market the sacks are opened and the contents carefully examined for twigs, leaves and other impurities, the latter generally taking the shape of small pebbles about the size of a coffee berry. These came with such regularity and in such quantities that long ago the idea they were accidentally in the sacks was abandoned, and the conclusion reluctantly reached that they were purposely placed in the bags to make weight. The daily discoveries of these Brazilian pebbles will fill an ordinary water bucket. The importers pay for coffee. Two years ago Mr. Kinsella concluded to utilize this apparent evidence of dishonesty of the far away coffee packer, and had the accumulation of pebbles carted out to his handsome residence, on the West Pine street boulevard, No. 4323, where they were used to make a handsome garden walk. The pebbles represent a weight that in coffee would be worth \$15,000. The gravel path is each month being added to, and it is but a question of time when Mr. Kinsella will have the most expensive piece of garden path in the world.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Fooled Him Twice.

The examinations at a certain "prep." school were in progress. The boys were working busily over their papers and the grim old professor was watching sharply from his desk. Presently he noticed that one of the students, a prominent member of the class, was consulting his watch with considerable frequency. The professor studied him. In five minutes he had looked at the timepiece three times. This was enough for the guardian. He called the student to his desk and demanded the watch. It was given him and he opened it. Across the face was a piece of paper bearing the legend "Fooled." But the worthy professor was not to be so easily deceived. He gave the student a sharp, knowing glance, turned the timepiece over and opened the back cover. It opened

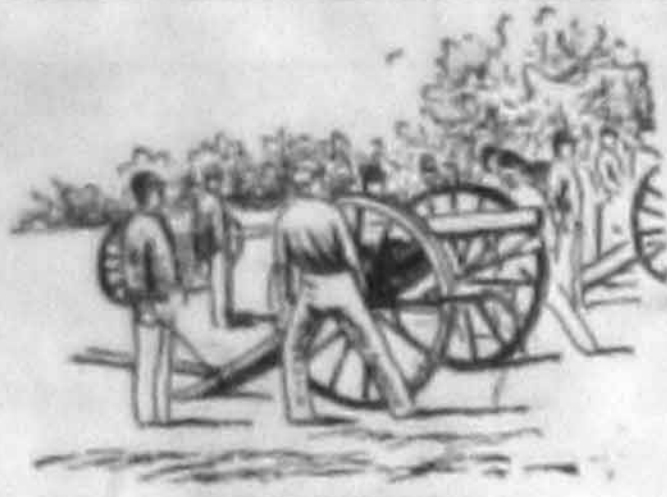
Work in Plenty for Cadets—They Learn to Obey Before They Command—in Barrack and Tent.

EVERY one who travels for the first time along the beautiful Hudson between New York and Albany asks for West Point, and is disappointed, says Charles Hine in the St. Louis Republic, to find how little of interest can be seen from the boat or train. The United States Military Academy is on a broad plateau several hundred feet above the river and the railroads. It is well worth one's while, however, to stop off at West Point and proceed up the gradually ascending road to "the plain," which on a large scale corresponds to the usual college campus. Here the visitor finds a little world peculiar to itself. Nature and man have co-operated to make one of earth's most beautiful spots one of its most useful as well. Shut in by the Highlands of the Hudson, which rise in the rear of the grounds like small mountains, the military cadet learns the rudiments of the art of war amid the most peaceful surroundings. So quiet is the place that the casual visitor fancies the cadet must float as lazily through the academy as does the flag in the breeze.

Could the visitor follow the cadet from reveille until taps he would conclude that the latter has a great deal to do besides wearing fine clothes and dancing the german. The writer has labored sixteen hours a day on the farm, but never in the busiest agricultural season did he work as he did while a cadet at West Point. To understand fully how this is true one must follow out in detail the comprehensive system requiring the great amount of work that the cadet is called upon to perform.

West Point, in view of its unique position in the educational world, has a system peculiarly its own. The line at which it divides from other great institutions is that it pays its students a small salary to cover all their expenses,

man is to find himself with a cadet appointment to bestow on some boy residing in his district, and between the age of seventeen and twenty-two.



PLEBE BATTERY.

The President has the appointment of one cadet from the District of Columbia and ten from the United States at large. The "at large" appointments are usually given to the sons of army and navy officers, who, from the nature of their position, do not, as a rule, remain long enough in one place to acquire the necessary legal residence. There are usually four or five hundred applications for each of the cadet appointments at the President's disposal.

Those candidates who pass the entrance examinations are admitted in June, and immediately upon reporting at West Point are put under military discipline, which, as long as they remain at the academy, never relaxes. These new arrivals are known in cadet parlance as "beasts," and the separate part of cadet barracks to which the so-called animals are assigned rejoices in the name of "beast barracks." Here for a few weeks the new cadets live under supervision of an army officer, and in the immediate charge of cadet officers detailed for their instruction. Drills, marching and formations keep them busy from morning until night. The old cadets go into camp on a corner of the grounds about the middle of June. In July the new cadets follow, and camp is maintained until the end of August. Meanwhile, the new cadets have become full-fledged fourth-class men, and are now known as "plebes," a name which clings to them until the following June, or a whole year. A

he does not, in general, leave West Point for two years from the time he enters. He then receives a furlough for two months and a half and goes to enjoy the comforts and freedom of home, all of the more appreciated by reason of long absence. The furlough summer is all too short, so pleasantly do the days fly. The released cadet enjoys every moment of his liberty. What other people regard as a matter of course he considers the greater luxury. To be able to sit in a rocking chair, to wear civilian clothing, to have pockets in which to put his hands, to be able occasionally to lie in bed in the morning, all these privileges are to him the acme of bliss. At West Point the railroad station at the foot of the hill is "off limits" for cadets, and to go to a station every day of his furlough if he likes, to get on a train and take a trip, is, indeed, purchasing a through ticket to the seventh heaven.



FLITRATION WALK.

The first year cadets constitute what is officially the fourth class, but "the plebe class" is the name generally applied. The next year this becomes the third or "yearling" class, its members being termed "yearlings" from the length of their stay at the academy thus far. A cadet goes through a "plebe camp" and a "yearling camp," but at the end of "yearling year" he does not begin his third year with a camp. This is his summer off. He becomes a second classman and, leaving the other three classes to make up the camp, his class goes on furlough, whence its unofficial designation as the "furlough class." Back comes the "furloughman" to resume student and barracks life the first of September, and when summer rolls around again he goes to "first class camp," for, having arrived at the dignity of his senior year he scorns to use any except the official designation of "first class." Toward the end of the year his is spoken of as the graduating class, and at the end of a successful four years he goes on "graduating leave" for three months and a half, at the end of which, as a second lieutenant, he joins his regiment "wherever it may then be," in Maine or Texas, in Alaska or Florida.

It will be noticed that when the colleges give summer vacations the Military Academy establishes a camp and hangs on to its cadets during three summers out of four. Camp brings a welcome relief after the near Baxter family. She was buried at the Duffield grave yard, Revs Sharp and Price officiating in the burial service.

Died: near the head of Brown's Creek, May 9th, of a lingering illness, Miss Lizzie McCartney sister of Mr. Peter McCartney, aged about fifty years.

Obituary.

Sarah Jane Hannah Barlow, daughter of Joseph Hannah Barlow first settler on the Old Field Fork of Elk, was born April 25th, 1894; she joined the church at an early age. She was married to Josiah Barlow January 20th, 1848. She was a consistent Christian. After suffering many months she departed this life April 18, 1894, aged 69 yrs., 11 mos., and 23 days. She leaves a husband, brother, three children and many friends to mourn their loss.

Important Notice!

I have just come from Baltimore where I bought a new stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Gents Furnishing Goods, Shoes, Hats and all other goods kept in a country store. I bought them at hard time prices and will sell them low for cash or good produce. All come and see

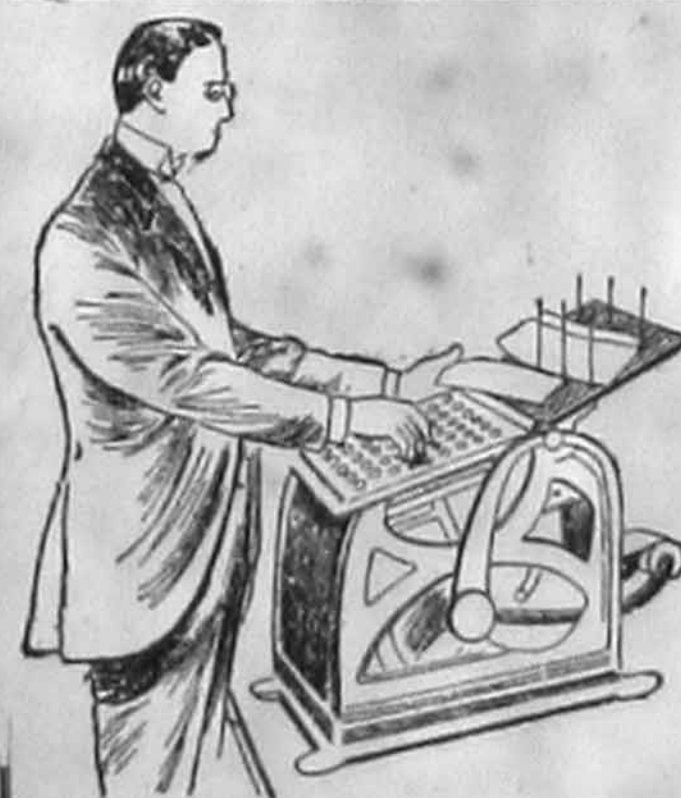
the inspecting officer, who comes around once or twice during the night and turns the guard out, to the great disgust of all concerned.

During the camp three hops are held during each week. They last only two hours, but make up in hearty, enthusiastic enjoyment what they lack in length. The girls are relatives of the officers and cadets or visitors at the post, and come from all parts of the country. In spite of the guard and other duty the cadet in camp finds considerable time for happy strolls around "flitration walk" with some girl friend, and adds, mayhap, his romance to the many secrets which the historic old rocks keep for those who have gone before. He is usually able to attend a couple of hops every week, but sometimes, when he is most anxious to go, he will be unexpectedly detailed for guard in place of a man who has been taken sick. Or the department of philosophy will decide that it is a beautiful night for part of the first class to have practical astronomy. As a soldier he can only obey, and with a telescope for a partner and the crickets for an orchestra he goes to his task trying, like Aeneas of old, to read in the stars what career the future has in store for him.

An Iron Arithmetician.

A recent foreign letter told of the success in London of an American invention called the "Arithmometer." The Westminster Budget says of it:

In general appearance the machine is not at all unlike the typewriter, but its internal construction appears to be considerably more complex. Yet it is declared that it is almost impossible for it to get out of order. About twelve inches square, the upper surface consists, as is the case of the typewriter, of a sloping keyboard, composed of keys or buttons corresponding to the various numerals. By pressing down these any amount desired, from £1,000,000 to a penny, can be printed by means of types, operating through an ink riband on the paper which is fixed on the back of the machine. Line after line of figures can be printed this way, pounds, shillings and pence falling into their proper places according as the respective keys are pressed down, and then at the end, in virtue of some mysterious mechanism which seems nothing less than miraculous to the uninitiated, you pull a lever and your sum is done. Each column of figures is correctly added up, giving, of course, the sum total of all the amounts, is printed in its proper place underneath.



THE MECHANICAL ARITHMETICIAN.

How the thing is done it is impossible to explain in detail, but the principle seems to be that in the case of each column of figures the machine keeps a record of the number of figures which have been printed or given out, so to speak, and is so able to announce at any given time the total which must be placed at the foot of each column. With one single column of figures this might not seem so very remarkable, but the marvelous point about the machine under notice is that, in addition to adding up correctly, it executes with unfailing precision that more or less delicate operation of carrying forward. Thus if the total of the pence column amounts to, say, 65, it calmly records the odd 5d and carries forward the 6s, adding them without turning a hair (if one may use so disrespectful an expression) to the shilling column, and repeating the same thing, of course, with the shillings in their turn and with each column of the pounds. No wonder the machine took a lifetime to construct.

He Went to the Circus.

One day there was a circus in town and the elevator boy at the Atlanta Constitution, as he was carrying the late Henry W. Grady down, said:

"Mr. Grady, I want to go to the show."

"Why don't you go, then?" asked the editor.

"Who'll run the elevator?" asked the boy.

"Stop it!" said Grady.

The boy took him a his word, proceeded to the bottom, unlocked the ele-

very nutritious food, it certainly would be more palatable at the table if served with a hot or cold sauce, as it is in many well-to-do French households. A hot sauce, good for the soup meat, or other boiled beef, is made from a cupful of stock, thickened with flour and butter rubbed together, and seasoned with a tablespoonful of vinegar, and salt, pepper and fine herbs to taste.—New York Post.

CELERY SOUP.

Put a veal bone to boil in one quart of water. After skimming it well put in one pint of celery, cut up very fine, two tablespoonfuls of rice, one onion, one teaspoonful of celery salt. Let this boil until reduced to a pint. Take out the meat and pass the soup through a colander, mashing and extracting as much of the puree as possible, passing the stock through it two or three times. Boil a quart of milk separately, rub two tablespoonfuls of flour in a half a cup of butter, add this to the boiled milk. After cooking it a few minutes add the milk to the celery puree and serve at once, mixing milk and puree well.—New York World.

BAKED MACARONI.

One-quarter pound of macaroni, one-quarter pound of grated cheese, one-half cup of cream, one tablespoonful of butter; salt and pepper. Break the macaroni in convenient lengths, put it in a two-quart kettle and nearly fill the kettle with boiling water, add a teaspoonful of salt and boil rapidly twenty-five minutes (the rapid boiling prevents the macaroni from sticking together), drain in a colander, then throw into cold water to blanch for ten minutes, then drain again into the colander. Put a layer of the macaroni in the bottom of a baking dish, then a layer of cheese, then a sprinkling of salt and pepper, then another layer of macaroni, and so continue until all is used, having the last layer macaroni. Cut the butter in small bits, distribute them evenly over the top, add the cream and bake until a golden brown (about twenty minutes) in a moderately quick oven. Serve in the dish in which it was baked.—New York Telegram.

BEEF STEW.

Two pounds of beef, the round, flank or any cheap part (if there is bone in it, two and a half pounds will be required), one onion, two slices of carrot, two of turnip, two potatoes, three tablespoonfuls of flour, salt, pepper and a generous quart of water. Cut all the fat from the meat and put it in a stew-pan; fry gently for ten or fifteen minutes. In the meantime cut the meat in small pieces and season well with salt and pepper, and then sprinkle over it two tablespoonfuls of flour. Cut the vegetables in very small pieces and put in the pot with the fat. Fry them five minutes, stirring well, to prevent burning. Now put in the meat and move it about in the pot until it begins to brown, then add the quart of boiling water. Cover; let it boil up once, skim and set back where it will just bubble, for two and a half hours. Add the potatoes cut in thin slices, and one tablespoonful of flour which mix smooth with half a cupful of cold water, pouring about one-third of the water on the flour at first, and adding the rest when perfectly smooth. Taste to see if the stew is seasoned enough, and if it is not, add more salt and pepper. Let the stew come to a boil again, and cook ten minutes; then add dumplings. Cover tightly and boil rapidly ten minutes longer. Mutton, lamb or veal can be cooked in this manner. When veal is used, fry out two slices of pork, as there will not be much fat on the meat. Lamb and mutton must have some of the fat put aside, as there is so much on these meats that they are otherwise very gross.—New York Ledger.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

A cloth wet in cold tea and laid across the eyes will allay inflammation.

For bread and pastry have an oven that will in five minutes turn a piece of paper dark brown.

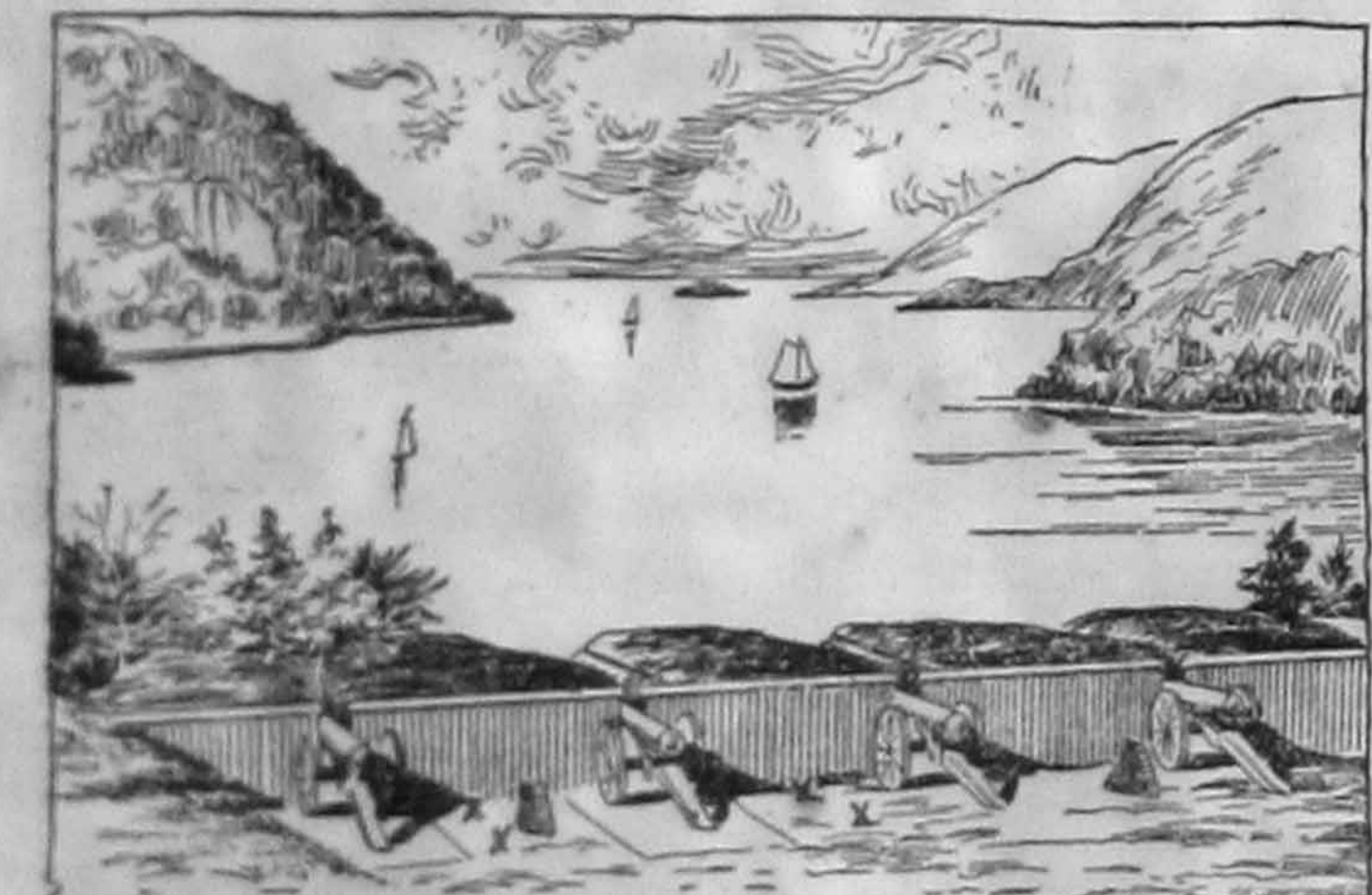
Butter put into clean pots and well surrounded with charcoal will keep good for twelve months.

In baking bread or rolls put a saucen of boiling water into the oven. The steam will keep the crust smooth and tender.

A pinch of sulphate of ammonia dropped in the water in a hyacinth glass just when the flower spike is rising will make the flowers come larger and more deeply colored than without it.

For frying always put a pound or two of fat in the pan. This is no waste, as the same fat can be used over and over by pouring it through a strainer into a crock kept for the purpose.

Vaseline is growing in favor as an emollient for shoes. Take a pair of shoes, especially the shoes worn by ladies, and when they become hard and rusty apply a coating of vaseline.



VIEW OF THE HUDSON FROM WEST POINT.

while in the usual case it is the student who does the paying. This fact enables West Point to do about as it pleases, and to withdraw from the individual cadet that much coveted privilege. The result is an iron discipline, which, with salutary restrictions, is wisely administered for the best interests of all concerned. It must be remembered that this is a National school, maintained by the people, and that the object in view is the education of an officer fitted to represent those people in the army, all the more important on account of its small size, which forms the nucleus of their defenders.

By this time the visitor is inquiring about the trim cadet, whom he has seen disappearing around the corner of the barracks in response to the solemn call of a bugle. First of all, how did he become a cadet? He was appointed by the War Department on the recommendation of his Congress-



BUILDING A BARRACK.

man. Each member of the Lower House is entitled to have one cadet at